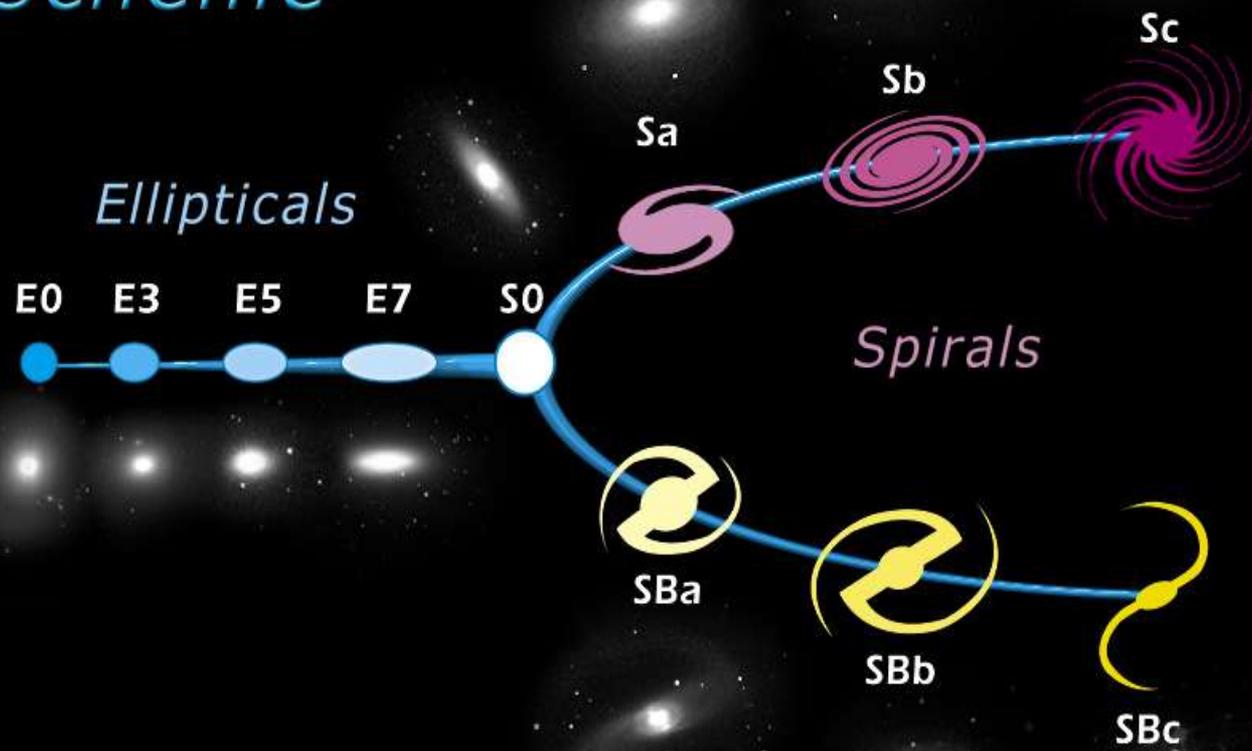


Dwarf Galaxies

Fabio D. Barazza

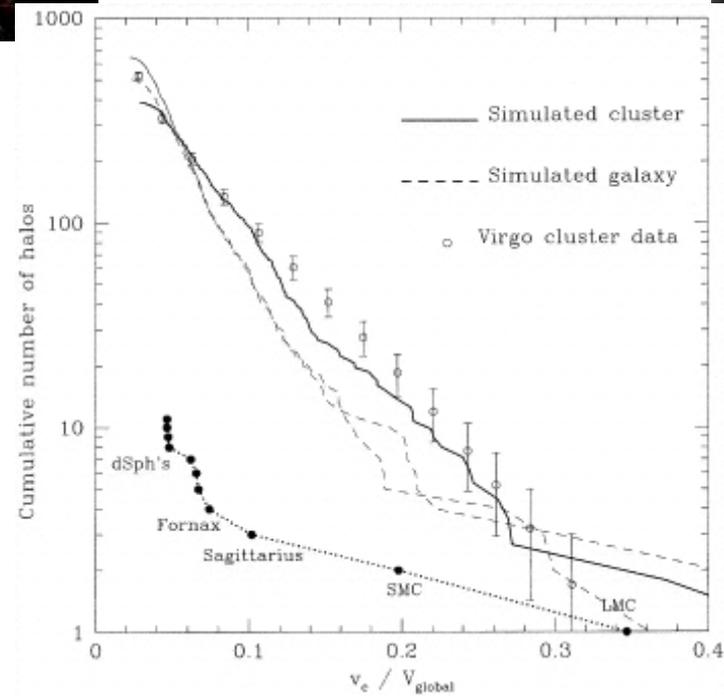
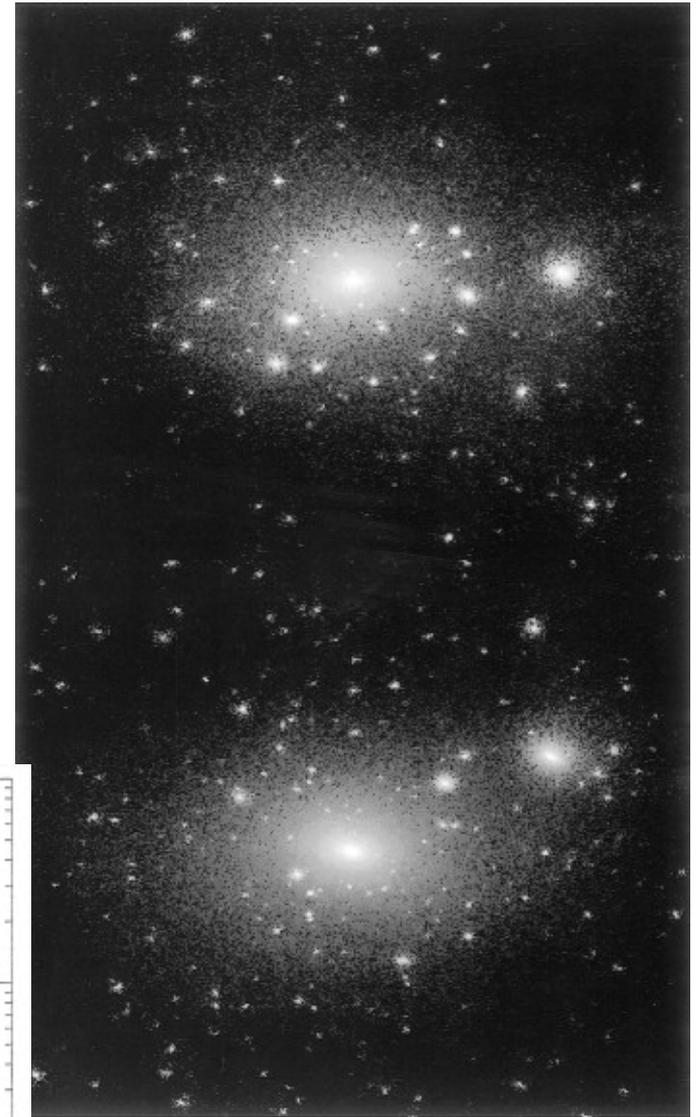
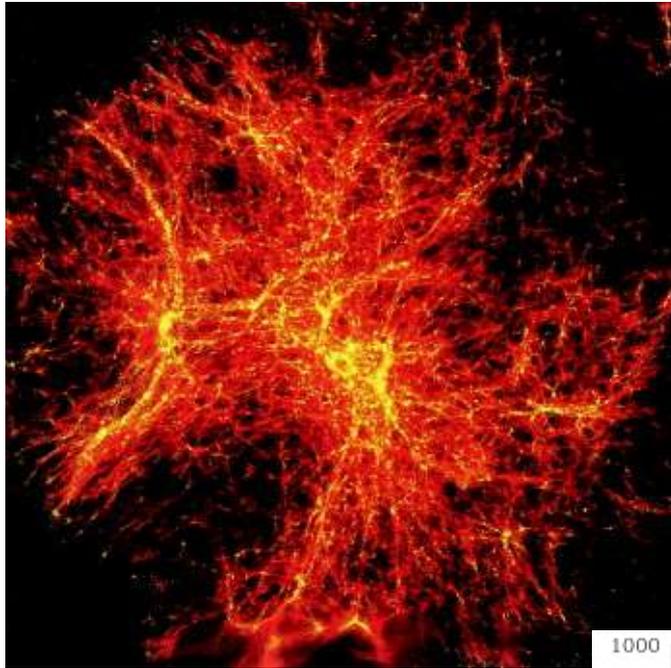
Edwin Hubble's Classification Scheme



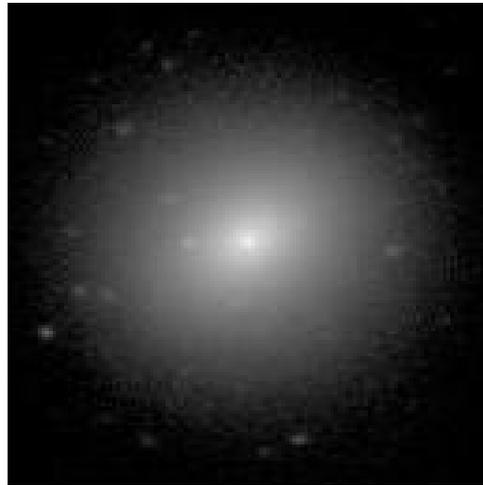
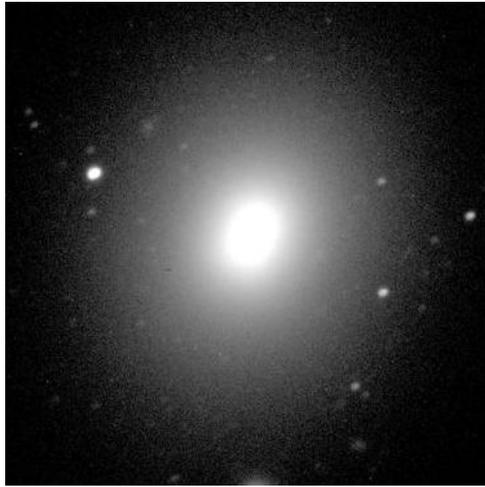
Dwarf Galaxies?

- dwarf galaxies are the most numerous galaxies in the universe (Virgo Cluster: ~2000 dwarfs, Local Volume: ~400 dwarfs)
- dwarf galaxies are the building blocks of larger galaxies

Substructure Problem



Early-Types

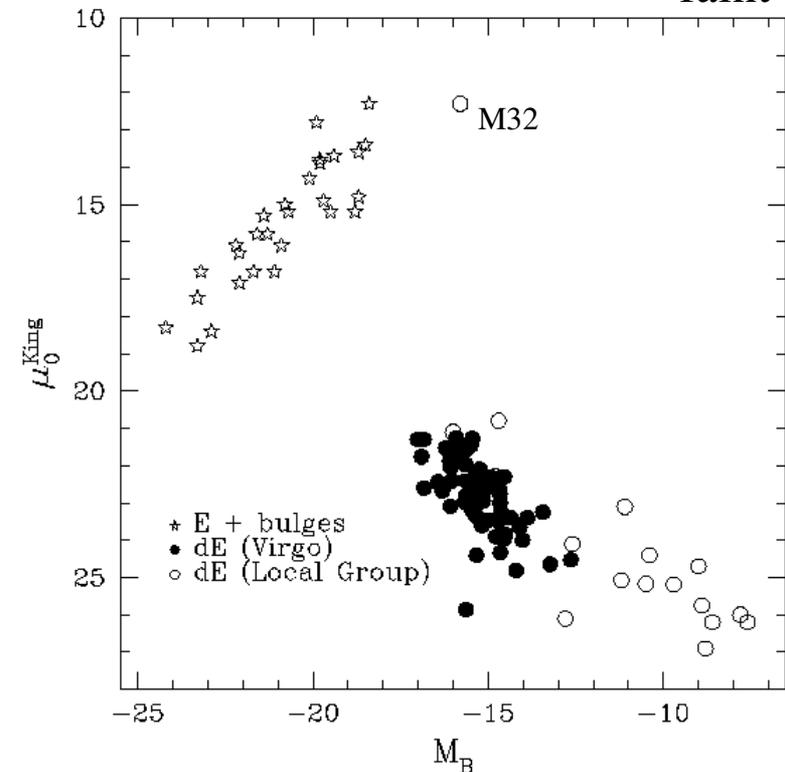


bright

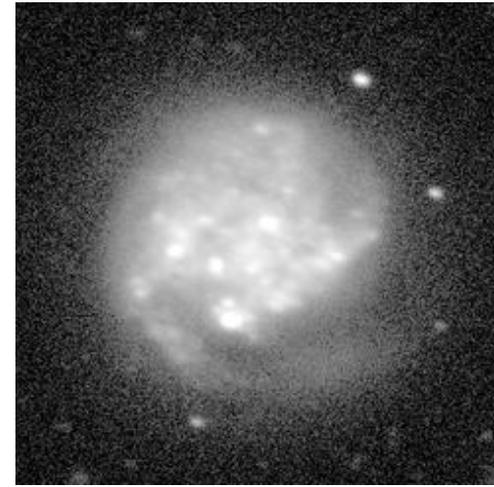
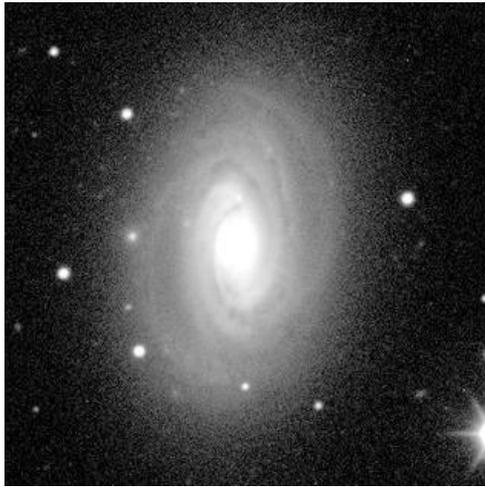


faint

- giant elliptical galaxies have a steep radial surface brightness profile with high central surface brightness
- dwarf elliptical galaxies (dE) have a nearly flat (linear) profile and their central surface brightness is decreasing with decreasing luminosity



Late-Types



bright ←————→ faint

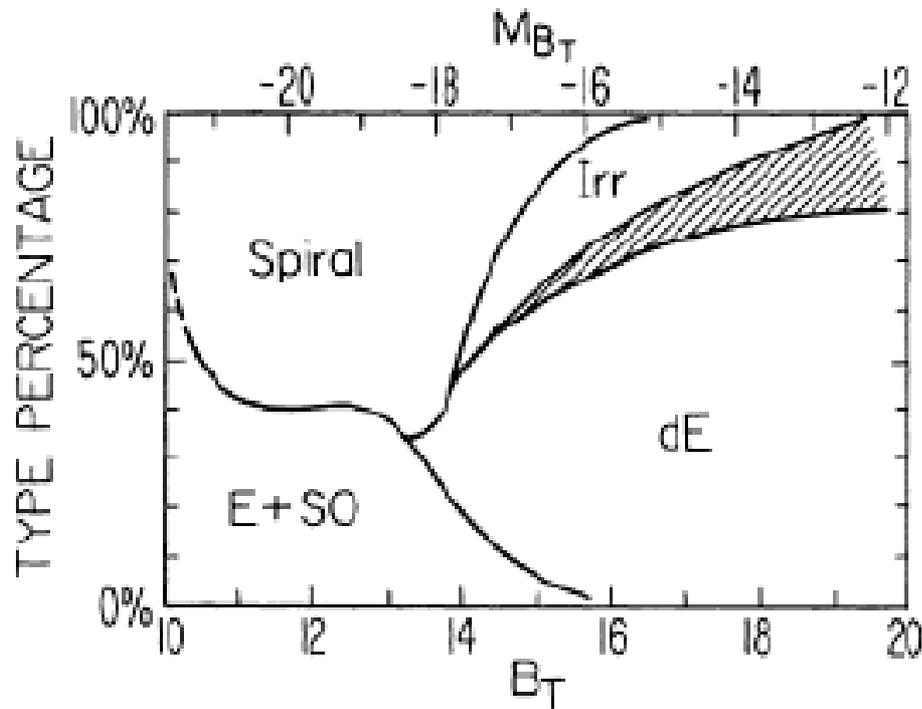
————→ loss of bulge —————→ loss of spiral structure

giant:
has a bulge or spiral
structure or both

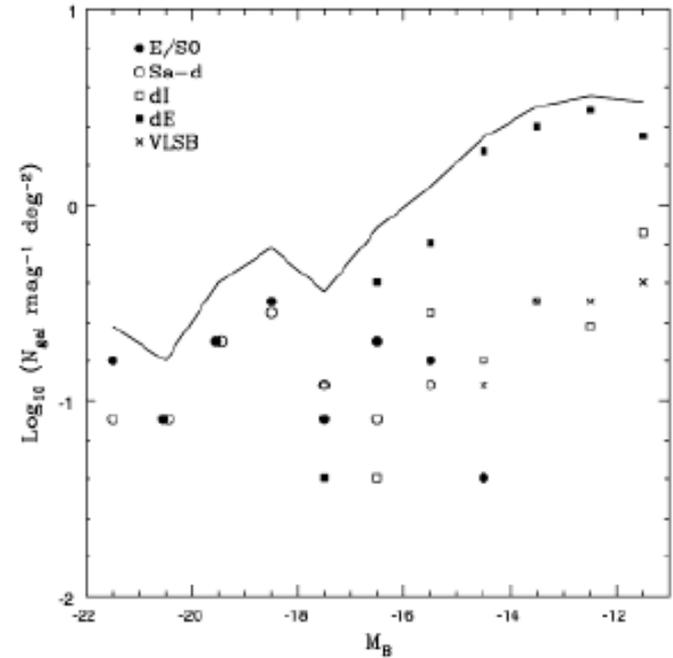


dwarf:
has neither a bulge
nor spiral structure

The transition between giants and dwarfs



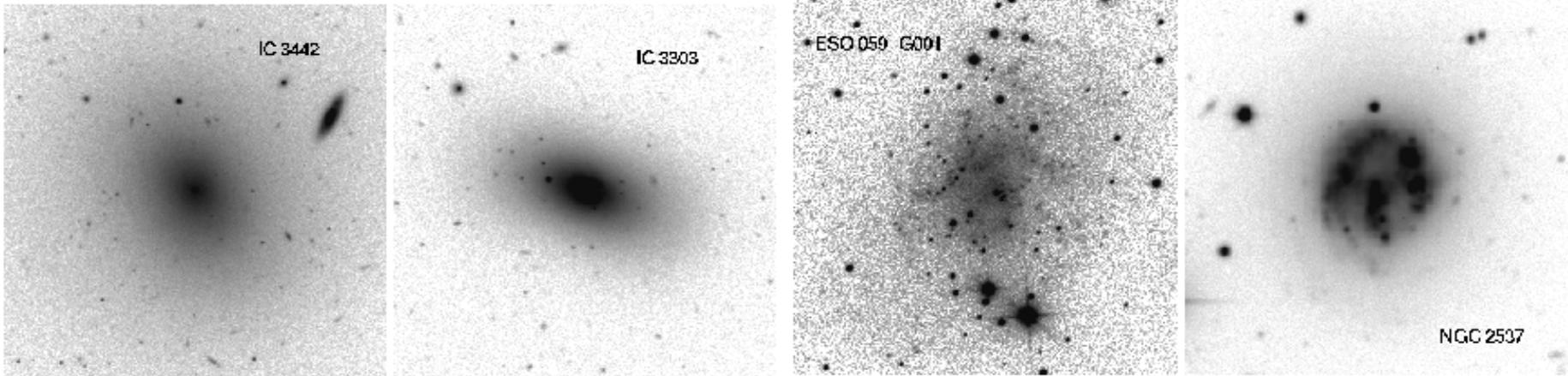
Sandage et al. 1985



Trentham & Hodgkin 2002

The transition starts at ~ -18 mag for early and late type galaxies.
Fainter than ~ -16 mag, only dwarfs exist.

Dwarf classification



dwarf elliptical = dE

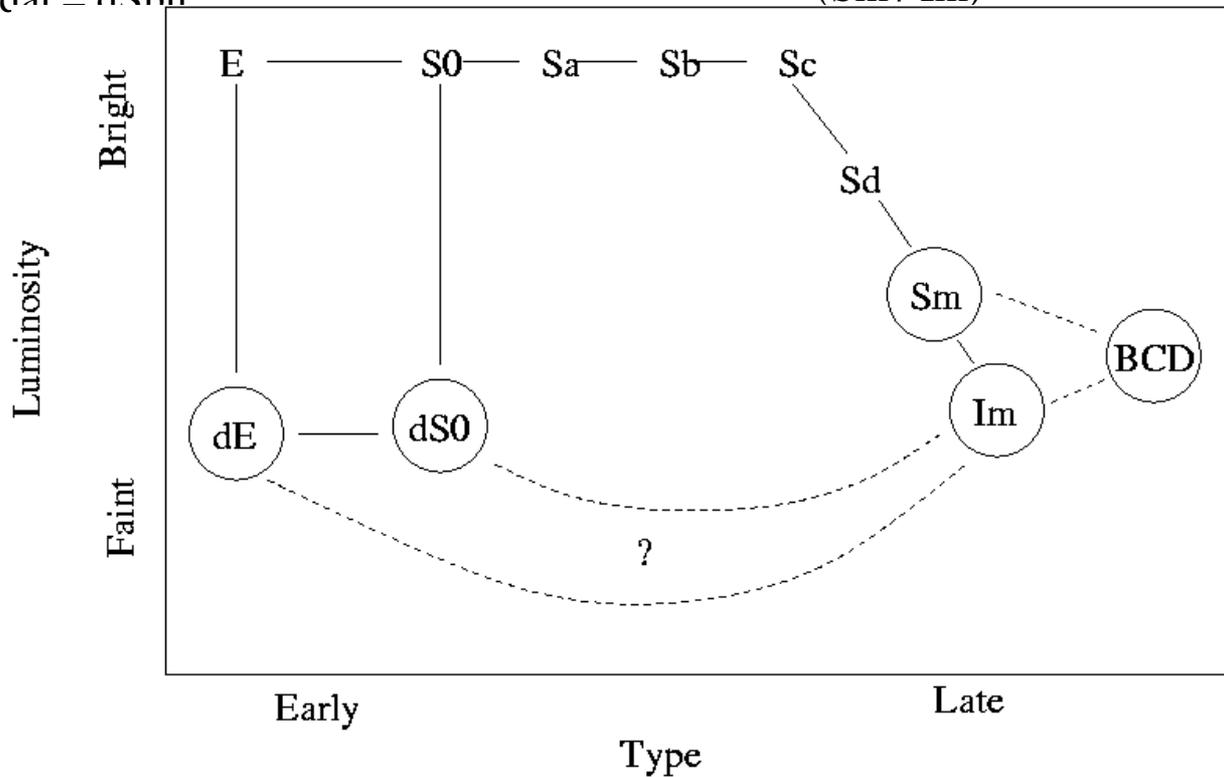
dwarf S0 = dS0

dwarf irregular = dI

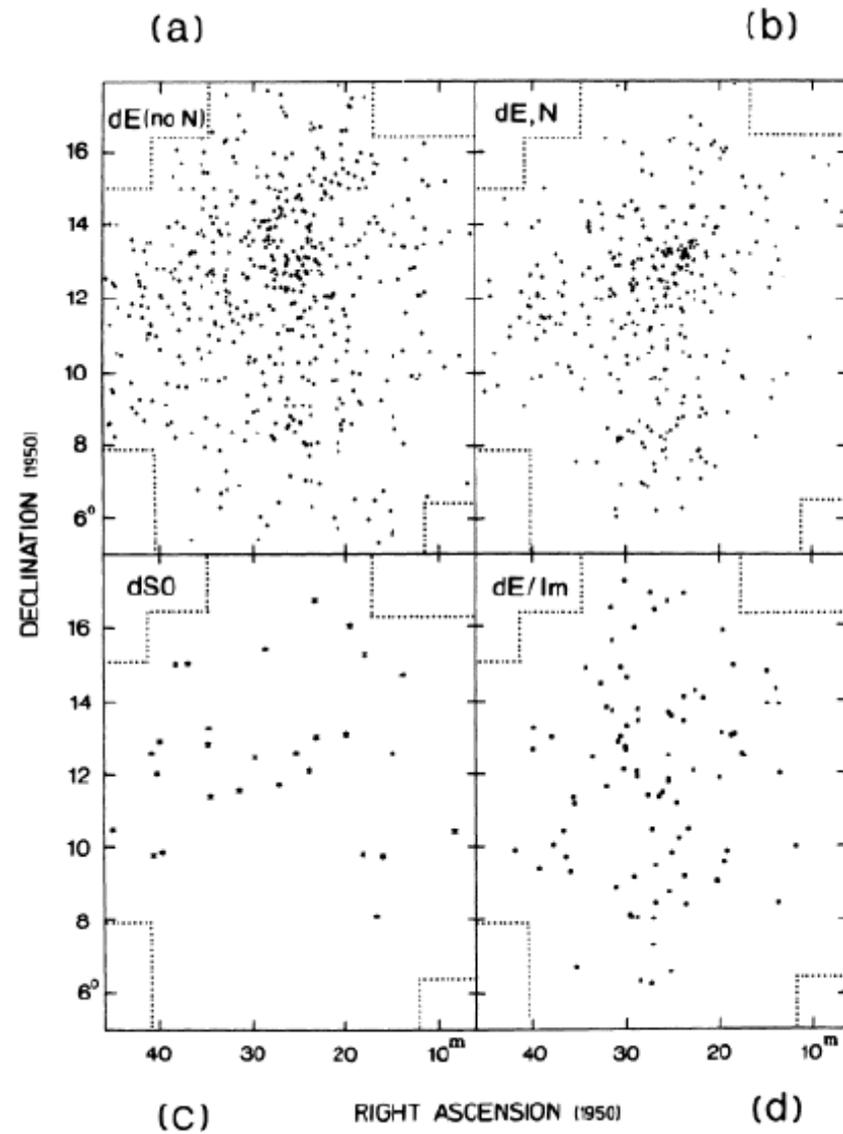
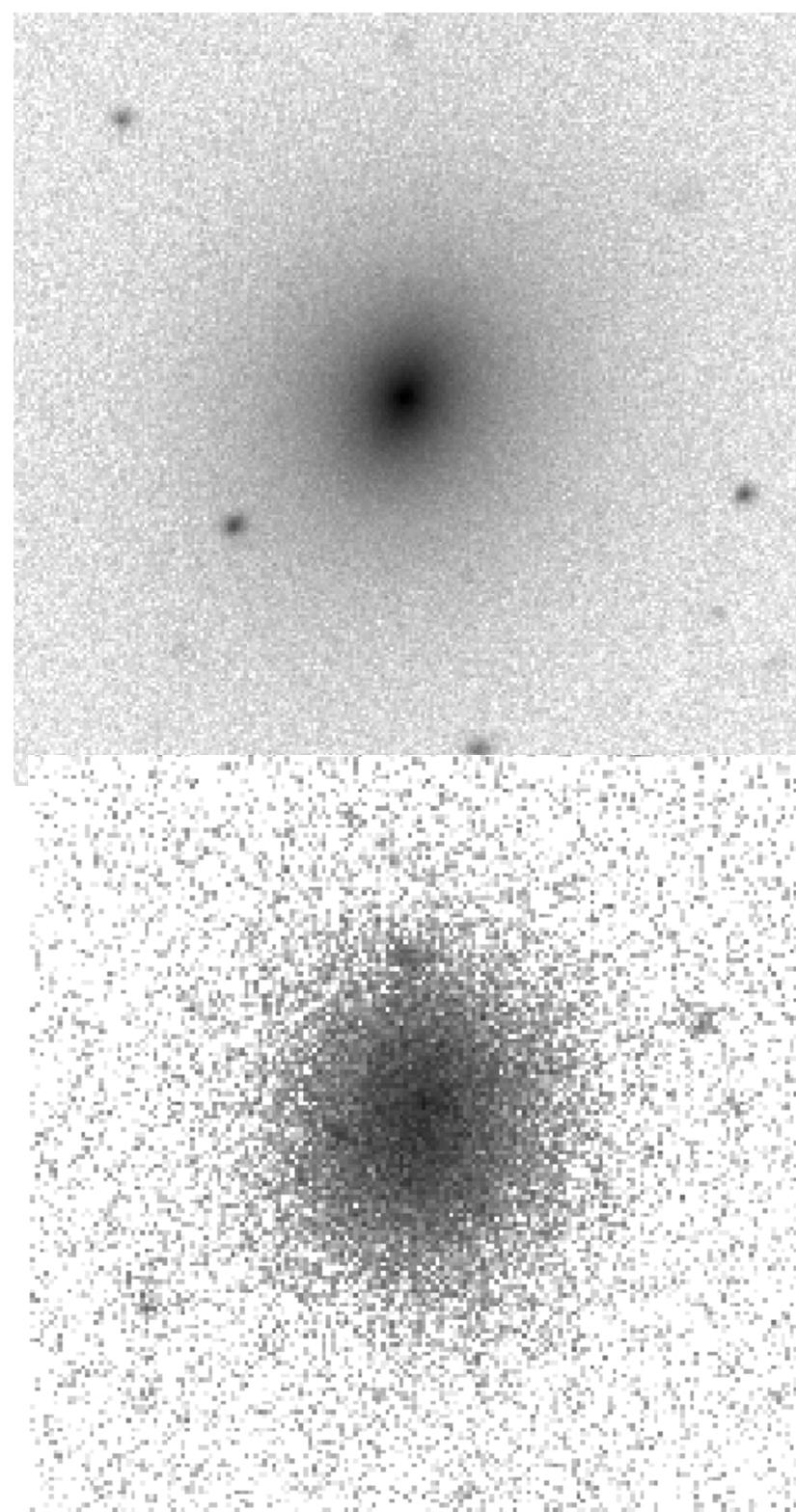
blue compact dwarf = BCD

dwarf spheroidal = dSph

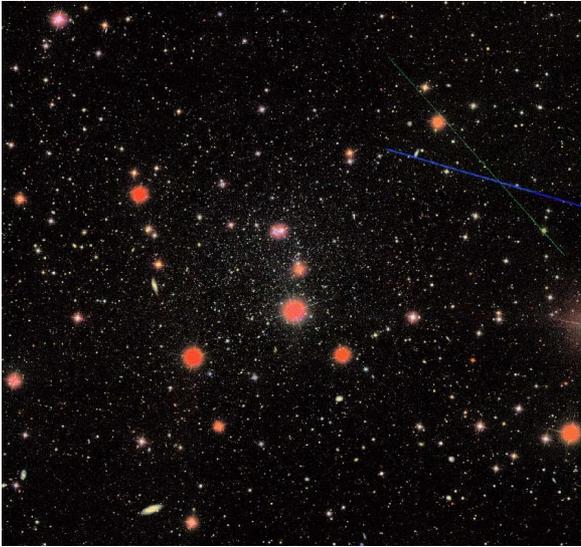
(Sm / Im)



Nucleated dEs



Some properties of dwarf galaxies



Draco



Sextans B



IC 10

- luminosities: $-18 \text{ mag} < M < -8 \text{ mag}$ (brightest GC have $M \approx -10 \text{ mag}$)
- masses: $10^6 - 10^9 M_{\text{SUN}}$
- effective radius $\sim 1 \text{ kpc}$
- star formation rates: $0.001 - 1.0 M_{\text{SUN}} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ (Spirals have $1-10 M_{\text{SUN}} \text{ yr}^{-1}$)
- internal kinematics: central velocity dispersion: $7-60 \text{ kms}^{-1}$, rotation: $< 2-80 \text{ kms}^{-1}$
- proper motions in the Local Group: Fornax, Sagittarius, Canis Major

Nearby dwarf galaxies





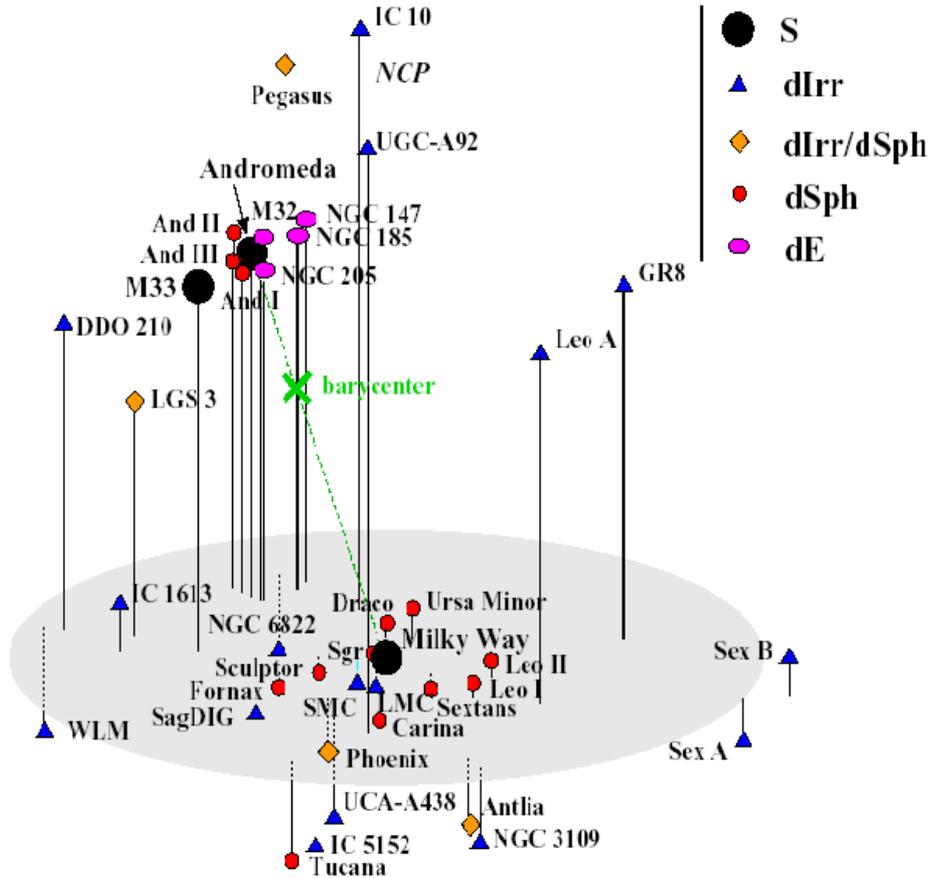
© Anglo-Australian Obs./Royal Obs. Edinburgh



© Anglo-Australian Obs./Royal Obs. Edinburgh



The environment of dwarf galaxies

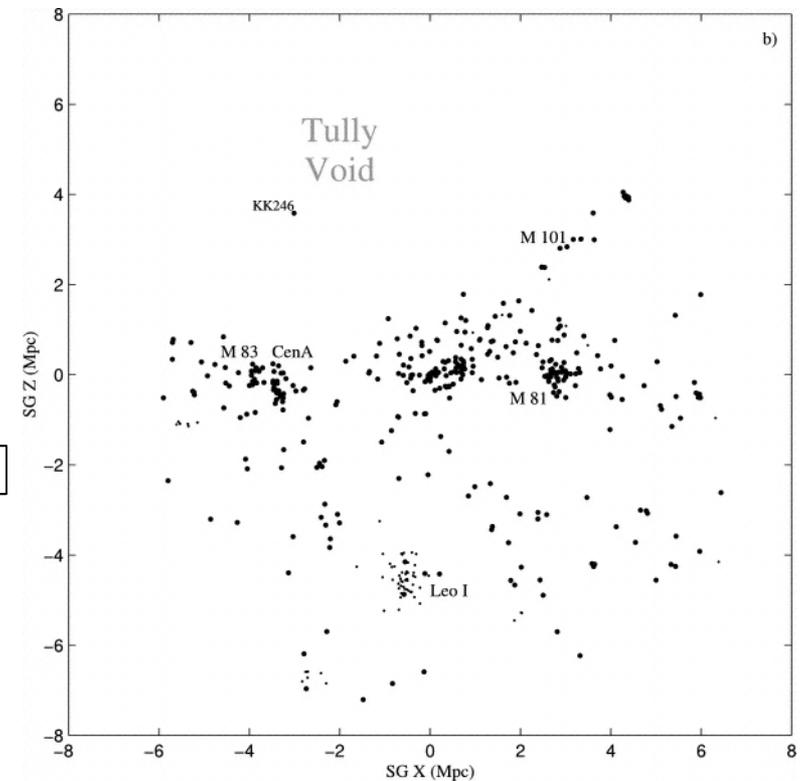
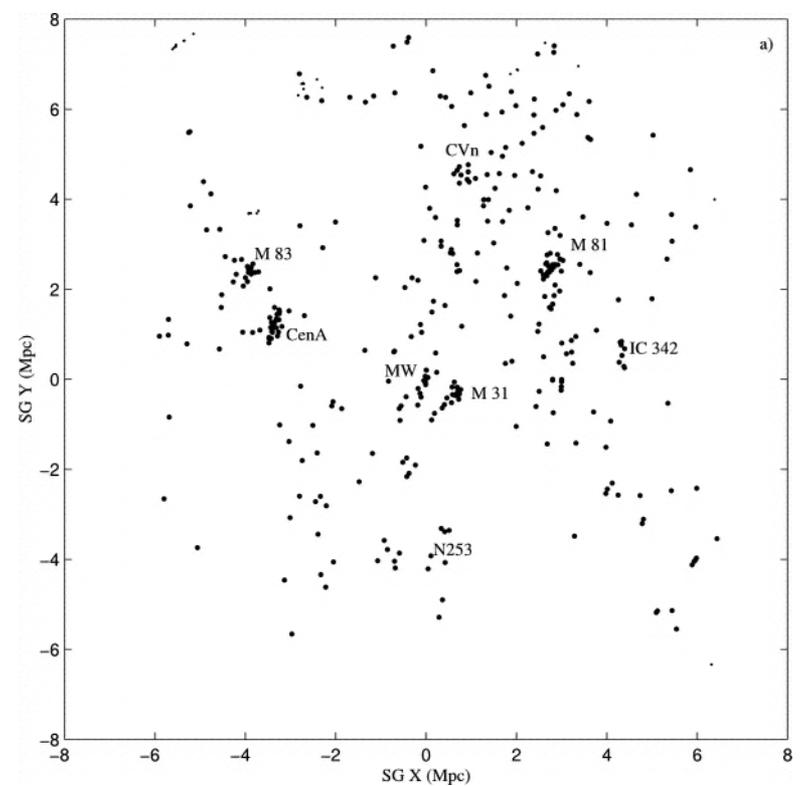


Grebel 1998

The Local Group: 37 galaxies, 3-5 giants

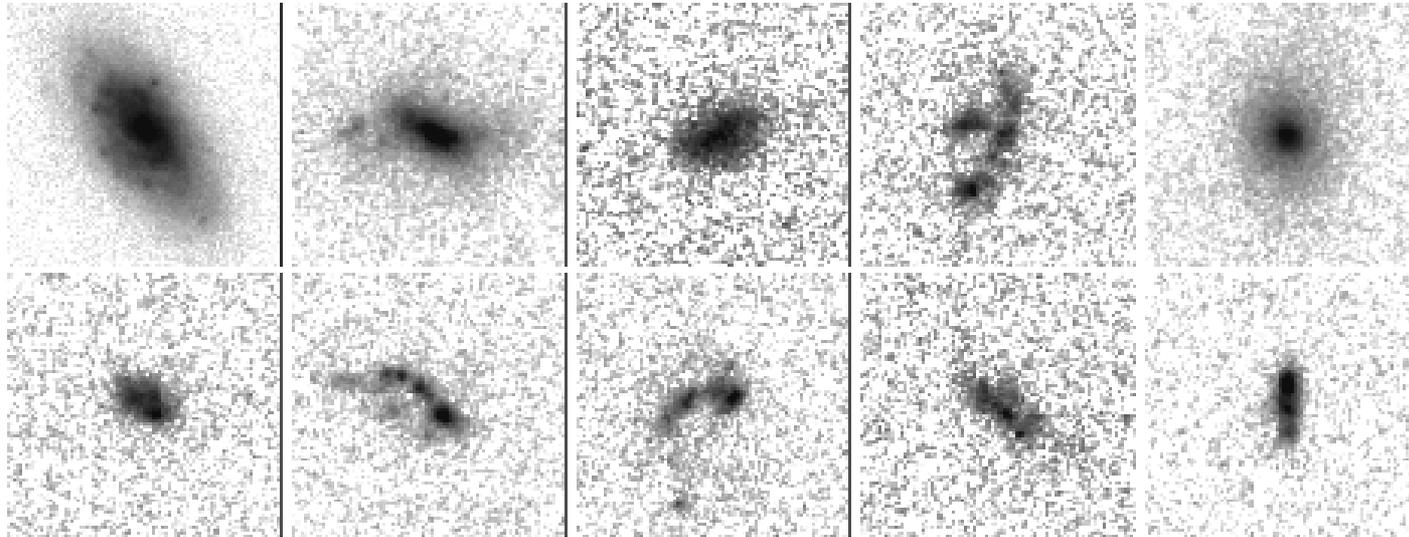
The Local Volume: ~450 Galaxies, dwarf-to-giant ratio ~7

The Virgo cluster: ~2000 galaxies, dwarf-to-giant ratio ~20

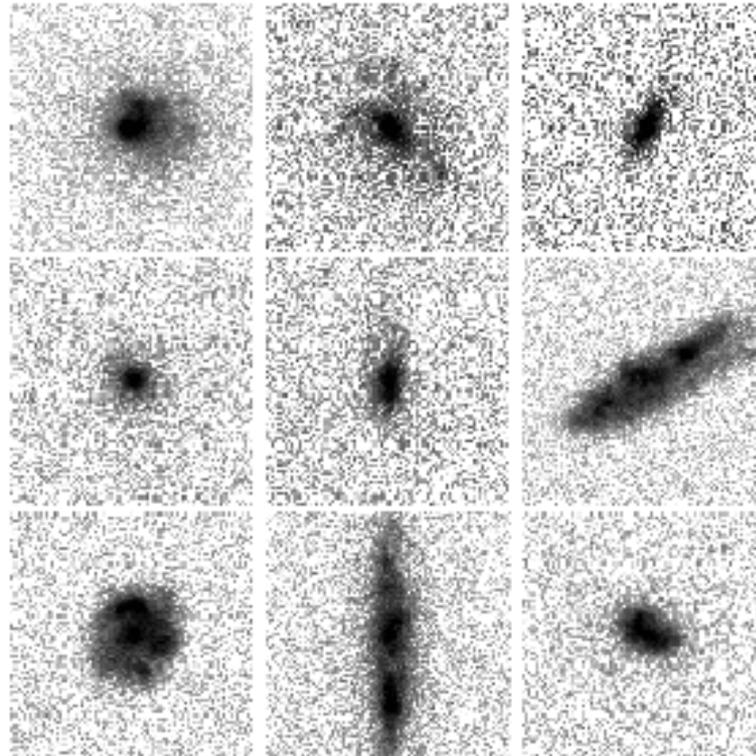


Examples

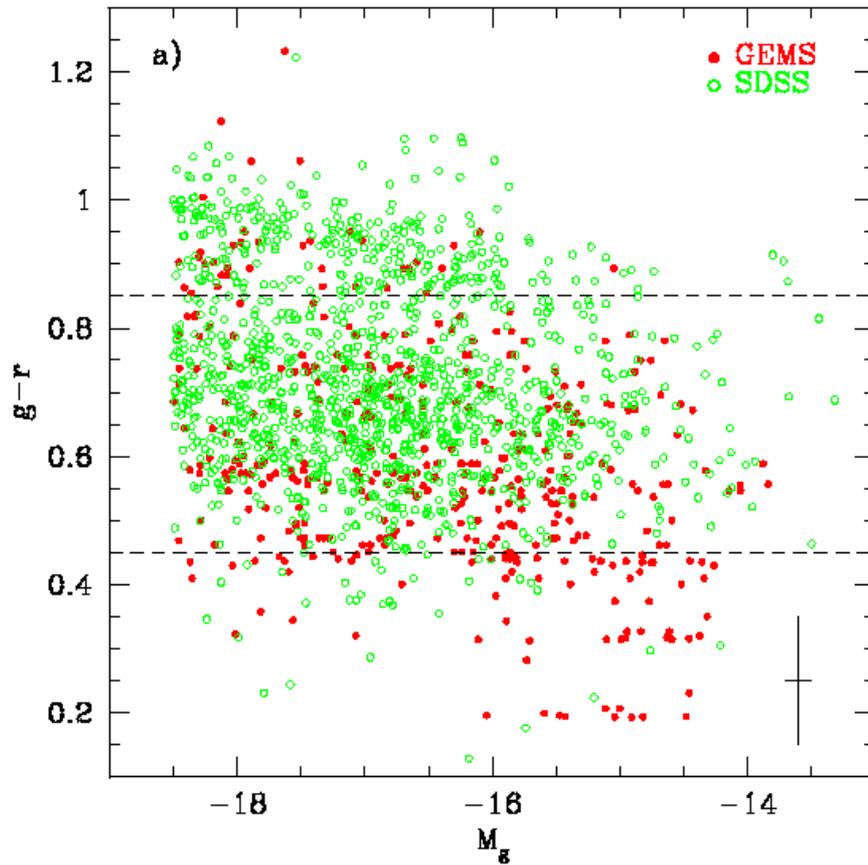
G
E
M
S



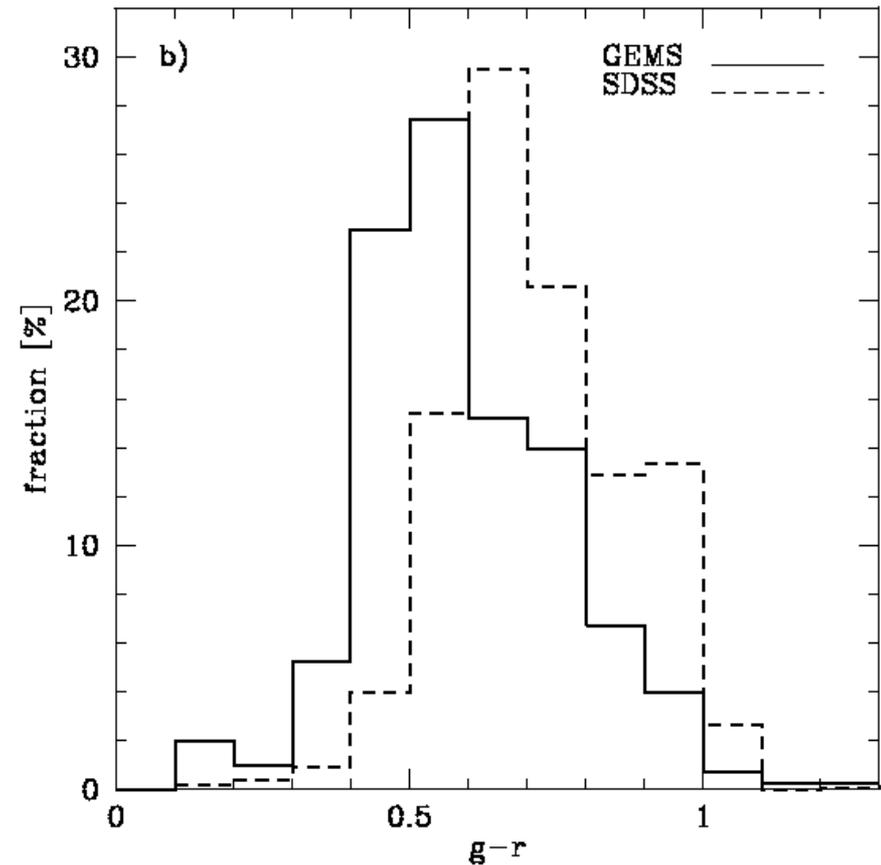
S
D
S
S



Global colors



dashed lines indicate colors
of dEs and BCDs



median $g-r$ colors:
GEMS 0.57
SDSS 0.70