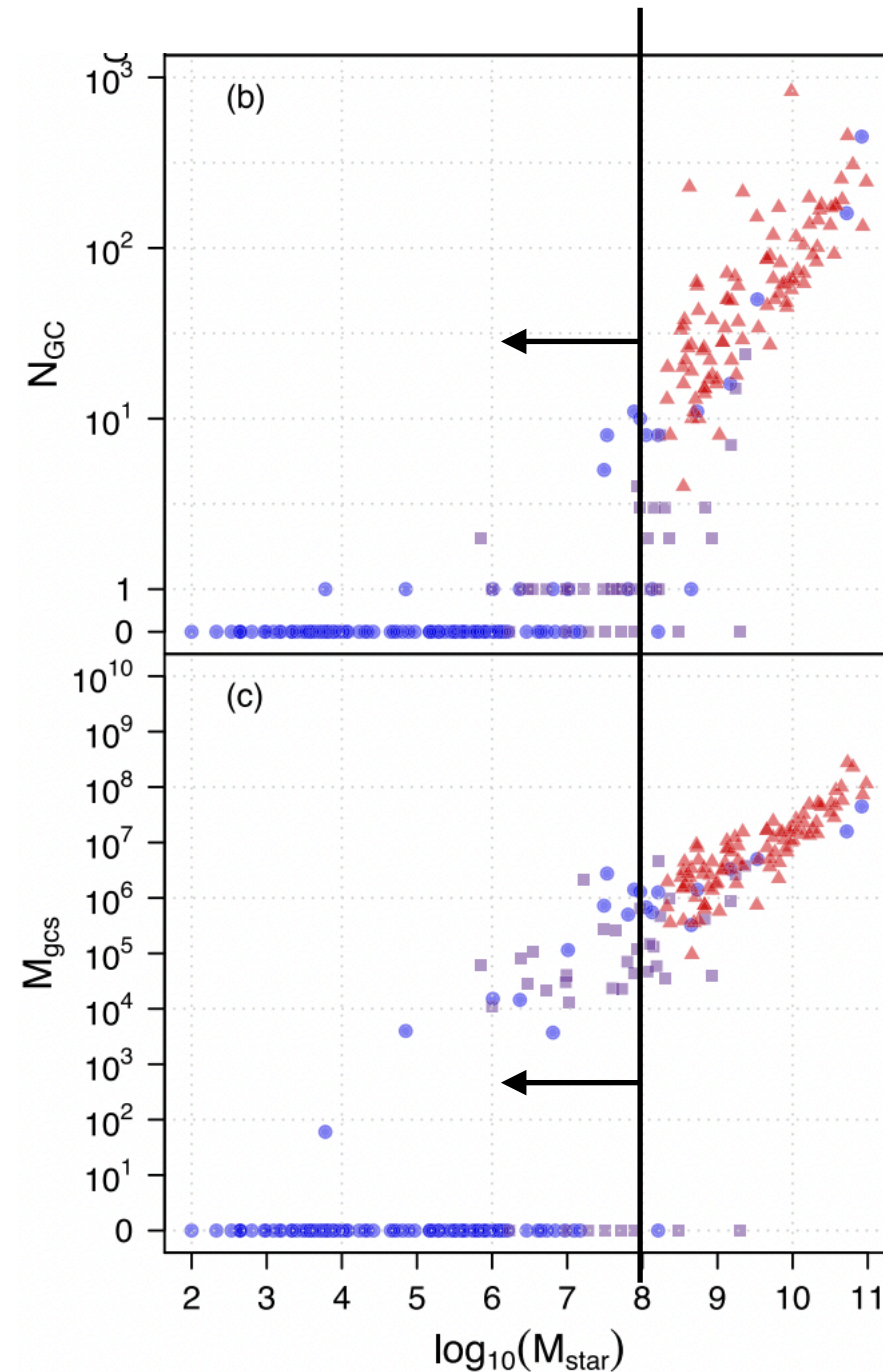
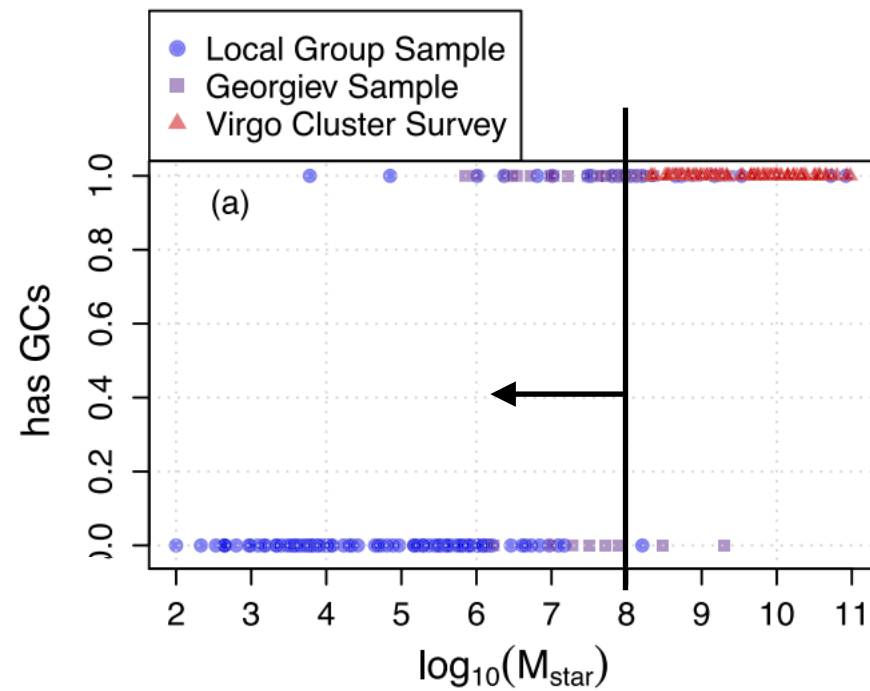

The Nature of the Fornax 6 Globular Cluster with Magellan/M2FS Spectroscopy

Andrew B. Pace

Carnegie Mellon University

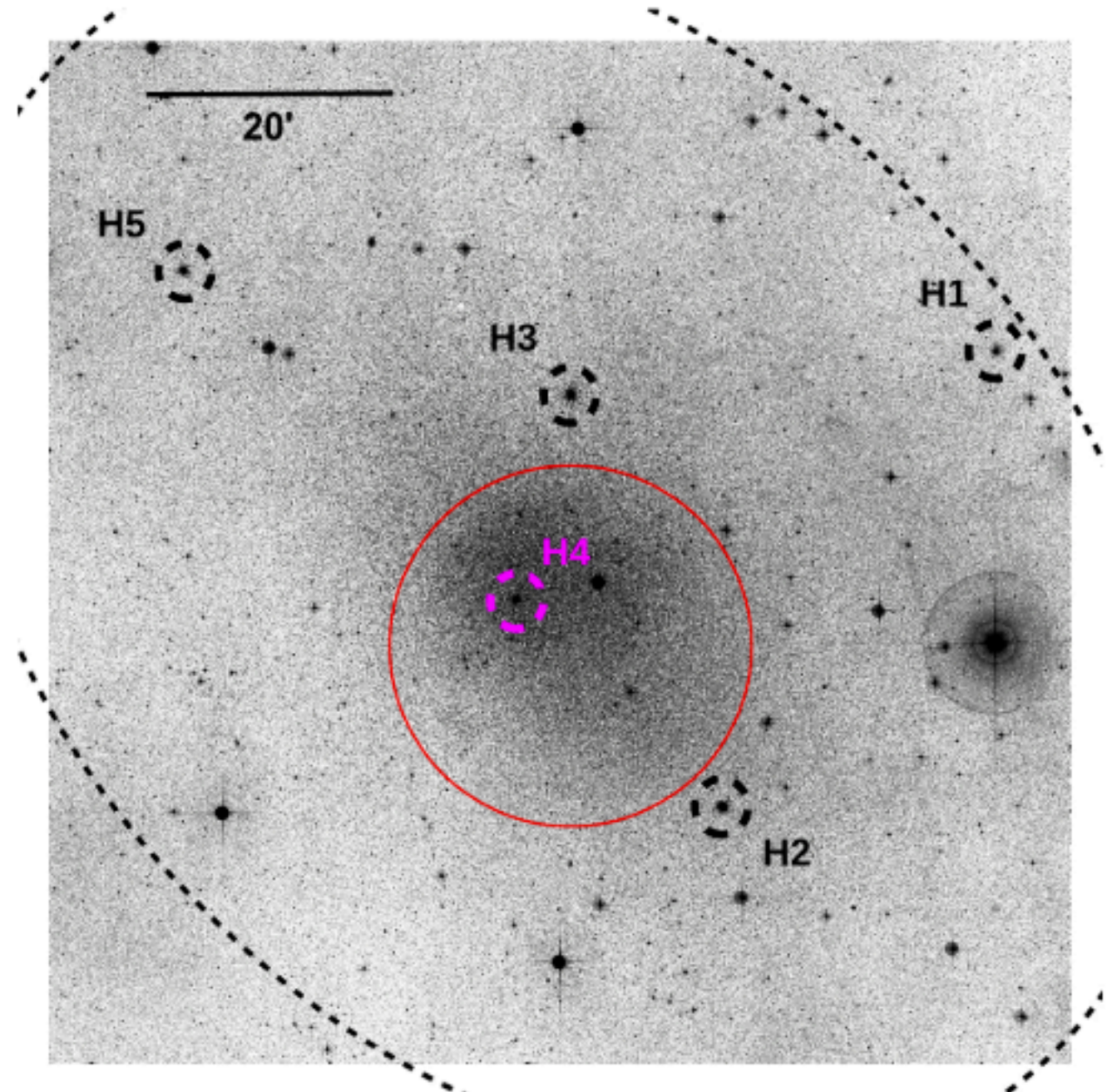
Globular Cluster Population of Dwarf Galaxies



Fornax dSph and Globular Cluster Population

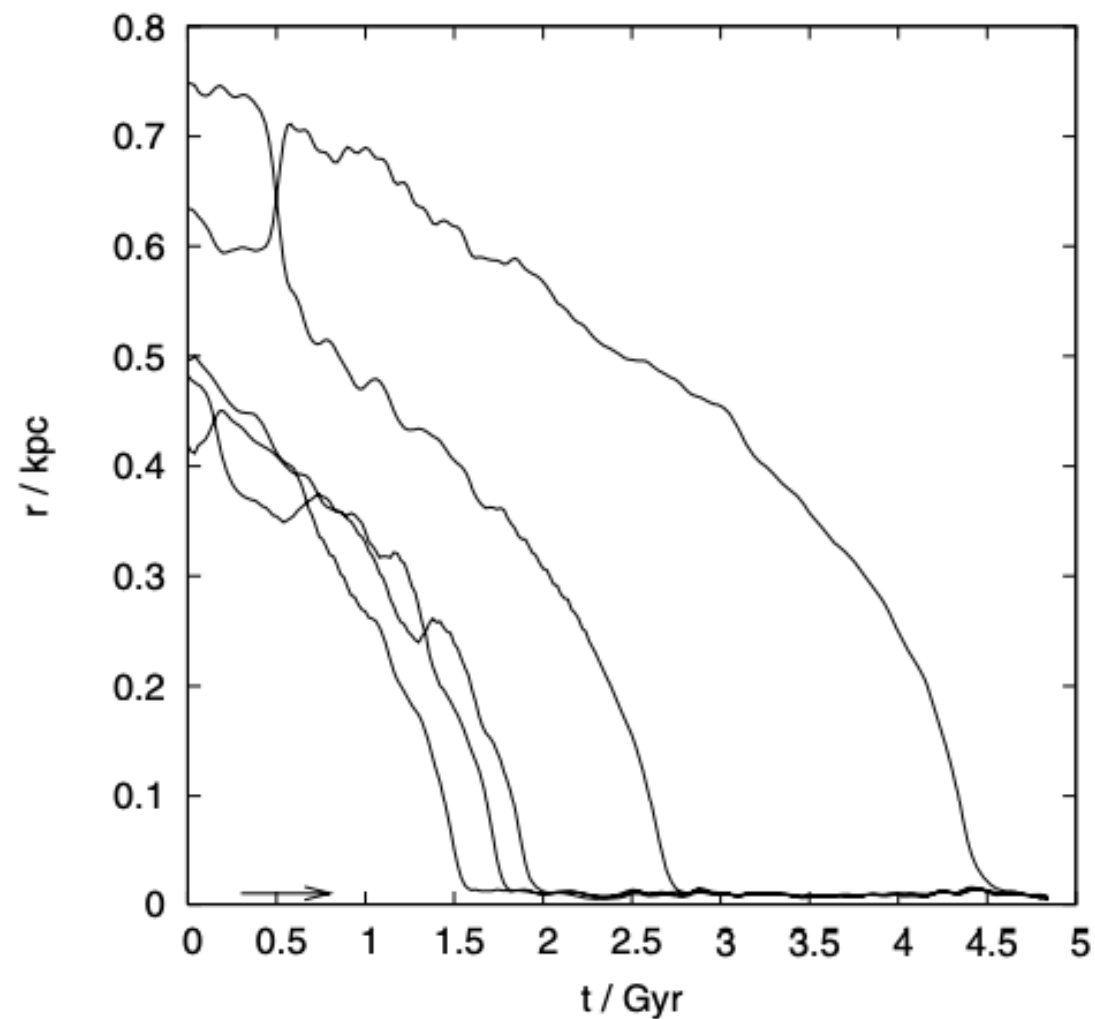
Quick Facts:

- Dwarf Spheroidal Galaxy (dSph)
- $L \sim 5 \times 10^7 L_{\text{sun}}$
- $\sigma_{\text{los}} \sim 12 \text{ km/s}$
- Half-light radius $\sim 700 \text{ pc}$
- $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim -1$
- Dispersion dominated system
- Extended star formation history
- Recently quenched and no gas currently.
- 5 Globular Clusters
- 4th most luminous Milky Way satellite after LMC, SMC, and Sgr

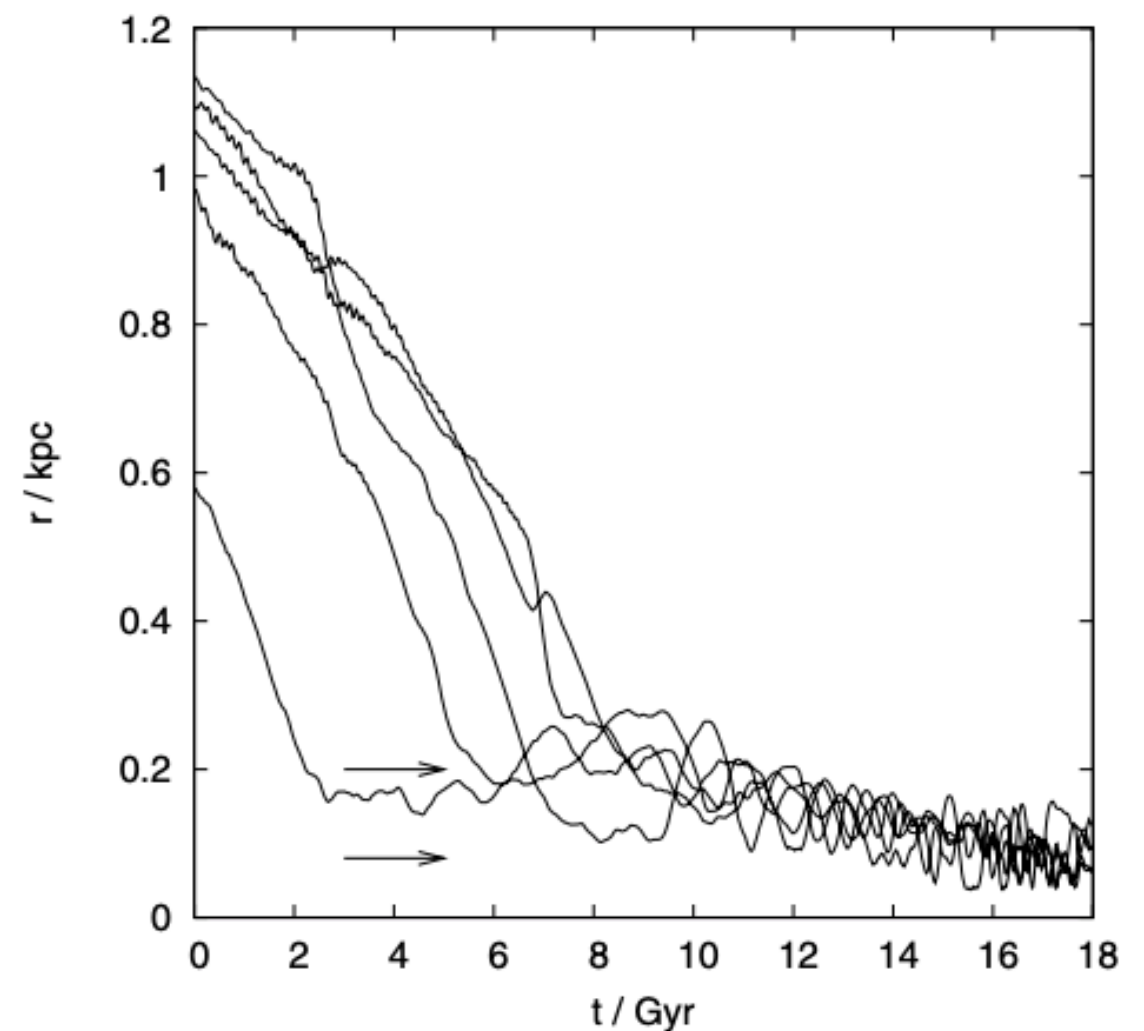


Fornax Timing Problem

Cuspy dark matter halo



Cored dark matter halo



5 Fornax Globular Clusters can survive over ~10 Gyr in a cored DM halo but no Cuspy DM halo

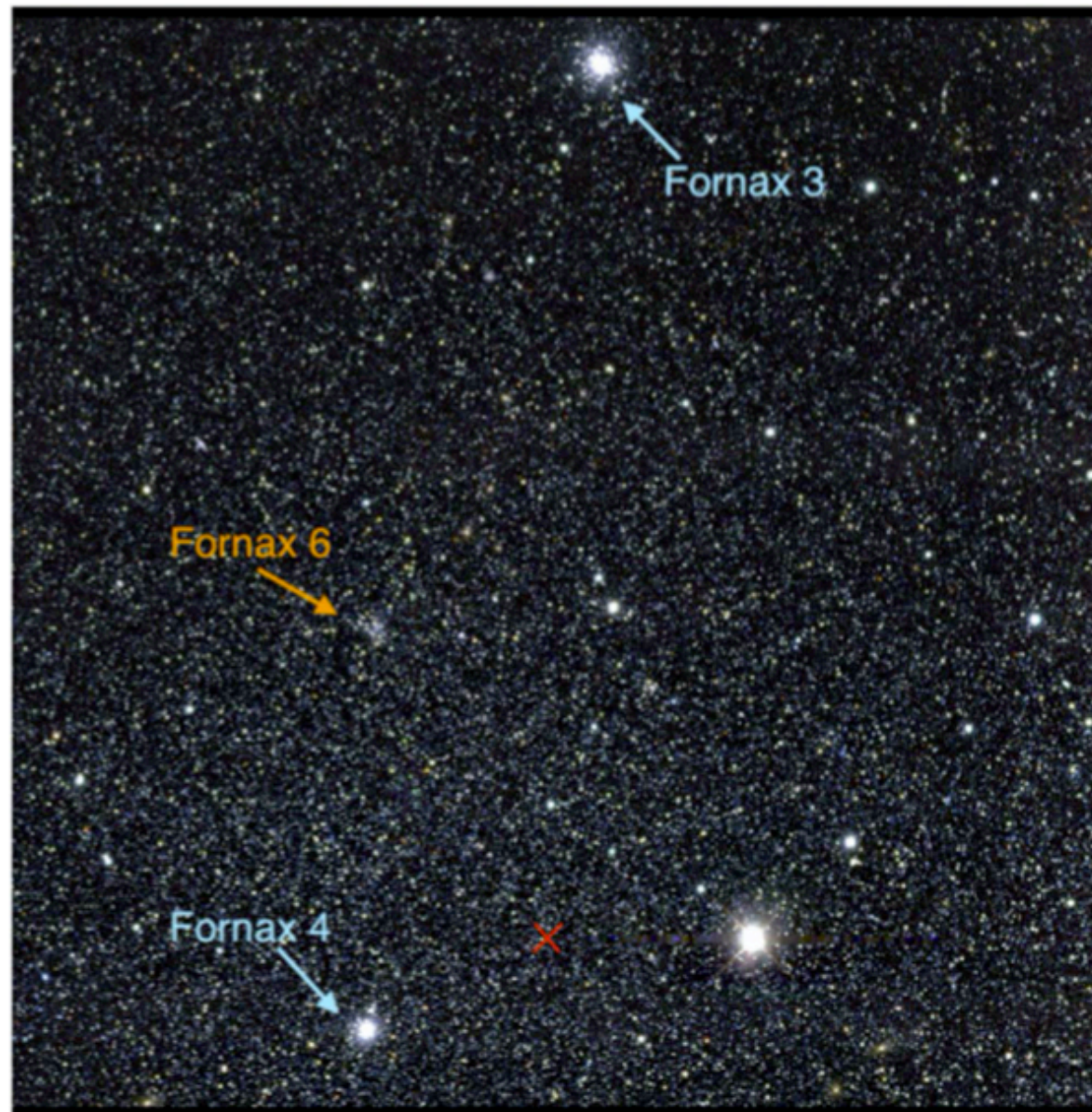
(Re)Discovery of Fornax 6



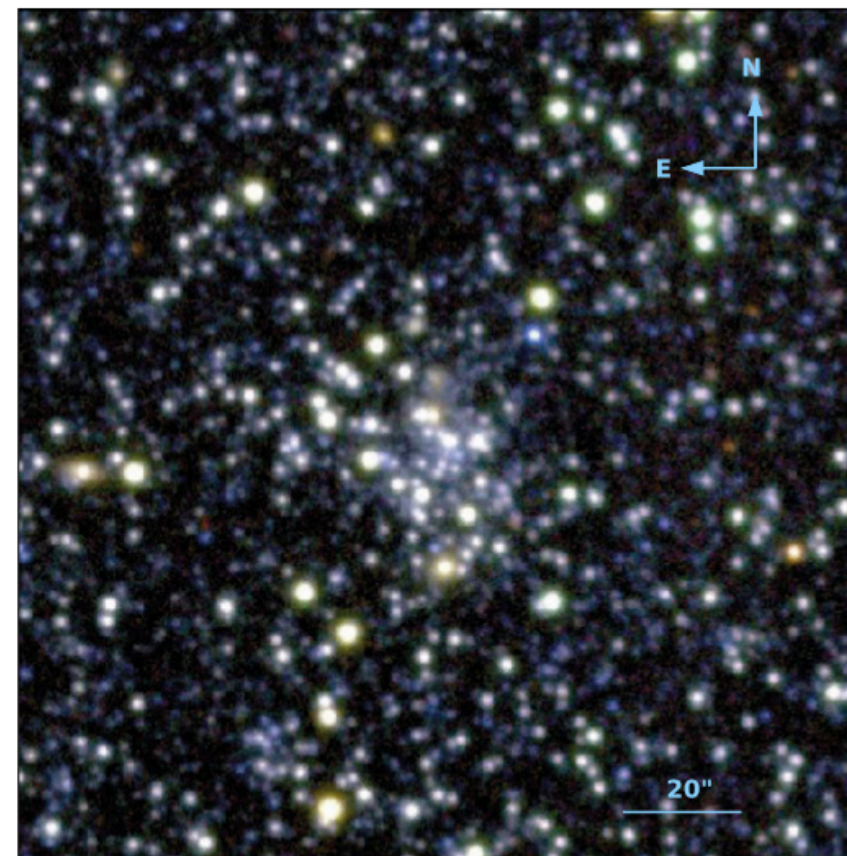
**From DECaLs
Legacy Viewer**

<https://www.legacysurvey.org/viewer/?ra=40.0227&dec=-34.4224>

(Re)Discovery of Fornax 6

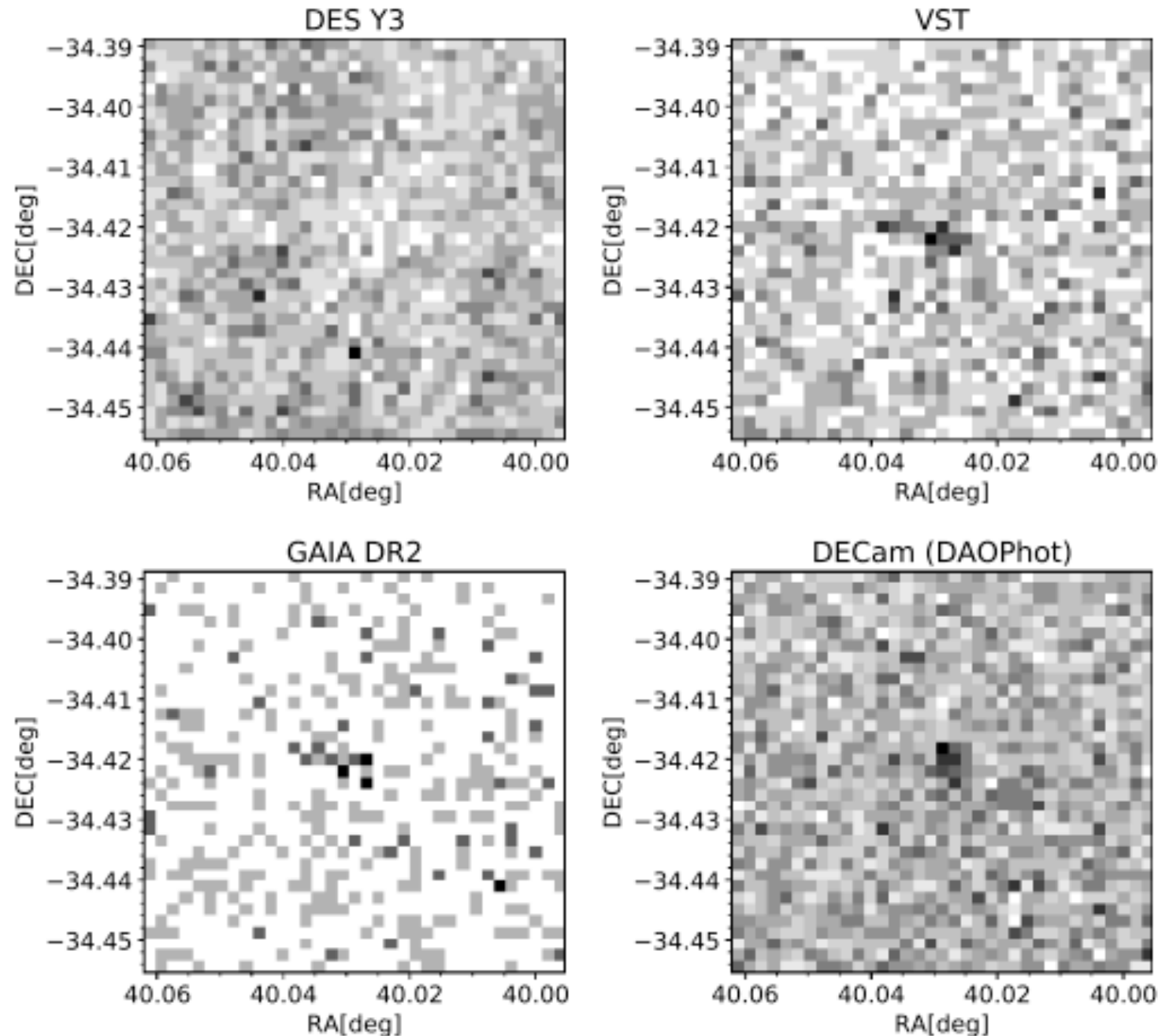


First mentioned in Shapley 1939,
Photometric plates (Verner et al. 1981;
Demers et al. 1994), clump of stars or too
few stars to be a cluster
CCD photometry (Stetson et al. 1998) as
a mixture of stars or galaxies.
Not Discussed in literature for ~20 years



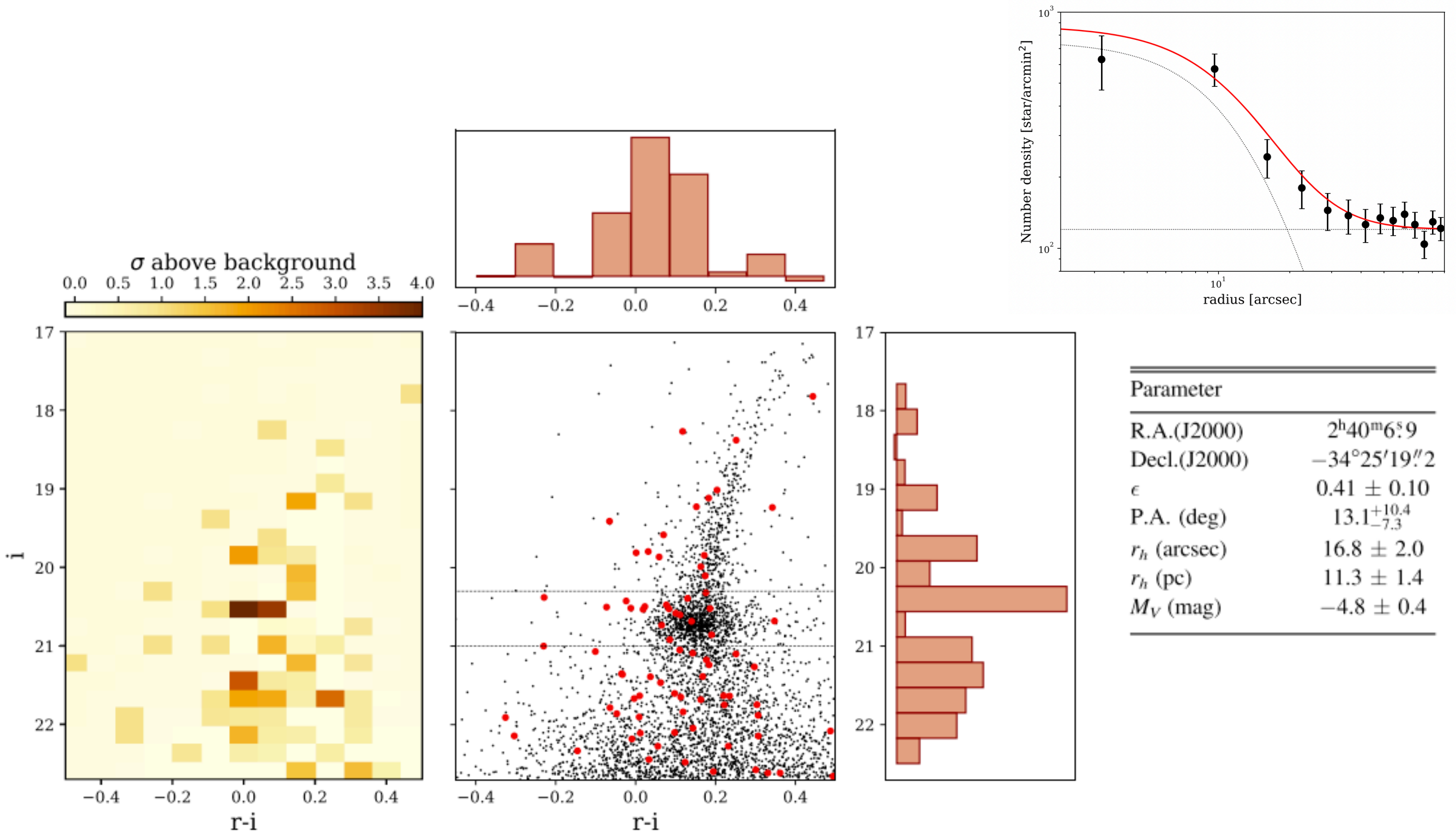
(Re)Discovery of Fornax 6

Number density in several different surveys

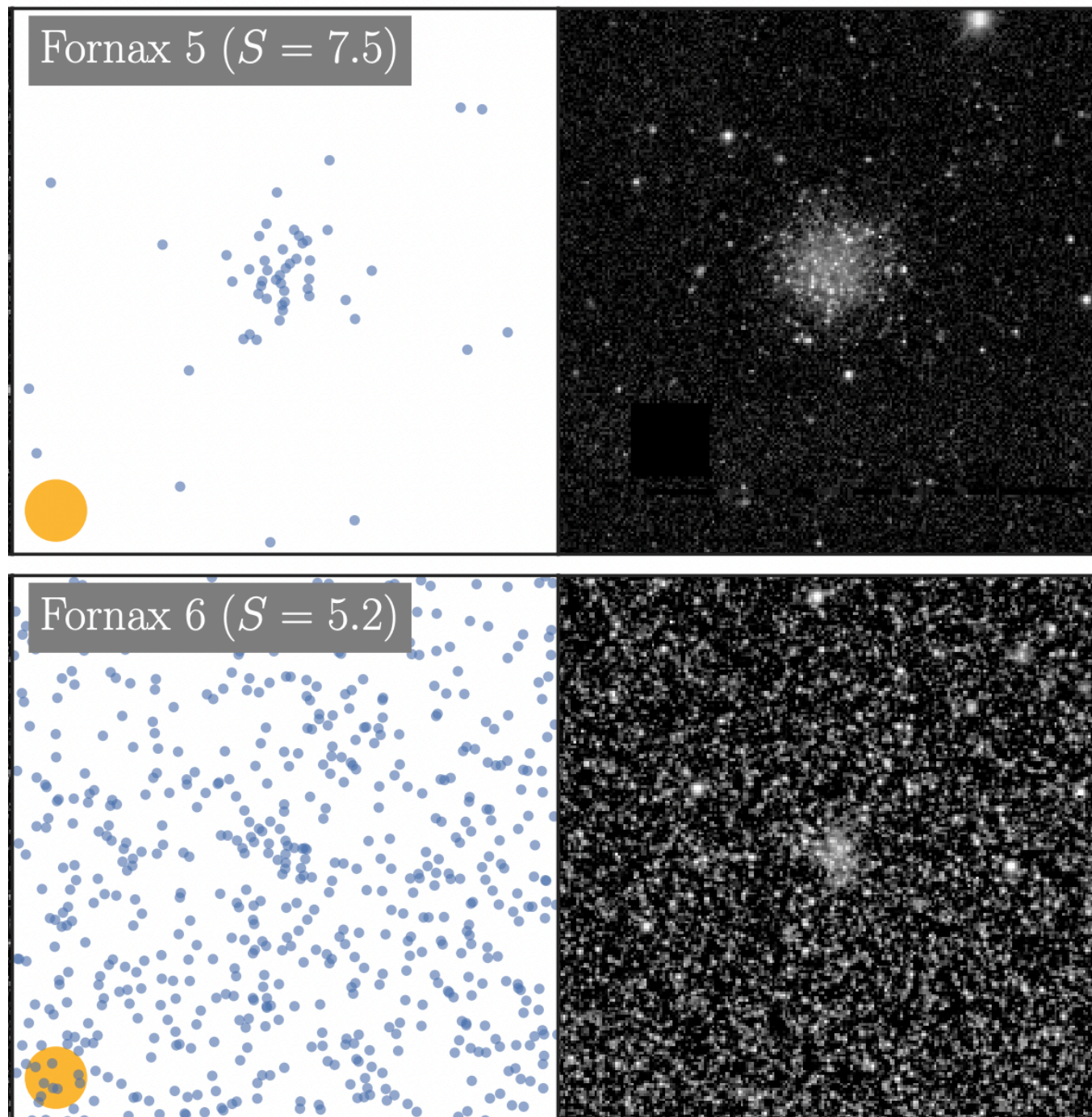


**Detected as an over density in several surveys.
~6 sigma detection in DECam and Gaia catalogs compared to random Fornax positions**

(Re)Discovery of Fornax 6



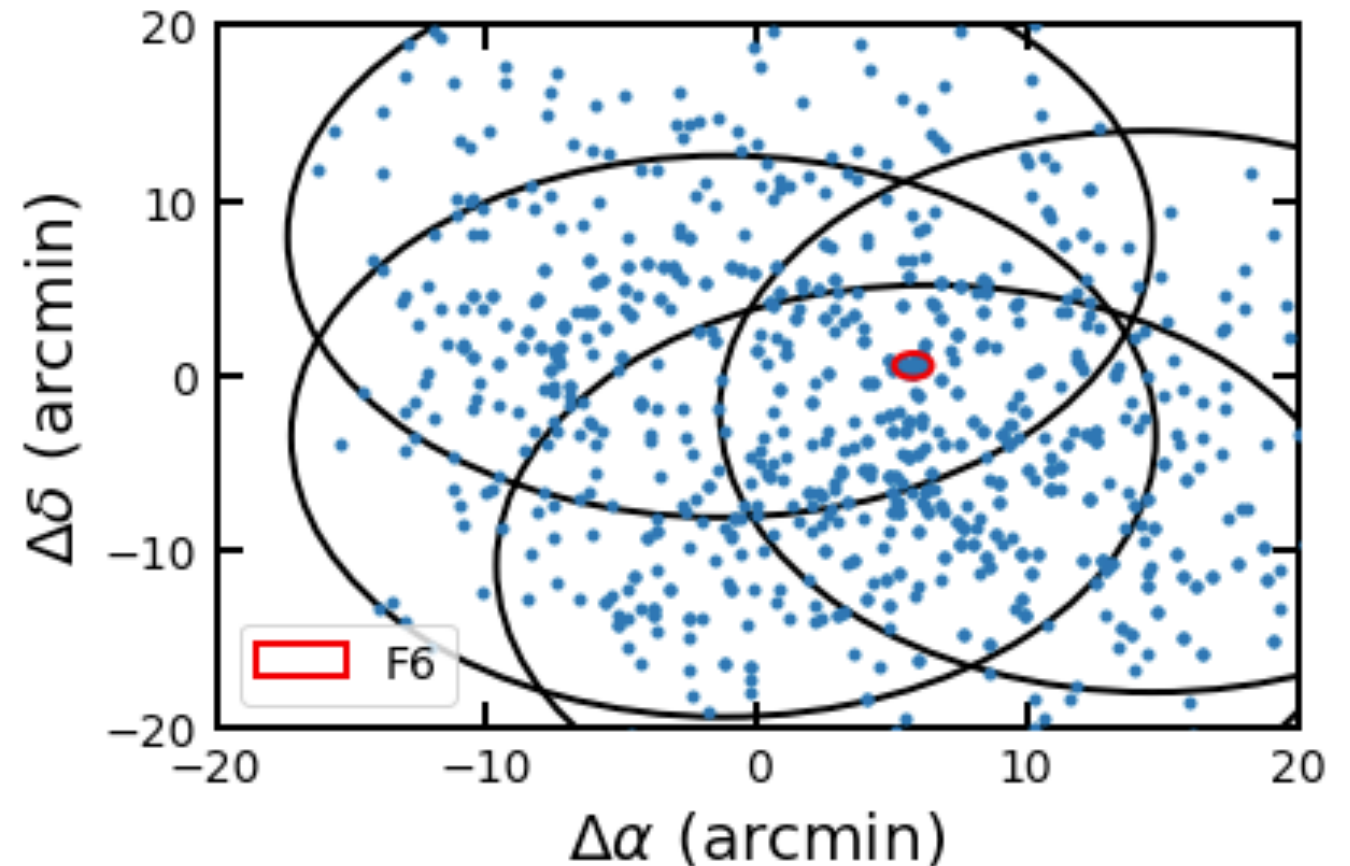
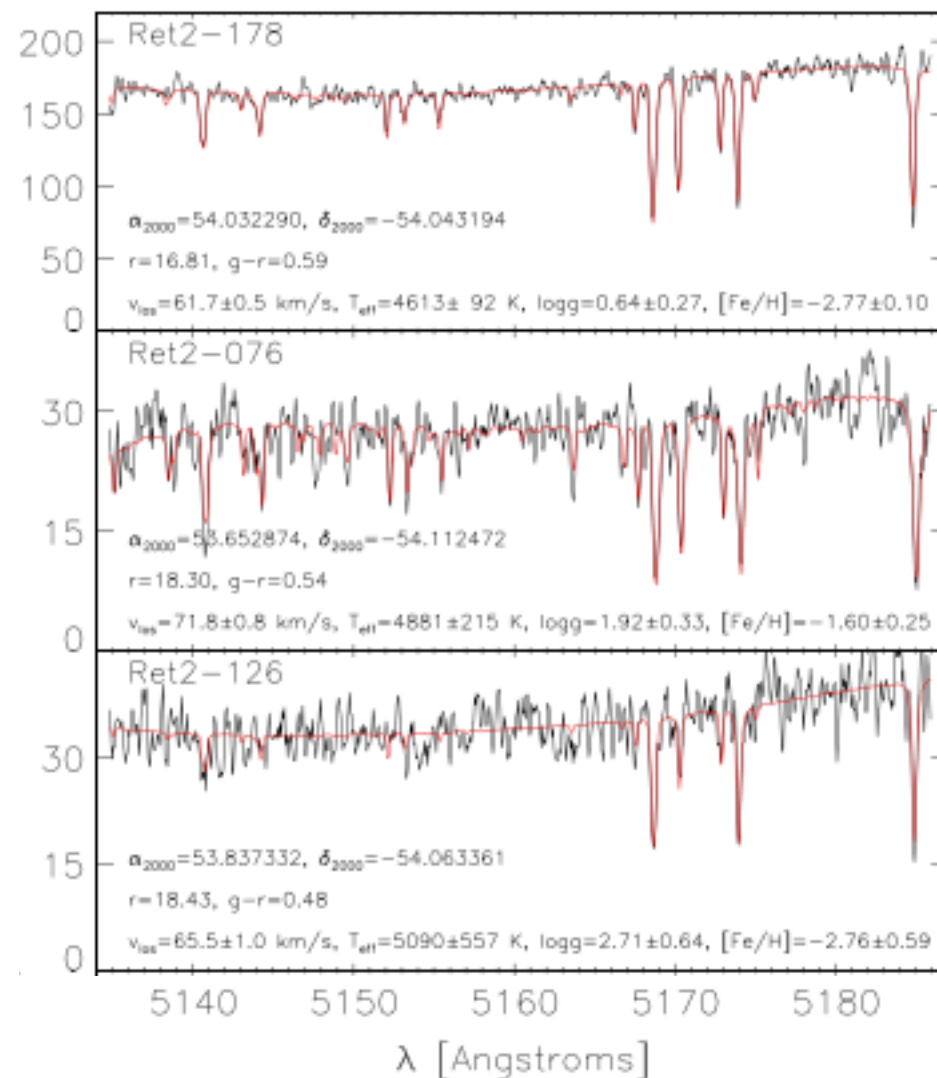
(Re)Discovery of Fornax 6



Magellan/M2FS Follow-up Spectroscopy

Michigan/Magellan Fiber System
Fiber-fed multi-object spectrograph
256 fibers. Wide field of view.
LoRes and HiRes modes
We target the Magnesium triplet with
 $R \sim 24,000$ for 1 km/s velocity precision

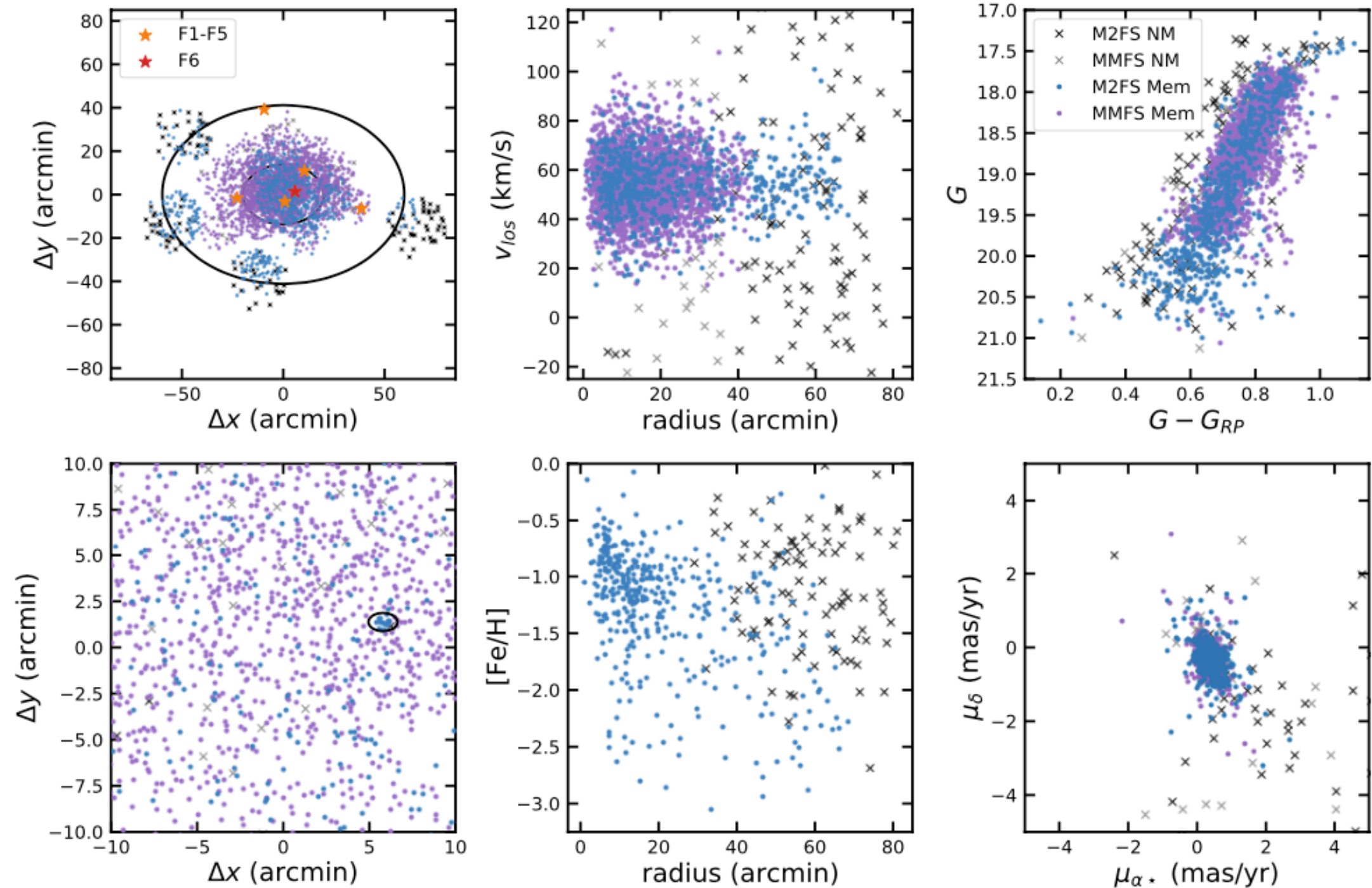
Fornax 6 Targeting



RGB spectra from Walker et al 2015

Pace et al. 2021

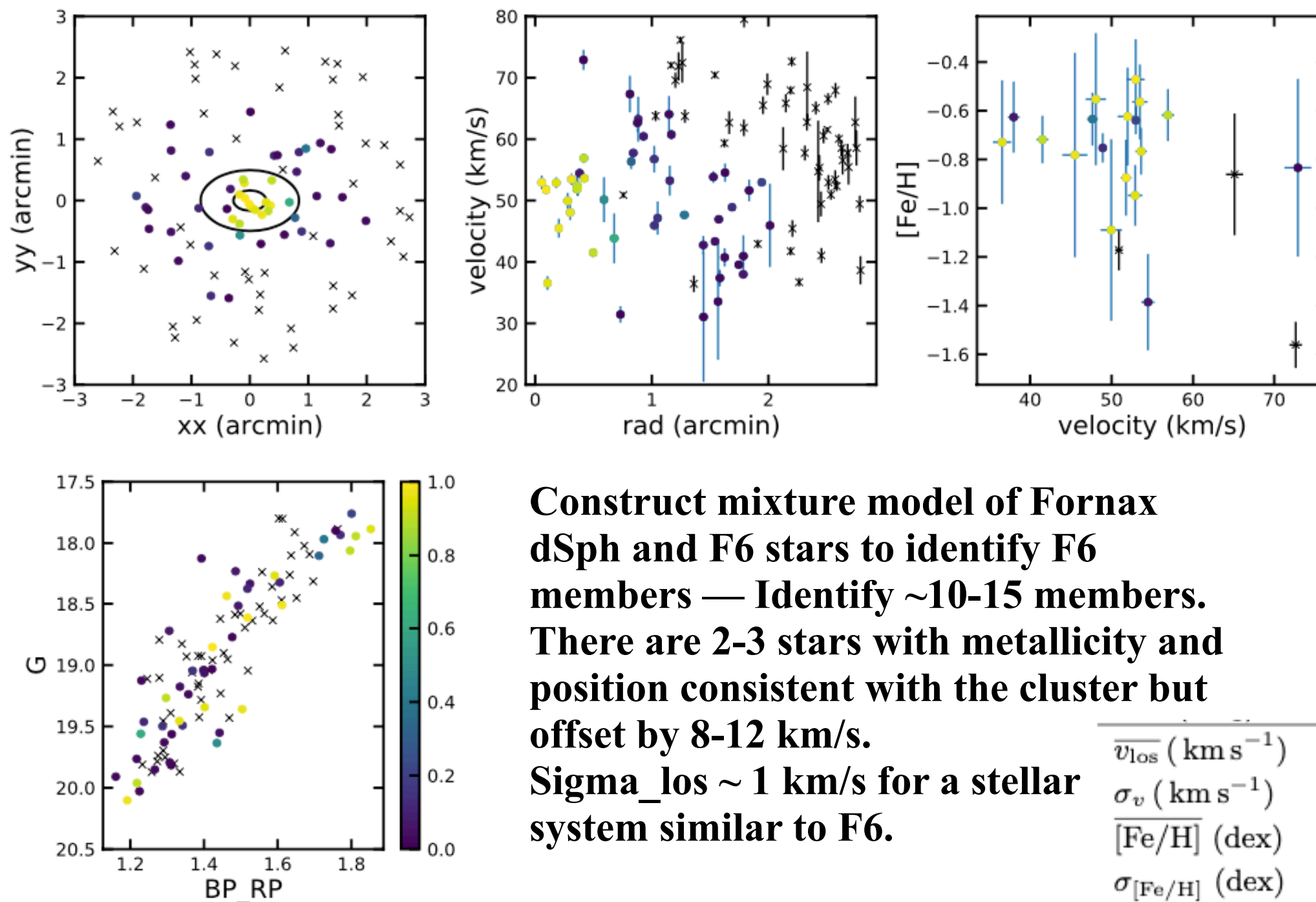
Magellan/M2FS Follow-up Spectroscopy



Combined with MMFS spectroscopy (Walker et al 2009)
for ~ 3000 Fornax members

Pace et al. 2021

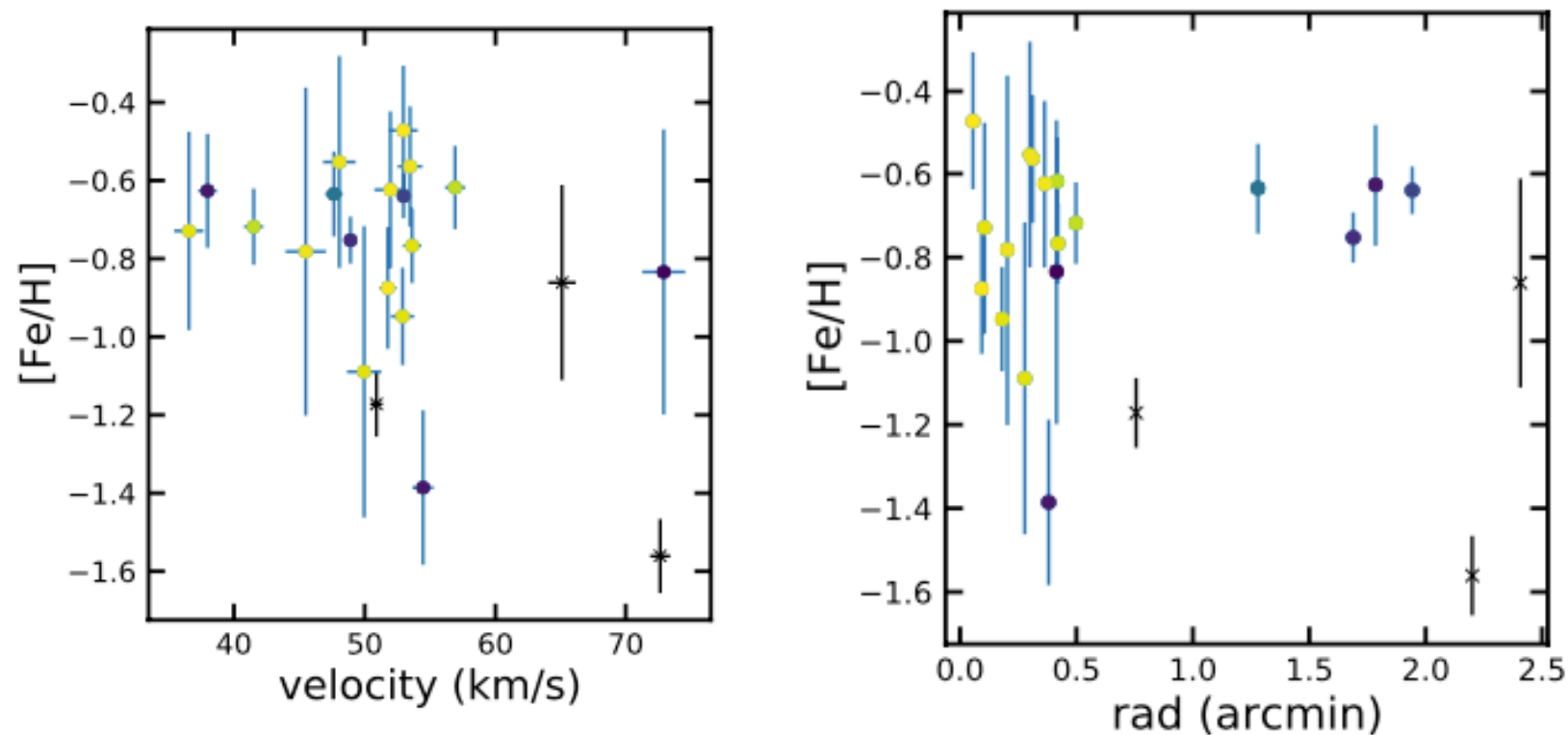
Identification of F6 members



Construct mixture model of Fornax dSph and F6 stars to identify F6 members — Identify ~10-15 members. There are 2-3 stars with metallicity and position consistent with the cluster but offset by 8-12 km/s. Sigma_lo \sim 1 km/s for a stellar system similar to F6.

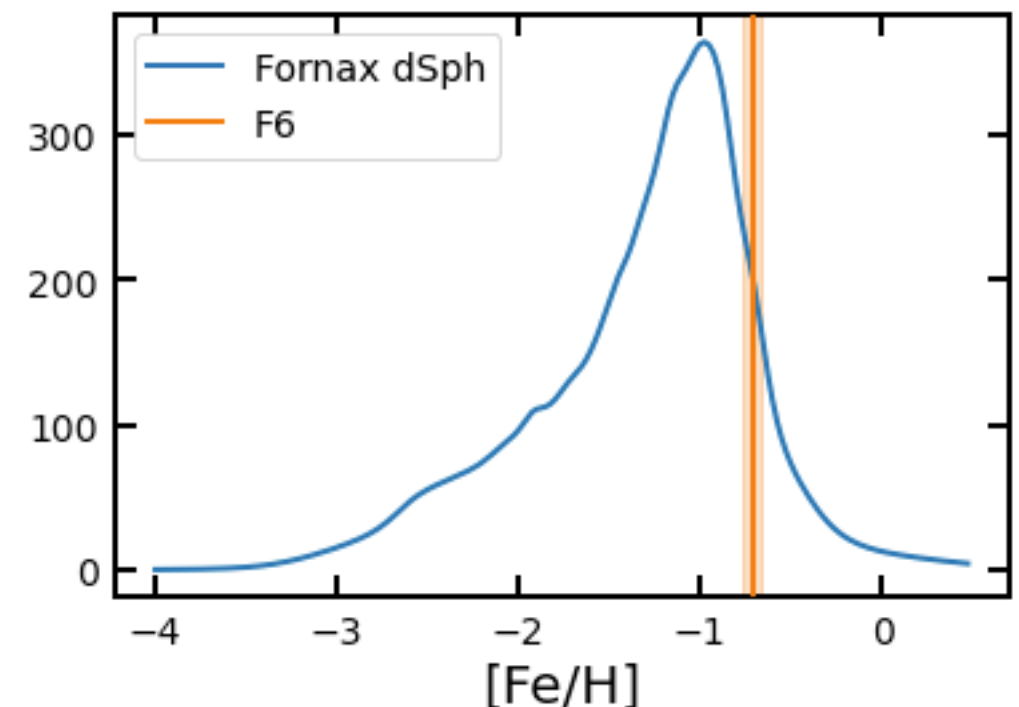
$\overline{v_{\text{los}}} \text{ (km s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$50.5^{+1.8}_{-1.7}$
$\sigma_v \text{ (km s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$5.6^{+1.9}_{-1.5}$
$\overline{[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]} \text{ (dex)}$	$-0.71^{+0.05}_{-0.05}$
$\sigma_{[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]} \text{ (dex)}$	$0.03^{+0.06}_{-0.02} < 0.16$
N	17.5 ± 5.6

Properties of F6 Cluster - Metallicity

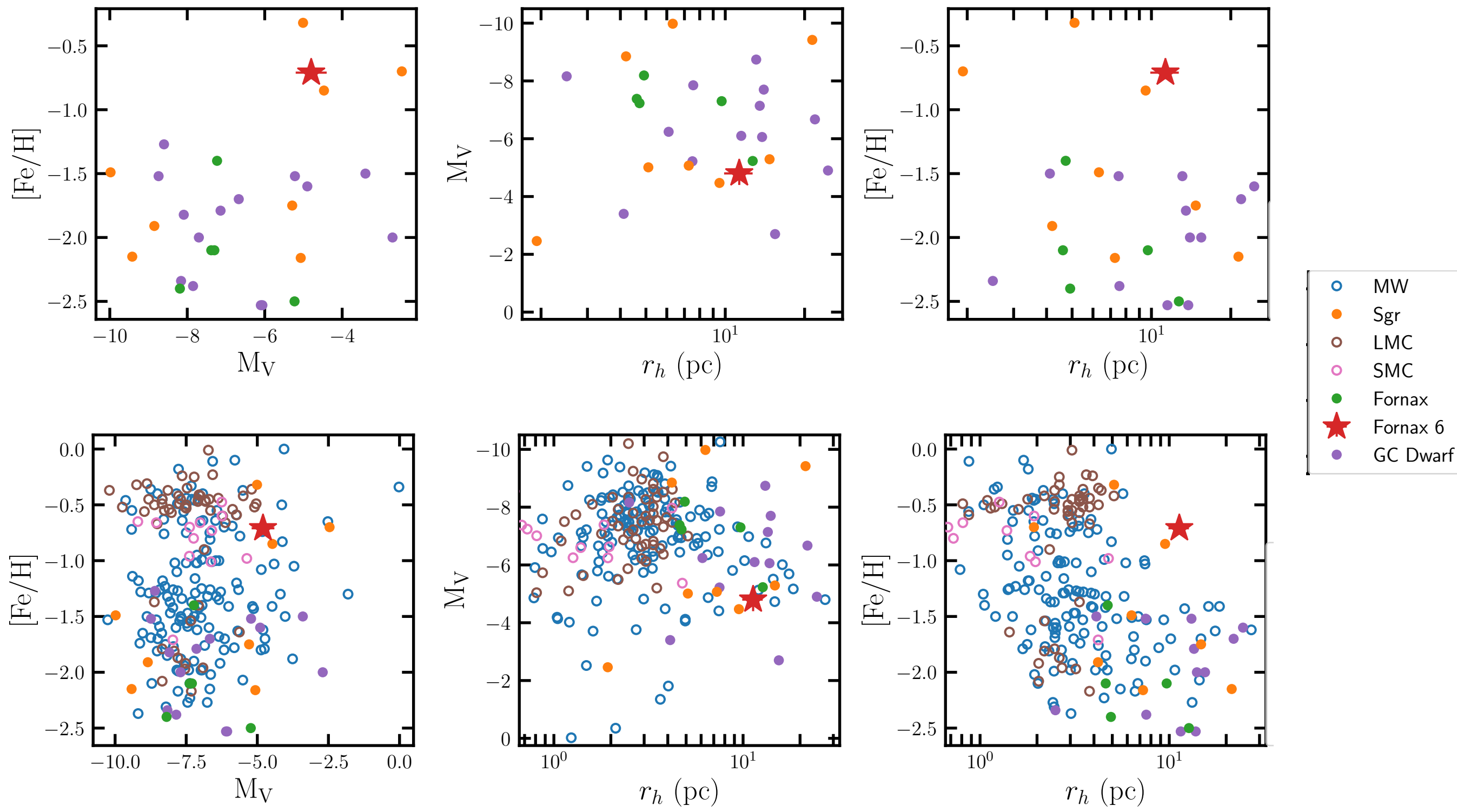


**F6 cluster is quite metal-rich ($[Fe/H] = -0.7$).
 More metal-rich than any of the other clusters
 ($-2.5 < [Fe/H] < -1.5$) and the bulk of the Fornax dSph**

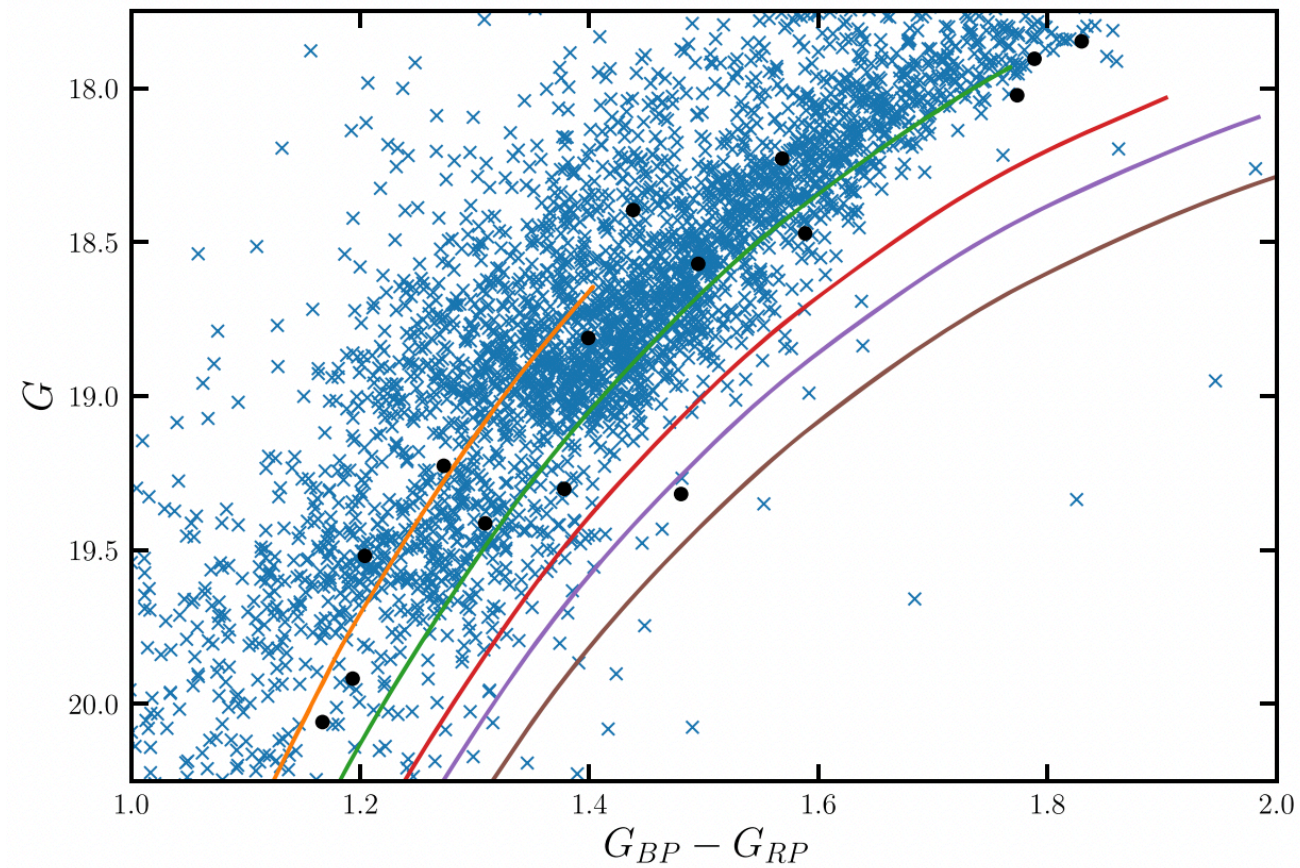
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$\sigma_{[Fe/H]}$ (dex)	$0.03^{+0.06}_{-0.02} < 0.16$
N	17.5 ± 5.6



Comparison to Other Globular Clusters

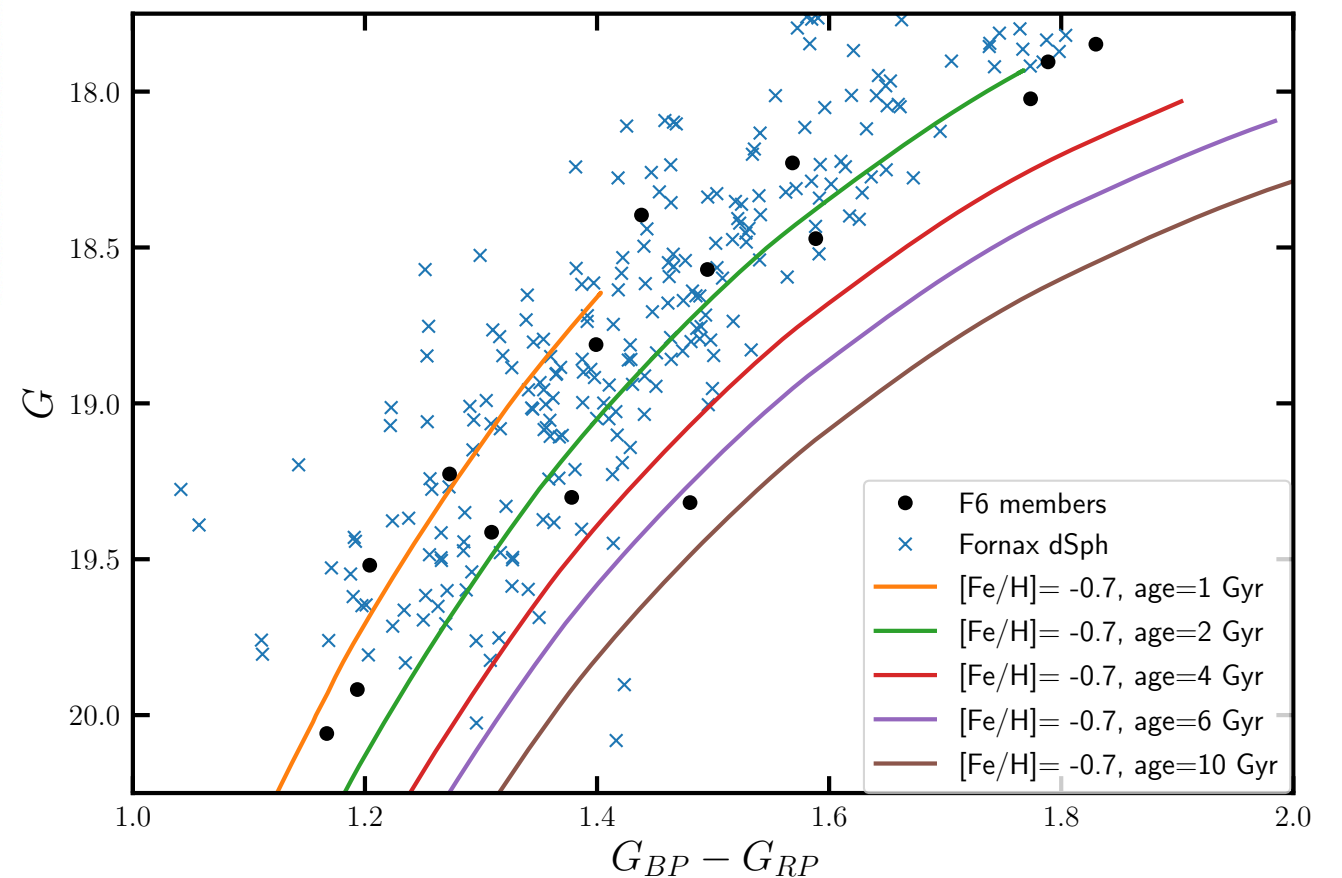


Age Estimation

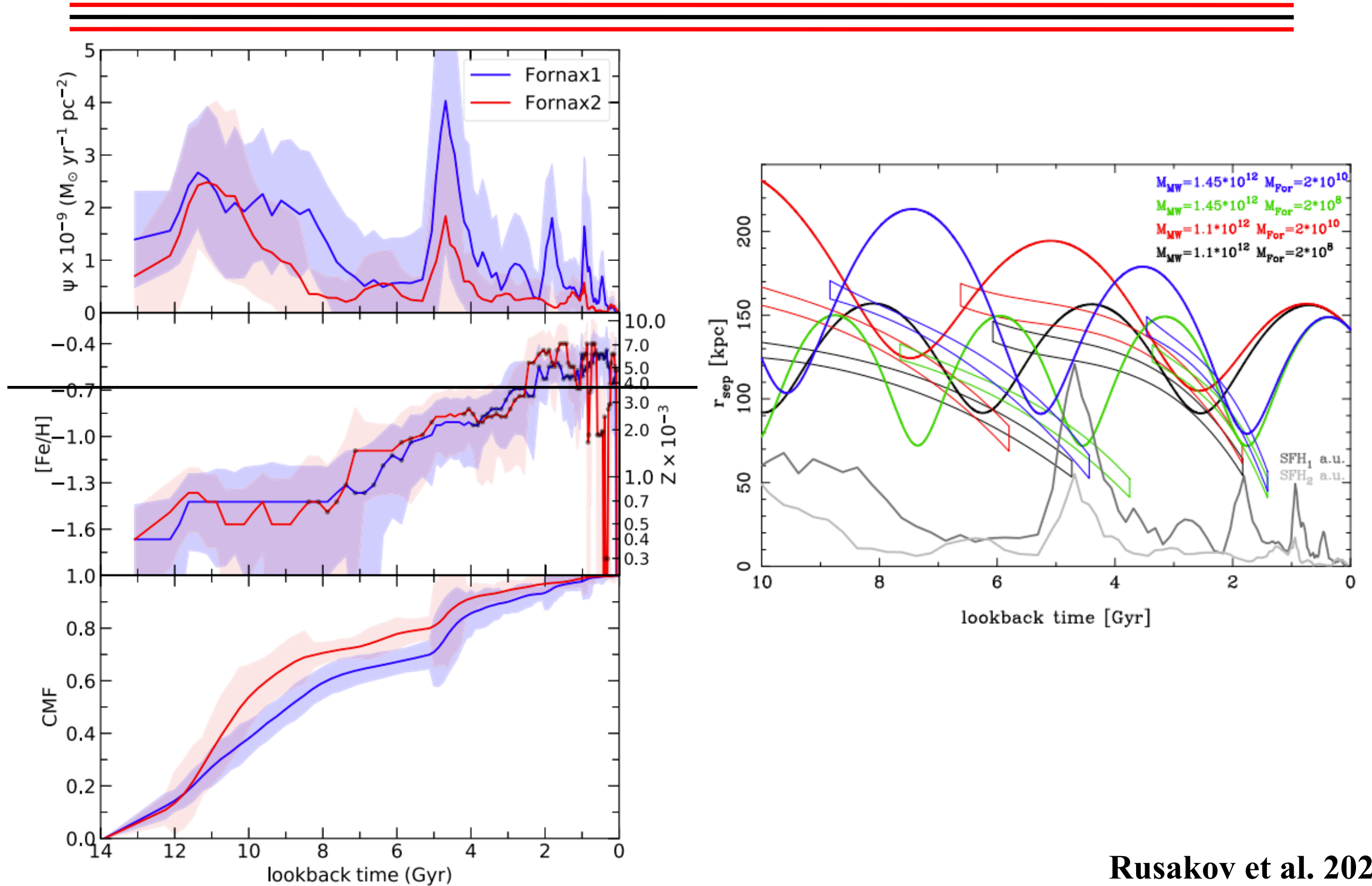


**Fornax 6 stars are redder than
Fornax dSph stars**

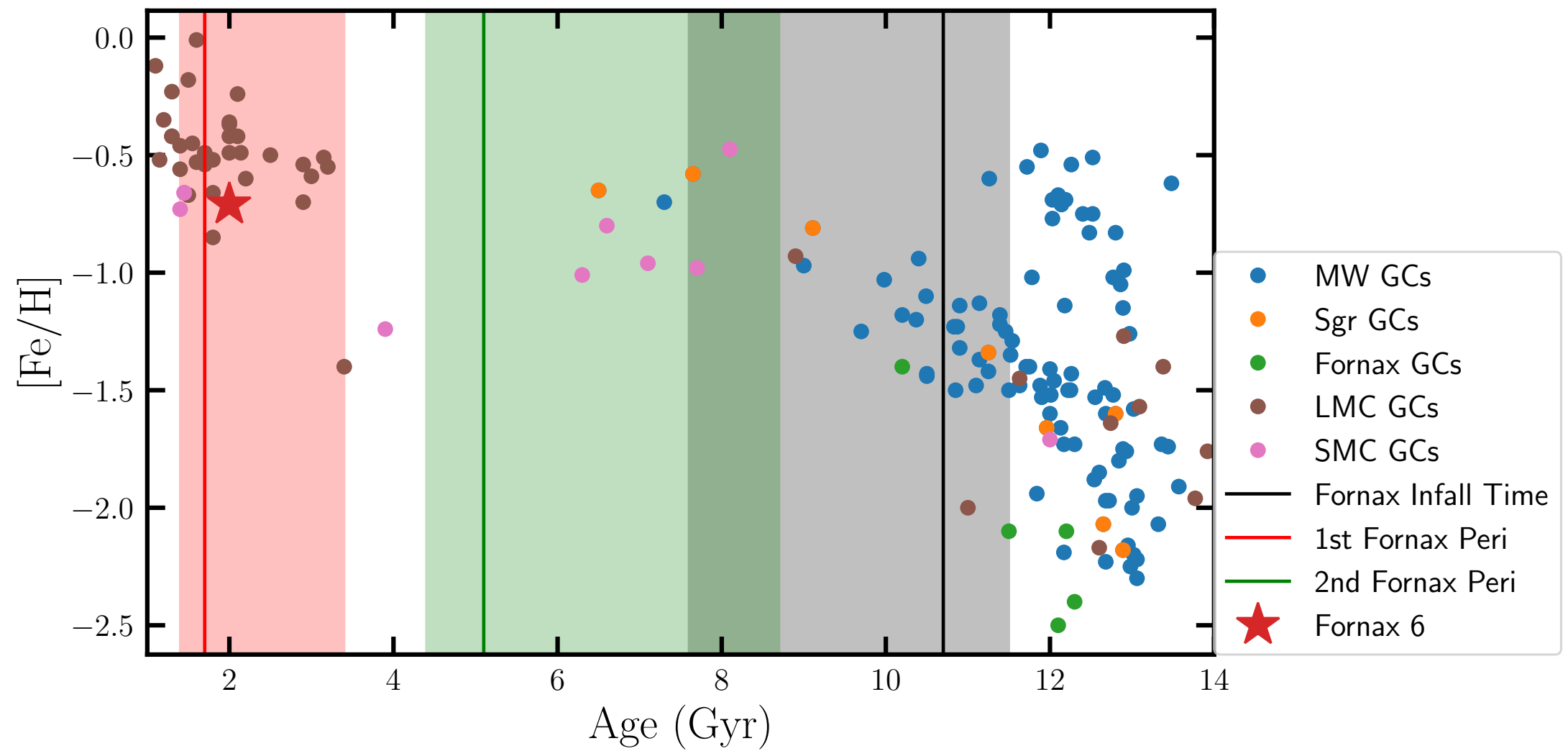
**A young, metal-rich isochrone
matches the Fornax 6 stars
(Age ~ 2 Gyr, $[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \sim -0.7$)**



Star Formation History of Fornax

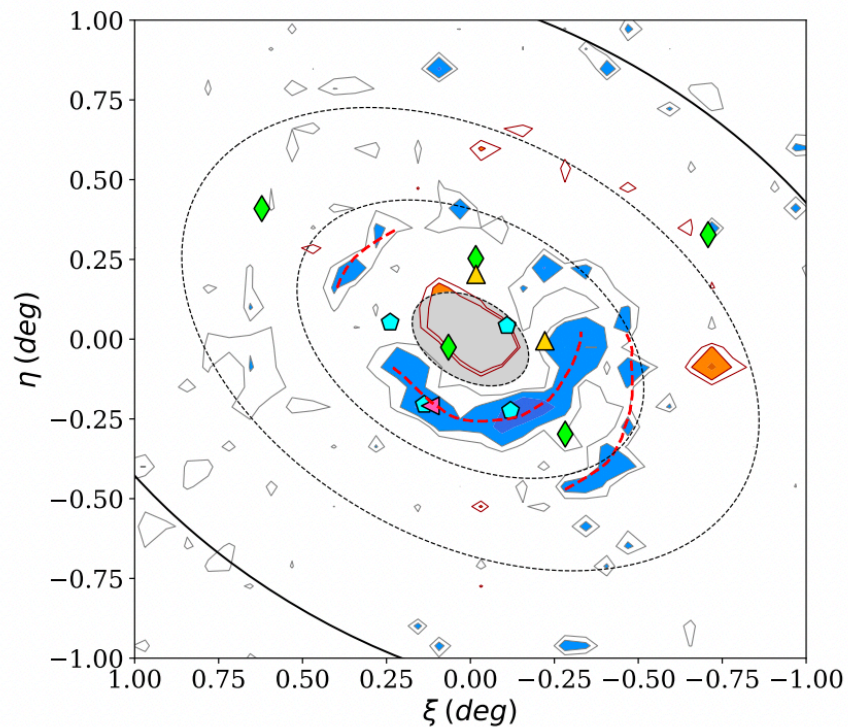


Age-Metallicity Relation



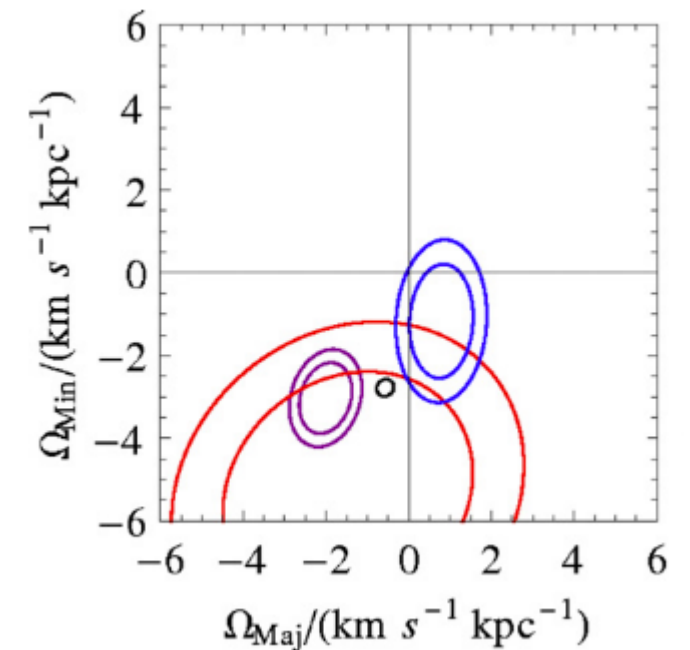
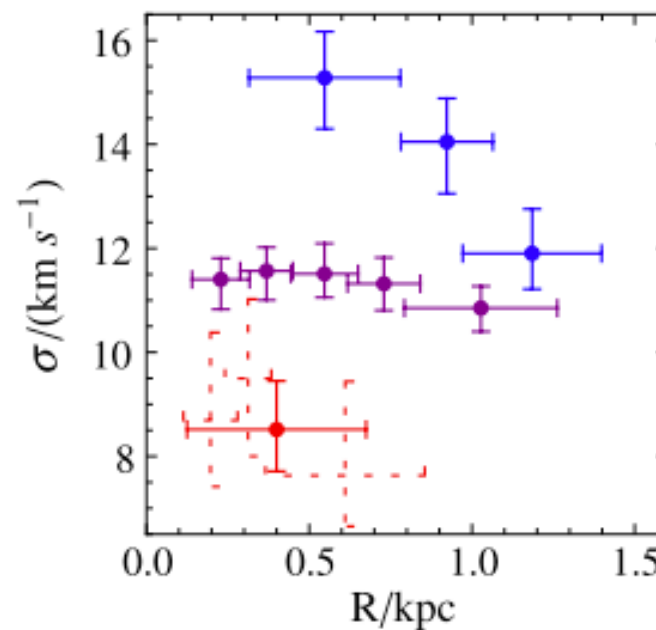
A Late Merger in Fornax?

Evidence from stellar overdensities



Wang et al 2019

See also Coleman et al 2004
del Pino et al 2015



Late merger of bound pair from chemo-dynamics of Fornax.

The angular momentum vectors of the metal-poor and intermediate metallicity populations are misaligned

Amorisco & Evans 2012

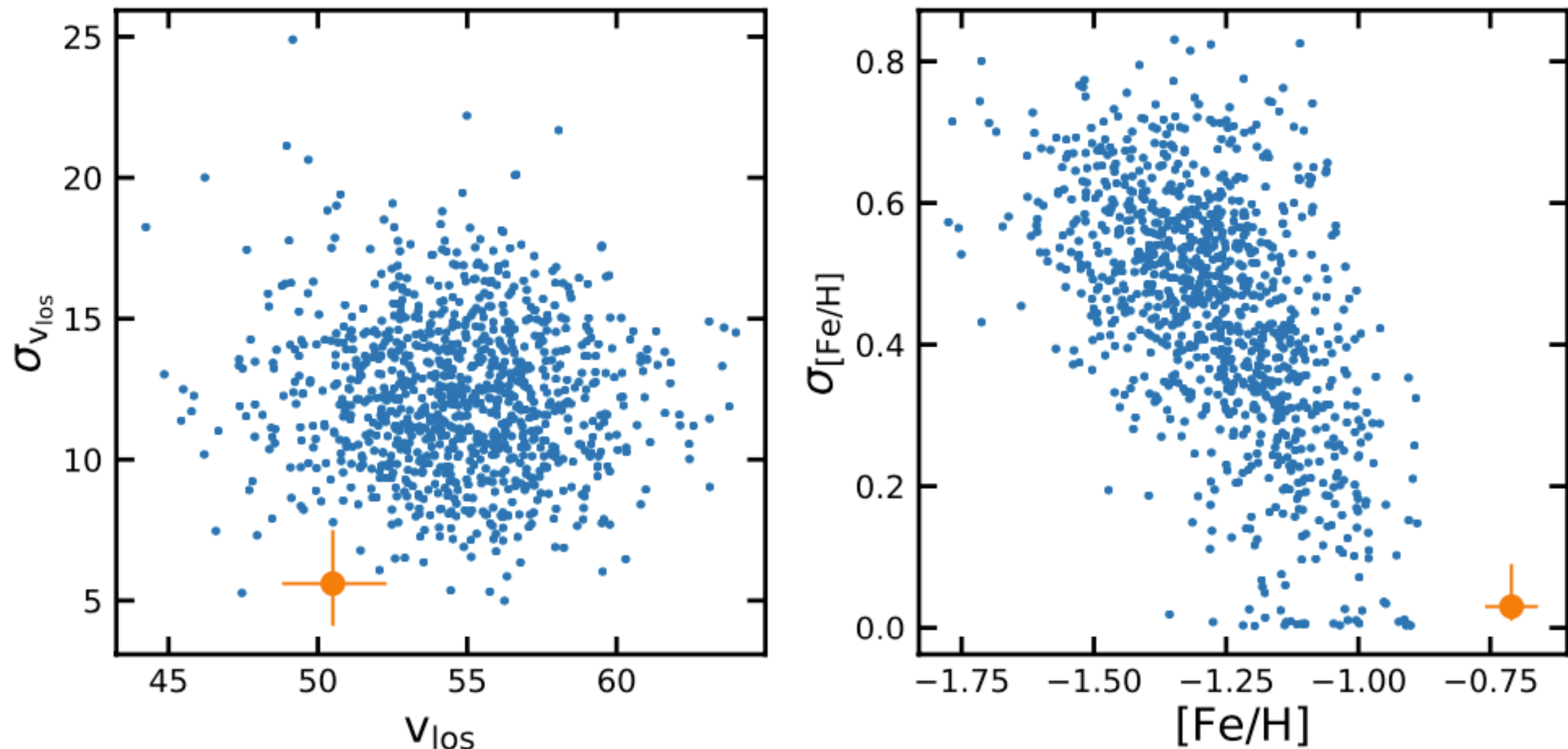
See also Yozin & Bekki 2012
del Pino et al 2017

Conclusions

- **The Fornax 6 Globular Cluster has recently been (re)Discovered**
- **I presented follow-up Magellan/M2FS spectroscopy of the F6 GC.**
 - **This confirms the F6 GC is real.**
 - **F6 is metal-rich ($[\text{Fe}/\text{H}]=-0.7$)**
 - **No resolved metallicity dispersion. Consistent with a single stellar population.**
 - **The line-of-sight velocity is within 5 km/s of the Fornax dSph**
 - **The velocity dispersion is unresolved to ~ 5 km/s depending on the membership of two outliers.**
- **The F6 cluster has similar properties to the three metal-rich Sgr GCs**
- **The F6 cluster is likely the youngest Fornax GC (age ~ 2 Gyr).**
- **Formation**
 - **Previous star bursts possibly during a pericentric passage ($\sim 2, \sim 6$ Gyr).**
 - **Driven by merger in Fornax**

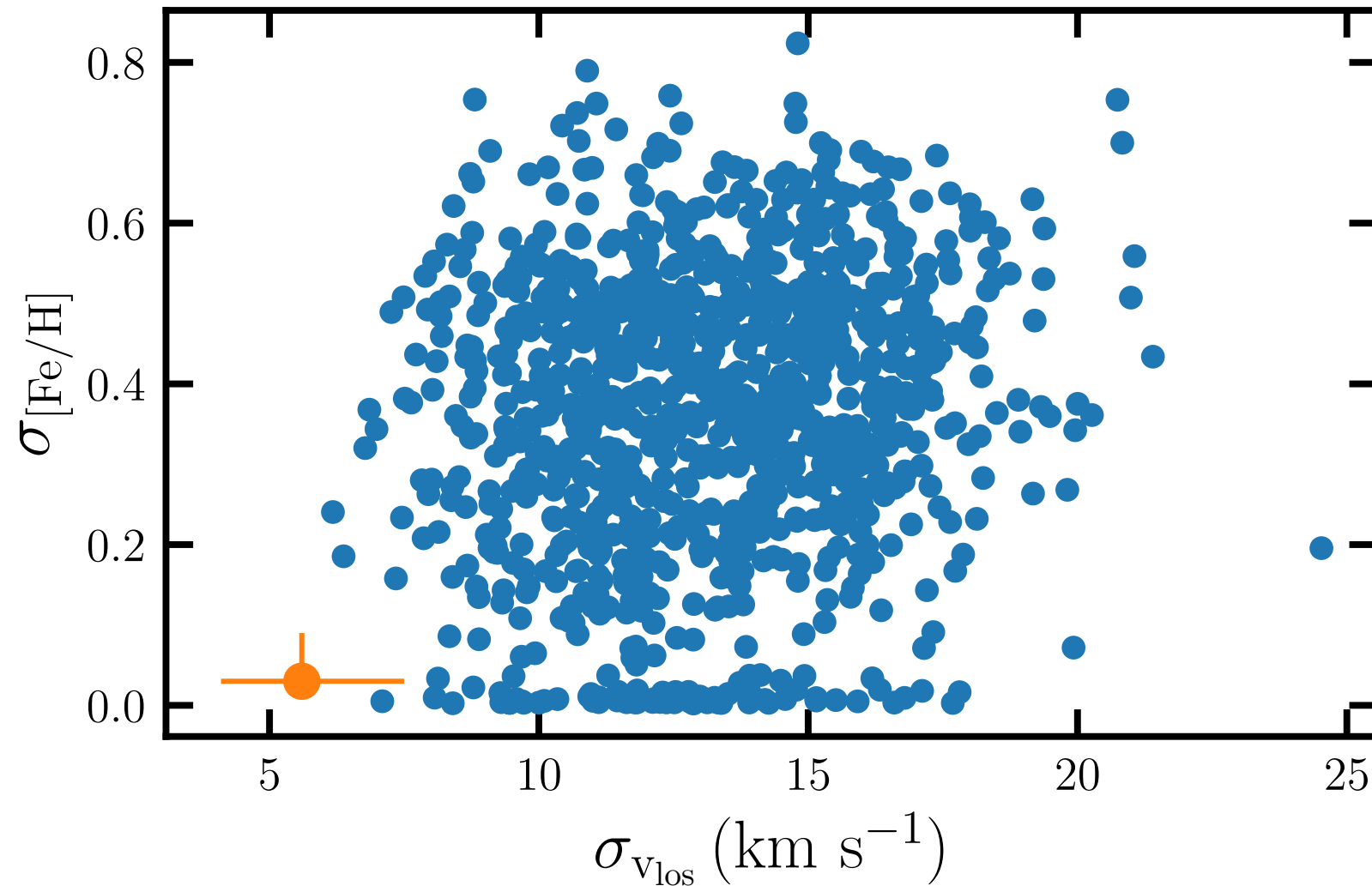
Thanks

An Overdensity of Fornax dSph Stars is Unlikely



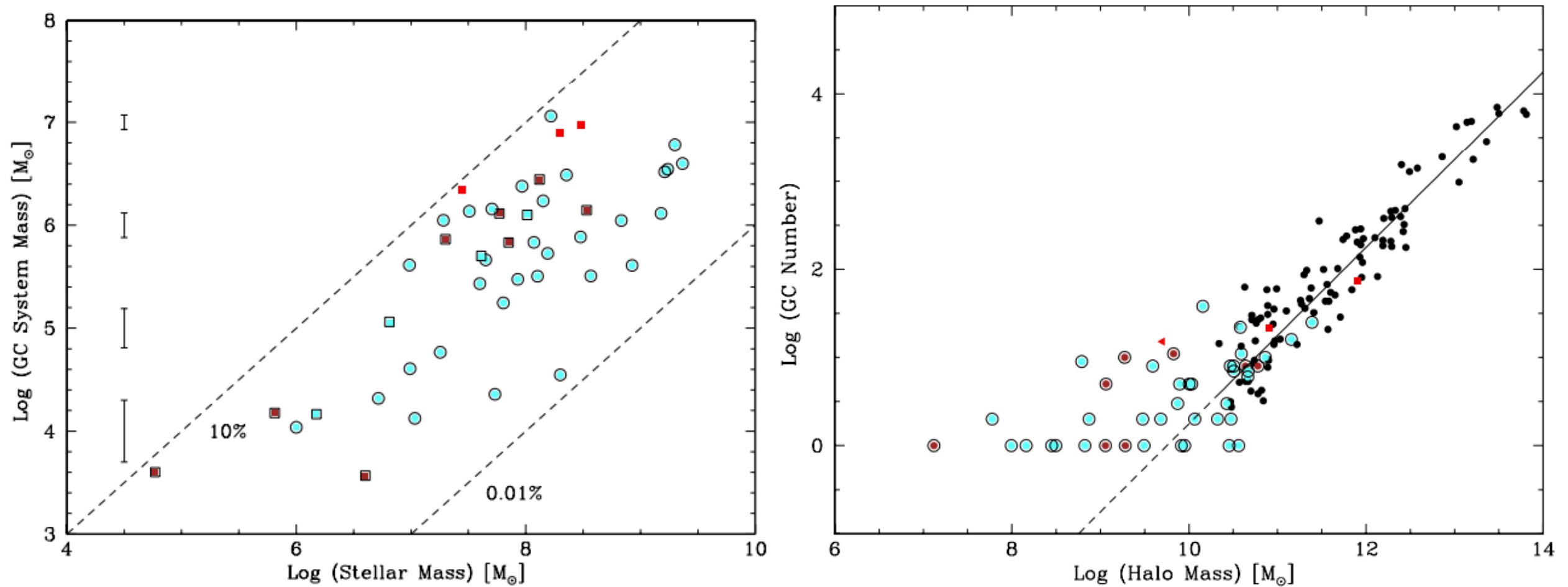
Randomly draw a similar number of Fornax 6 stars from the Fornax dSph sample
The velocity and metallicity distributions of the permutations tests do not match the Fornax 6 properties.

An Overdensity of Fornax dSph Stars is Unlikely



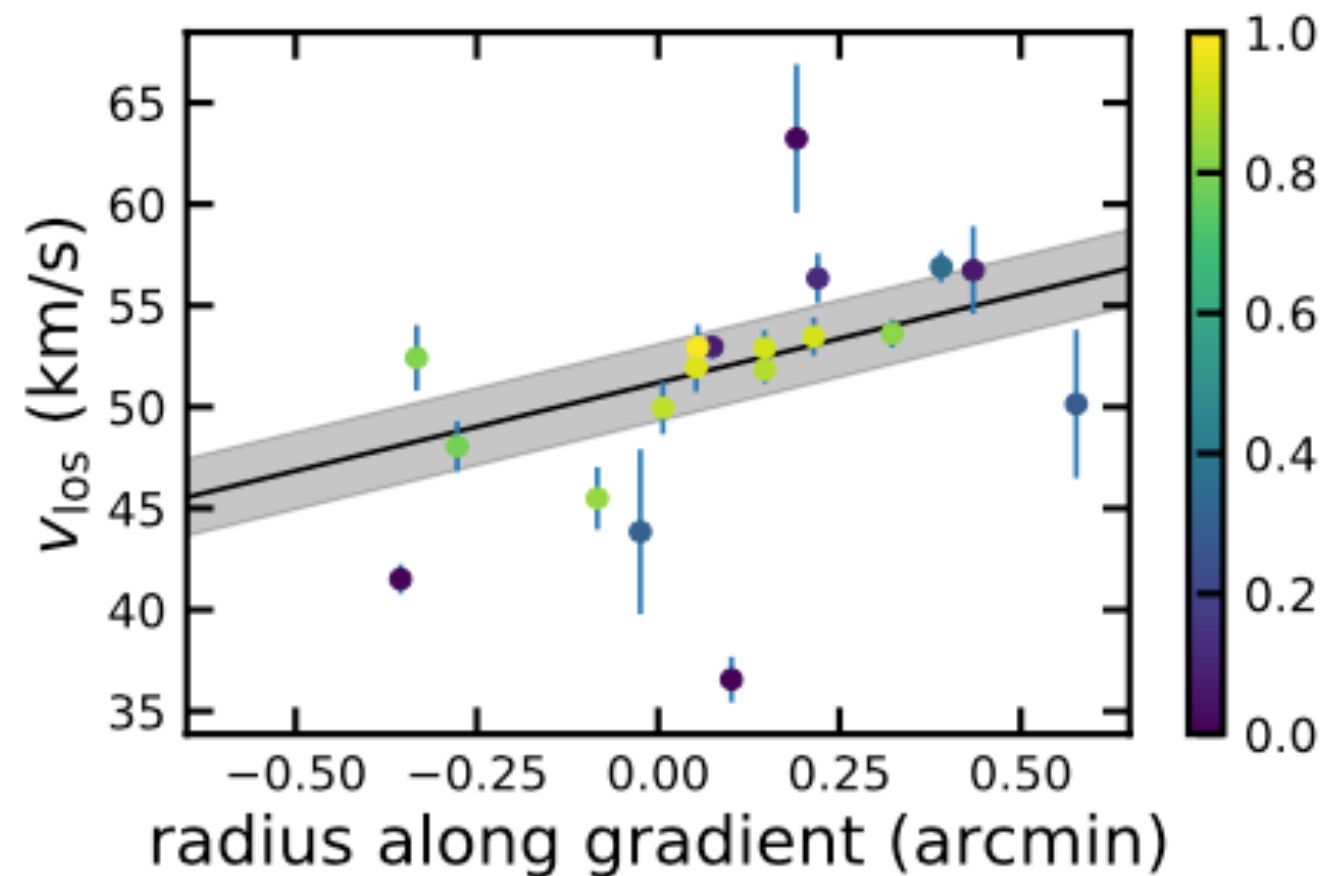
**Randomly draw a similar number of Fornax 6 stars from the Fornax dSph sample
The velocity and metallicity distributions of the permutations tests do not match the
Fornax 6 properties.**

Halo Mass Globular Cluster Mass Relations

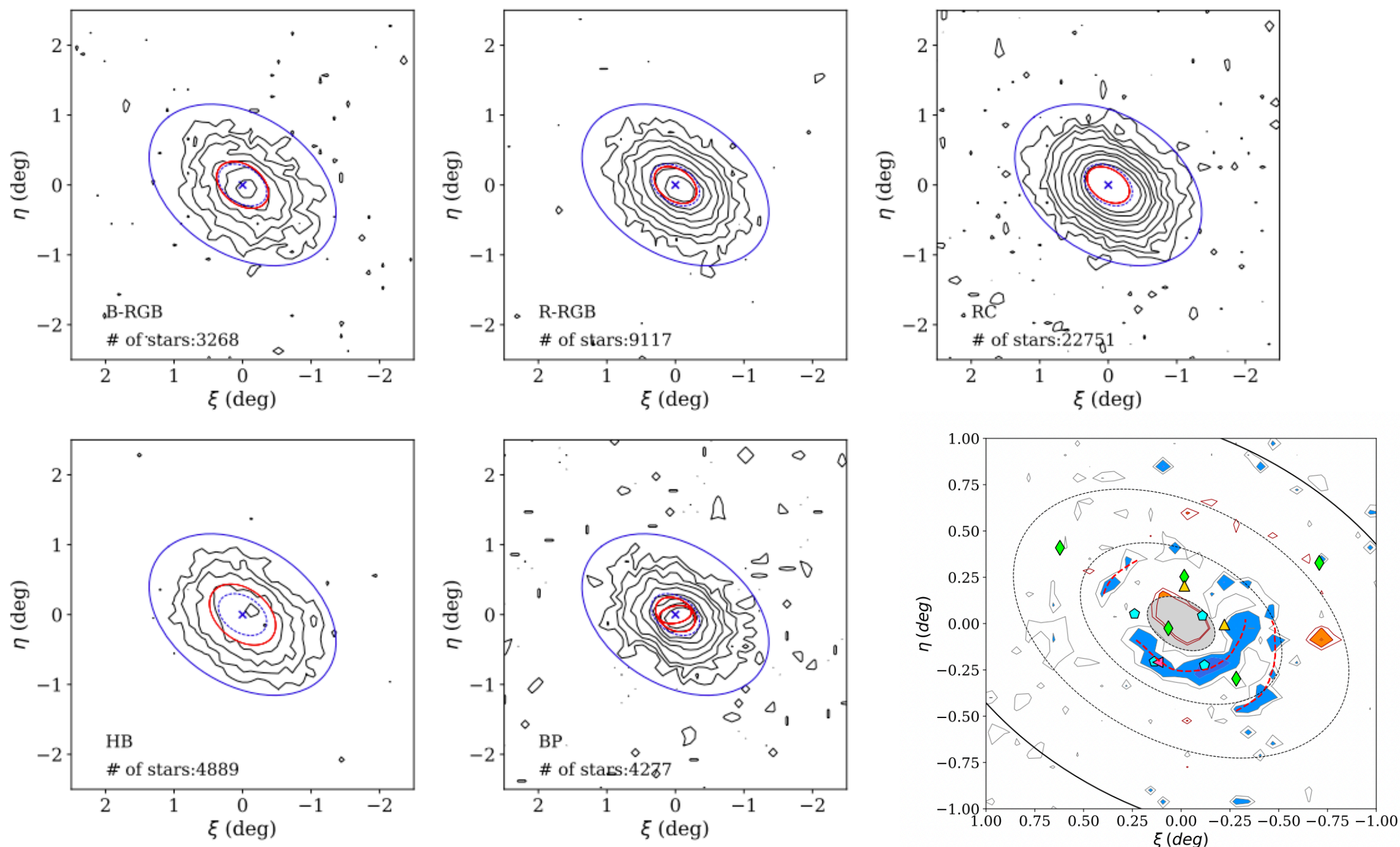


Velocity Gradient/Tidal Disruption?

F6 cluster is quite elongated ($e \sim 0.41$) for a globular cluster.
There is some (non-significant) evidence for a velocity gradient.



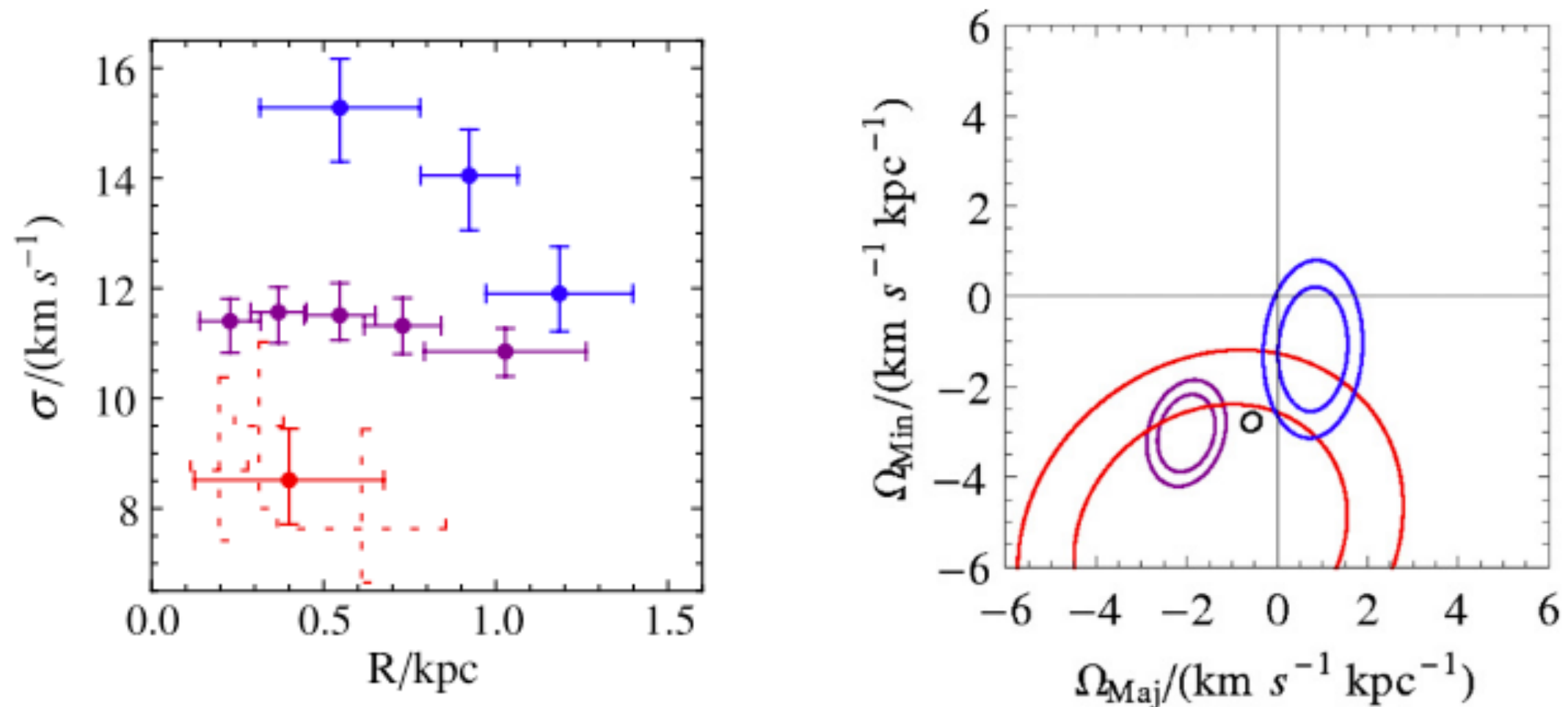
Photometric Evidence Late Merger in Fornax



Wang et al 2019

See also Coleman et al 2004, del Pino et al 2015

Kinematic Evidence Late Merger in Fornax



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Amorisco & Evans 2012

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