Ken Tatematsu

1992-1994: postdoc working with Dan Jaffe and Neal

STRUCTURE OF DENSE CORES IN M17 SW. I. A MULTITRANSITION CS AND C34S STUDY

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ATOMIC CARBON IS A TEMPERATURE PROBE IN DARK CLOUDS

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Chemical variation in the molecular cloud cores in the Orion A GMC

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Background:

dark clouds Tk ~ 10 K, M~10³ Mo, isolated low-mass SF GMCs Tk ~ 10-100 K, M~10⁵ Mo, cluster SF, massive SF

1. INTRODUCTION

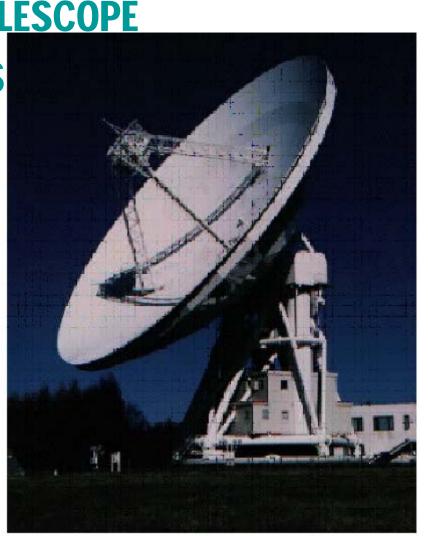
- In dark clouds, chemical evolution of Carbon Chain (CCS, HC₃N)→N-Bearing (NH₃, N₂H⁺) is Well established (e.g., Hirahara et al. 1992; Suzuki et al. 1992; Benson et al. 1998).
- Most stars form in GMCs rather than in dark cloud
- What about chemical evolution in GMC? Our target is Orion A GMCs
- CCS had not been detected in GMCs

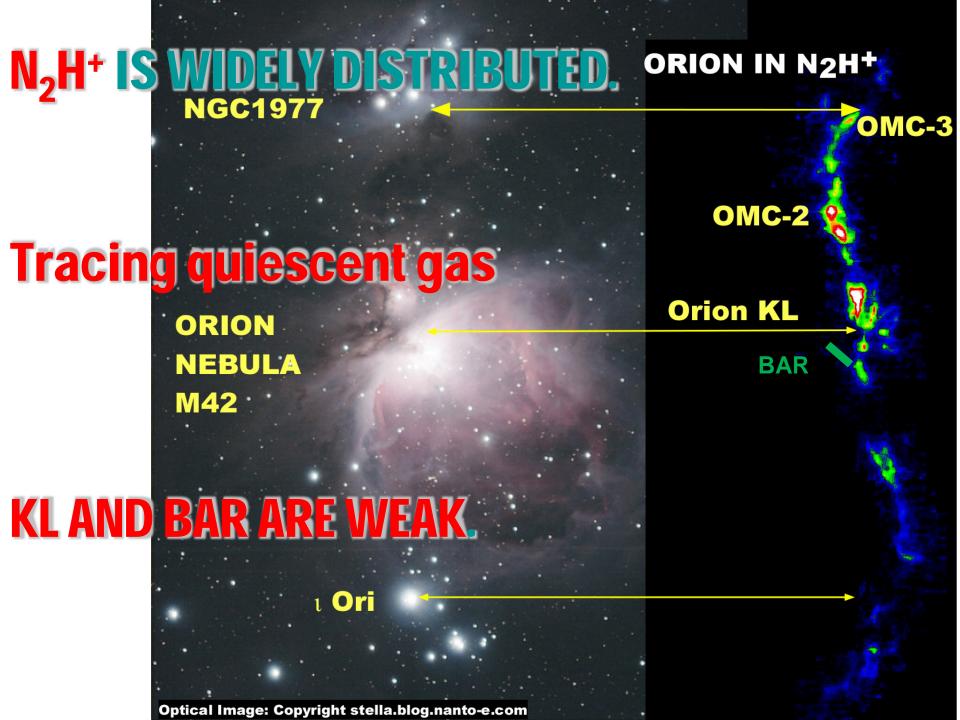
2. OBSERVATIONS

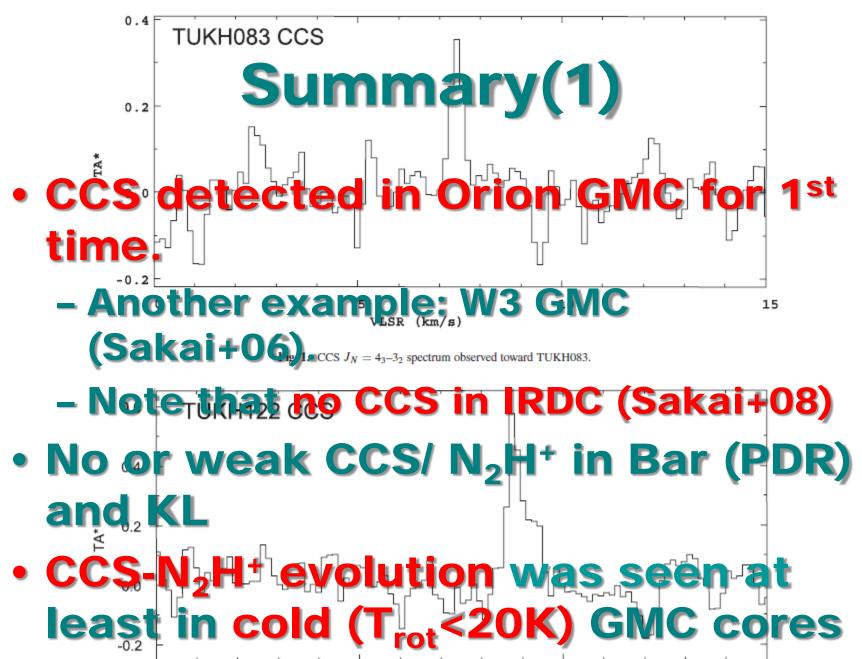
NOBEYAMA 45-m RADIO TELESCOPE

- RECEIVERS \$40, T1Z, BEARS
- CCS at 45.4 and 81.5 GHz,
 N₂H⁺ at 93 GHz
- 38" BEAM at 45GHz
- 19" BEAM FOR 80-100GHz

Trot (NH₃) data is taken
 from Wilson+99

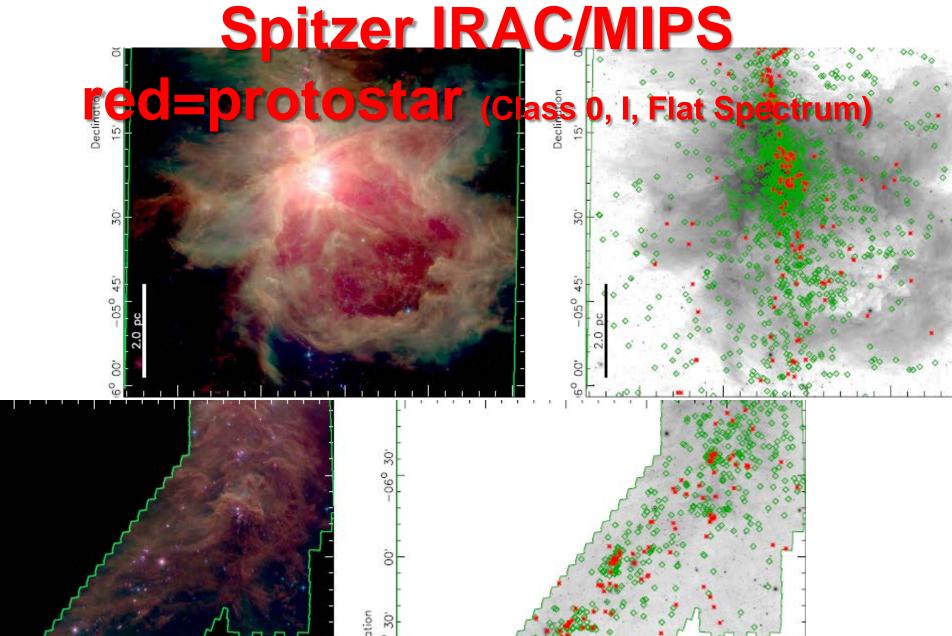




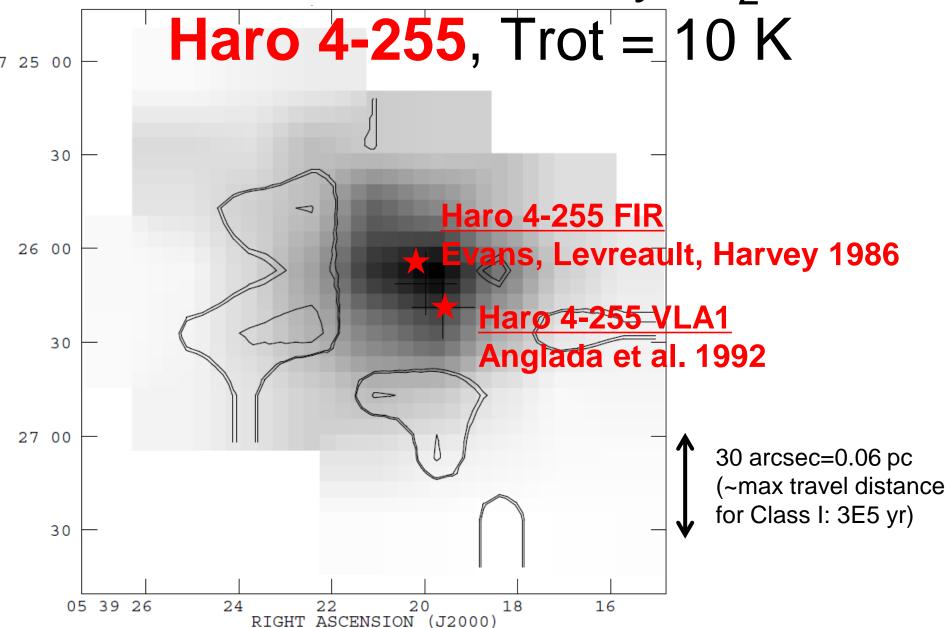


Tatematsu et al. 2008, PASJ, 60, 407; Tatematsuet al. 2010, PASJ, 62, 1473; Tatematsu et al. 2013, in prep

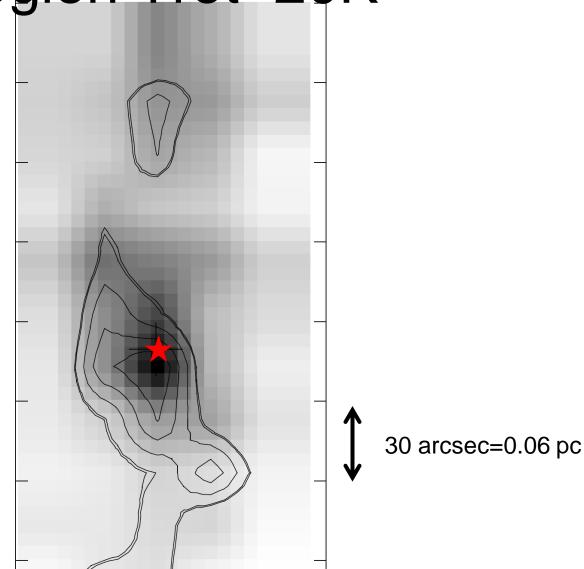
YSO identification: Megeath+12

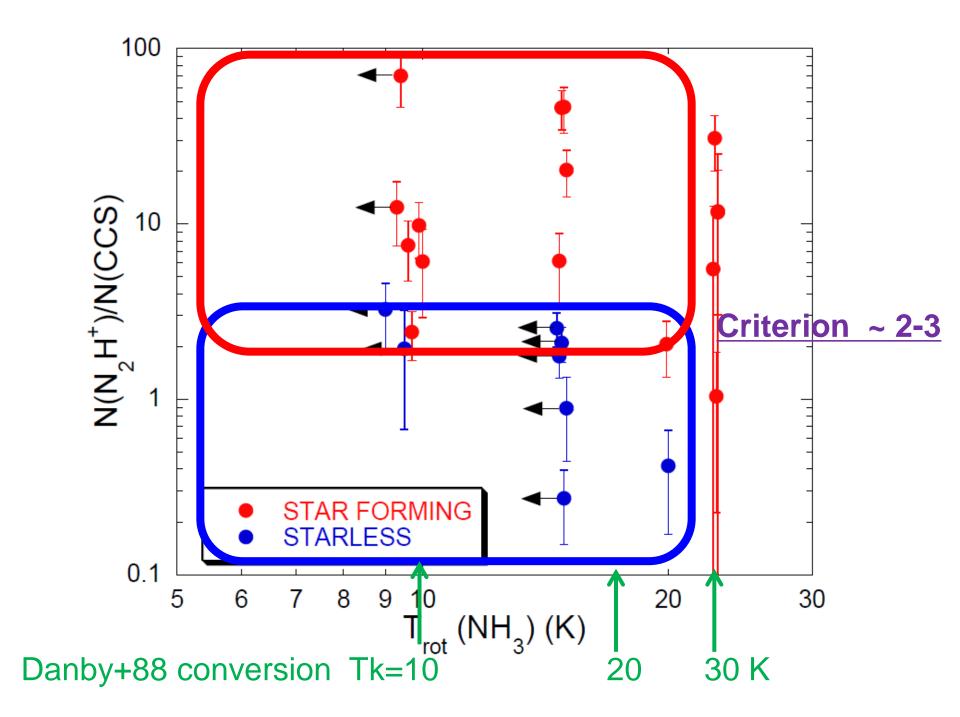


Contour=CCS, Grey=N₂H⁺



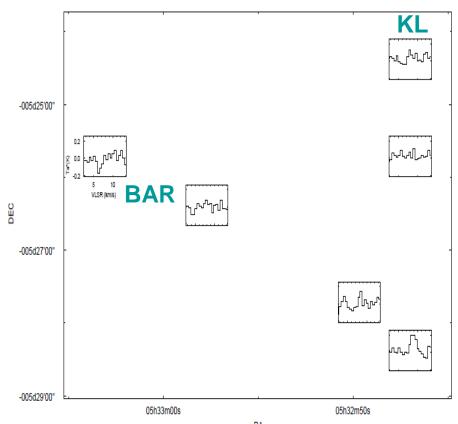
Contour=CCS, Grey=N₂H⁺ Region Trot=20K

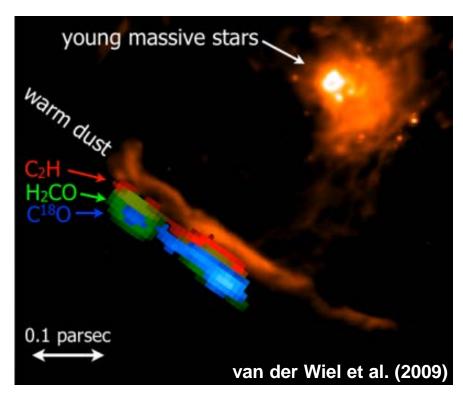




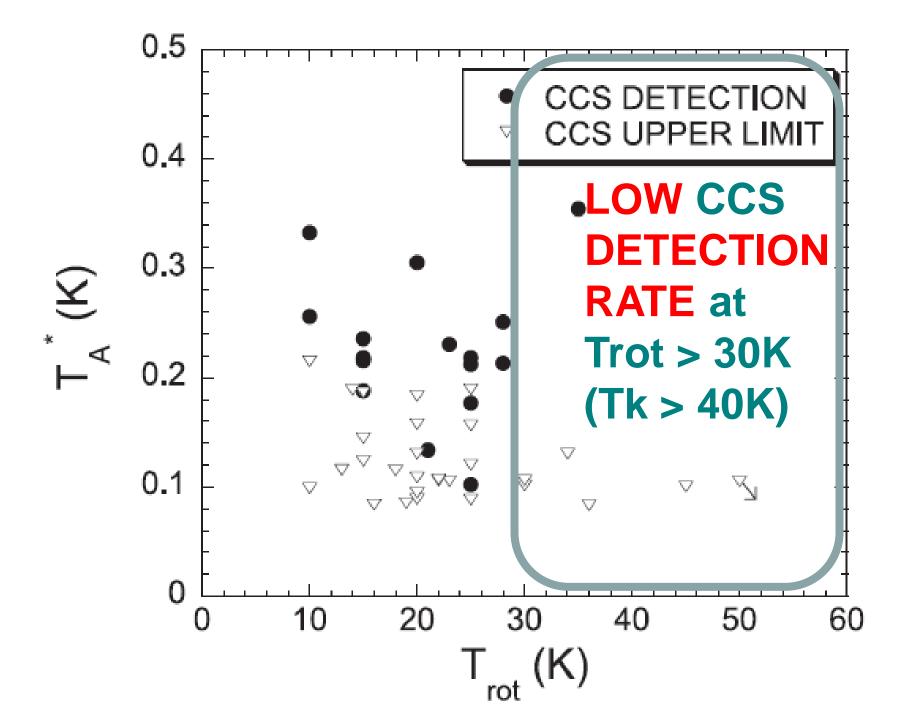
Orion Bar- the PDR

 No detection of CCS at the Orion Bar or KL





JCMT



Summary(2)

- CCS-N₂H⁺ evolution also in GMCs
 - Starless cores: CCS
 - Star-forming cores: N₂H⁺ (and CCS)
- In evolved region like KL and Bar, no or weak CCS/N₂H⁺ (N₂H⁺ only trace quiescent gas. CCS core is rare in warm >30 K gas)
- Thank you for your attention! Thank you, Neal!