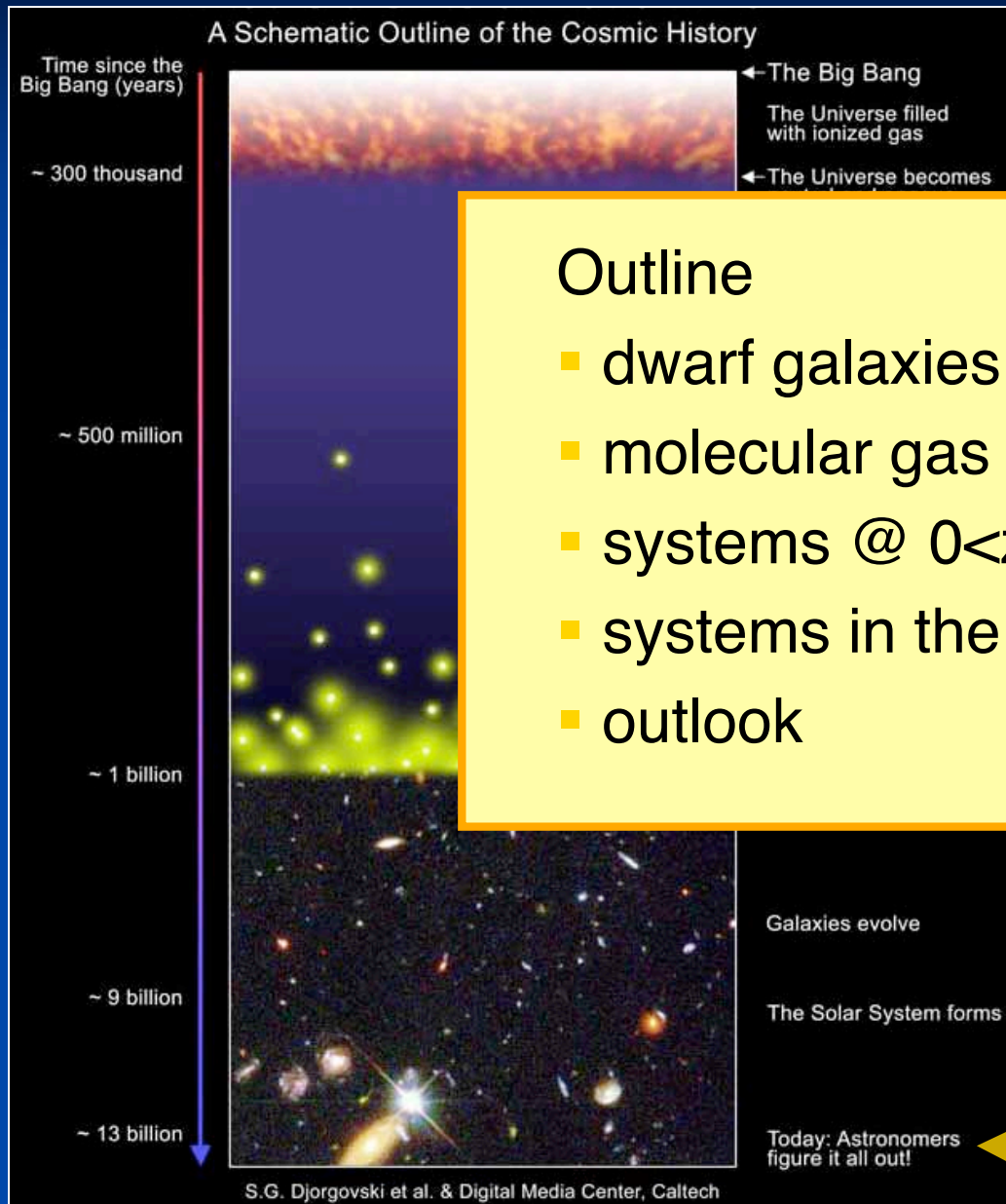




# The Evolution of Galaxies: From the Local Group to the Epoch of Reionization

Fabian Walter  
National Radio Astronomy Observatory

# History of the Universe



## Outline

- dwarf galaxies - building blocks?
- molecular gas - fuel for SF
- systems @  $0 < z < 5$
- systems in the EoR:  $z > 6$
- outlook

galaxies today



# The Local Group



Dwarfs: most numbers type of galaxies + low metallicity

# Structure Formation

$z=49.000$



high- $z$ :

small  $\rightarrow$  large  
structures

today:

still lots of low mass  
DM halos

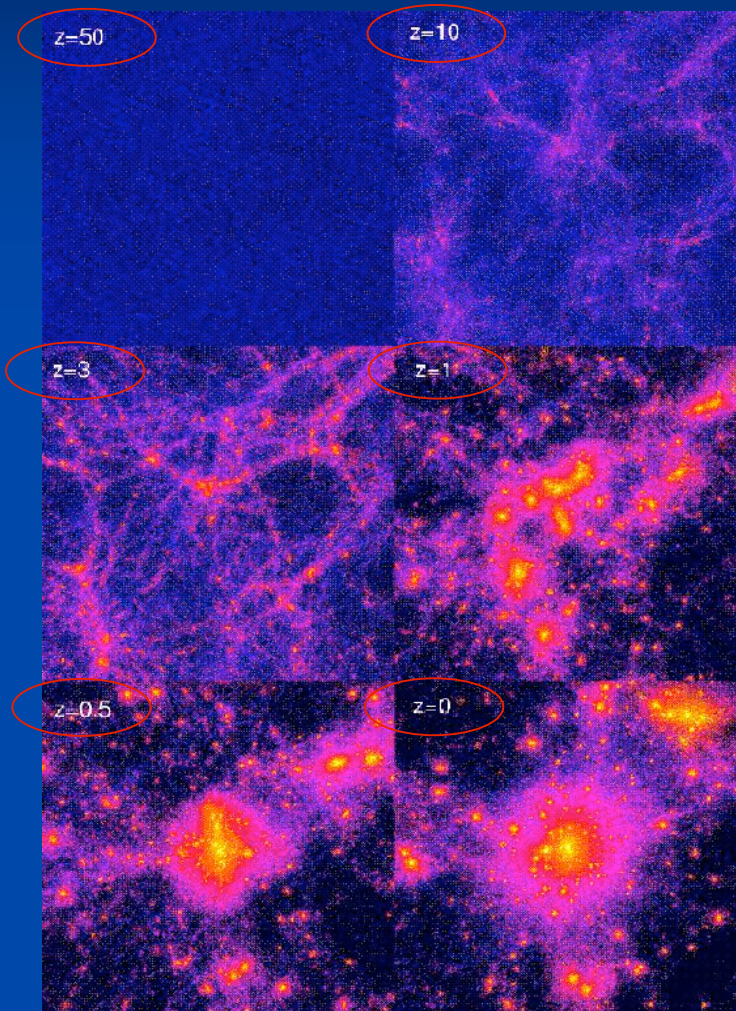
Moore et al. 1999

Ghigna et al. 1998



# CDM Models vs. Local Group

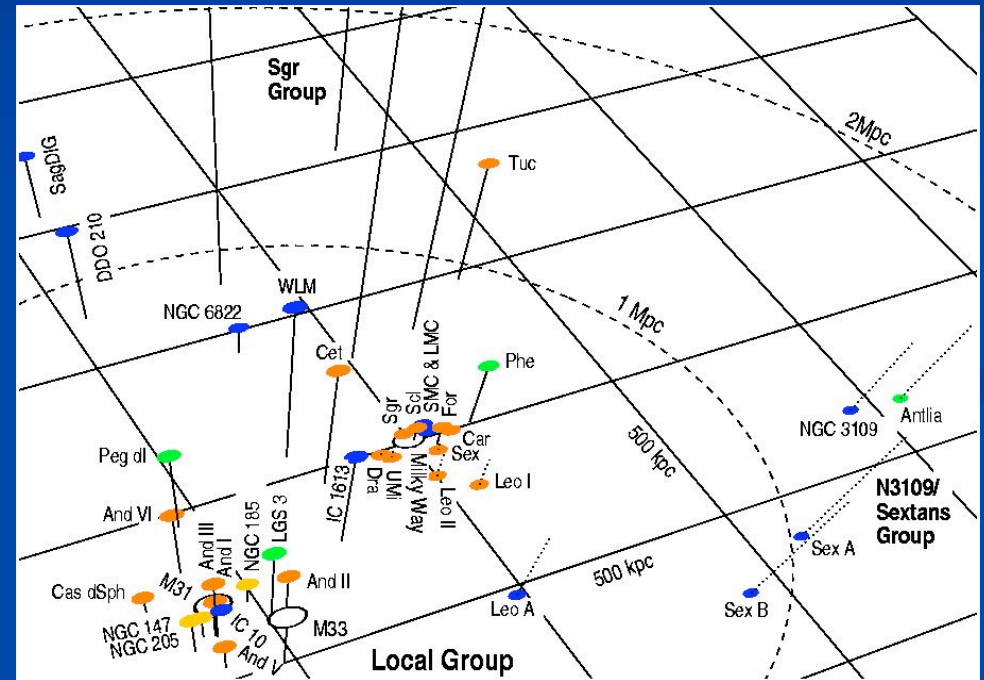
## CDM simulations



Moore 1999

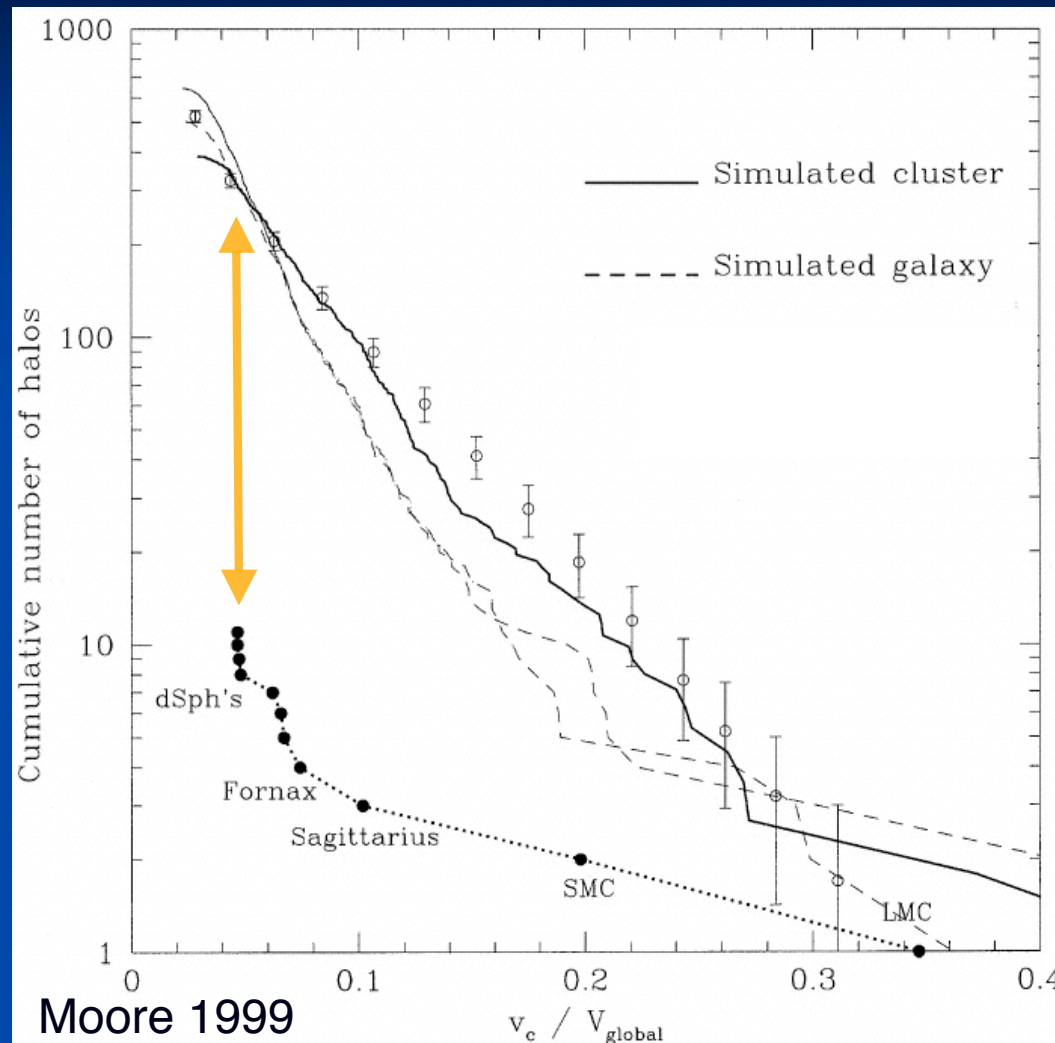
## Structure of Local Group

vs.



Grebel 2002

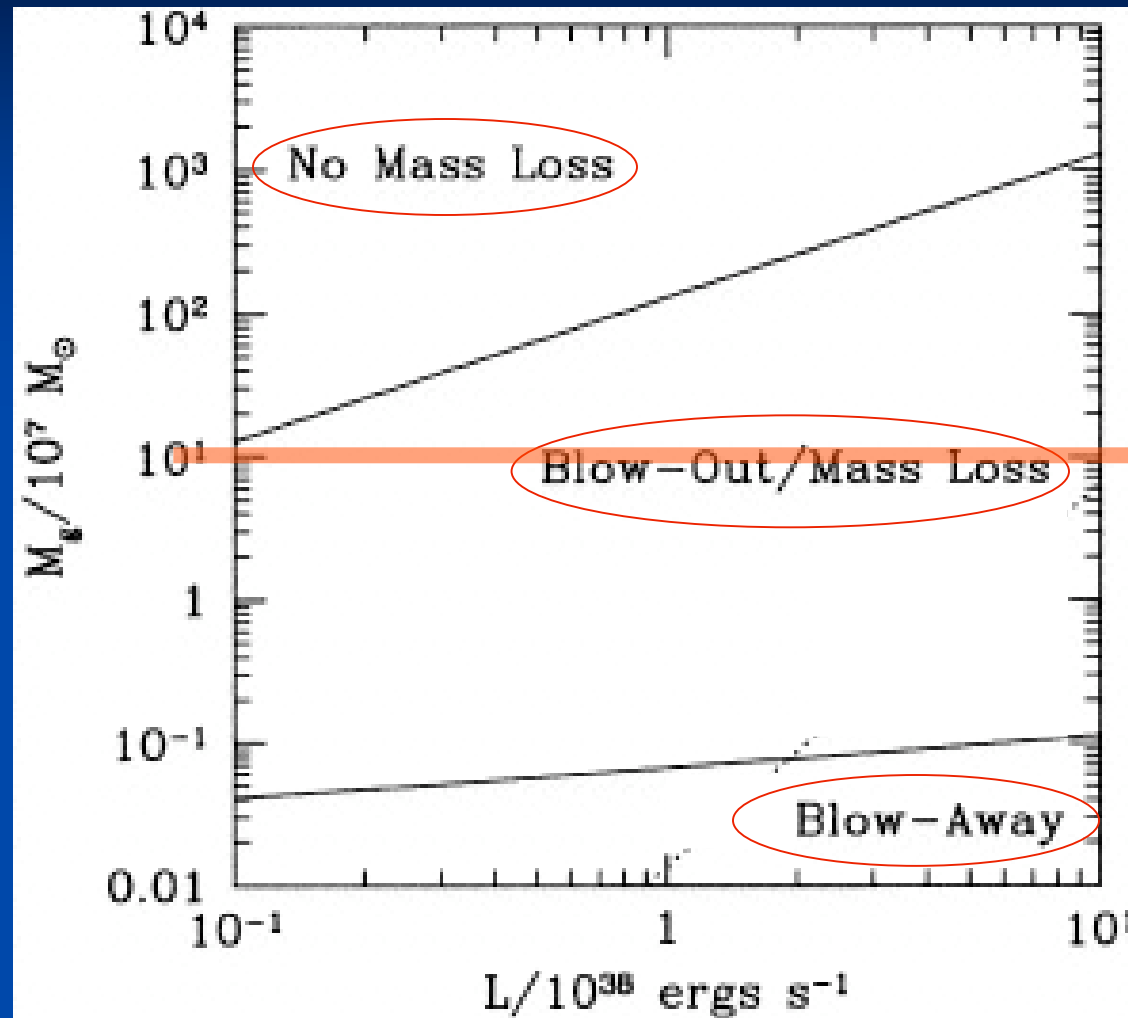
# CDM Models vs. Local Group



‘missing  
satellite  
problem’

-> challenge for both theoreticians and observers!  
searches did not find missing population.

# The Impact of SF

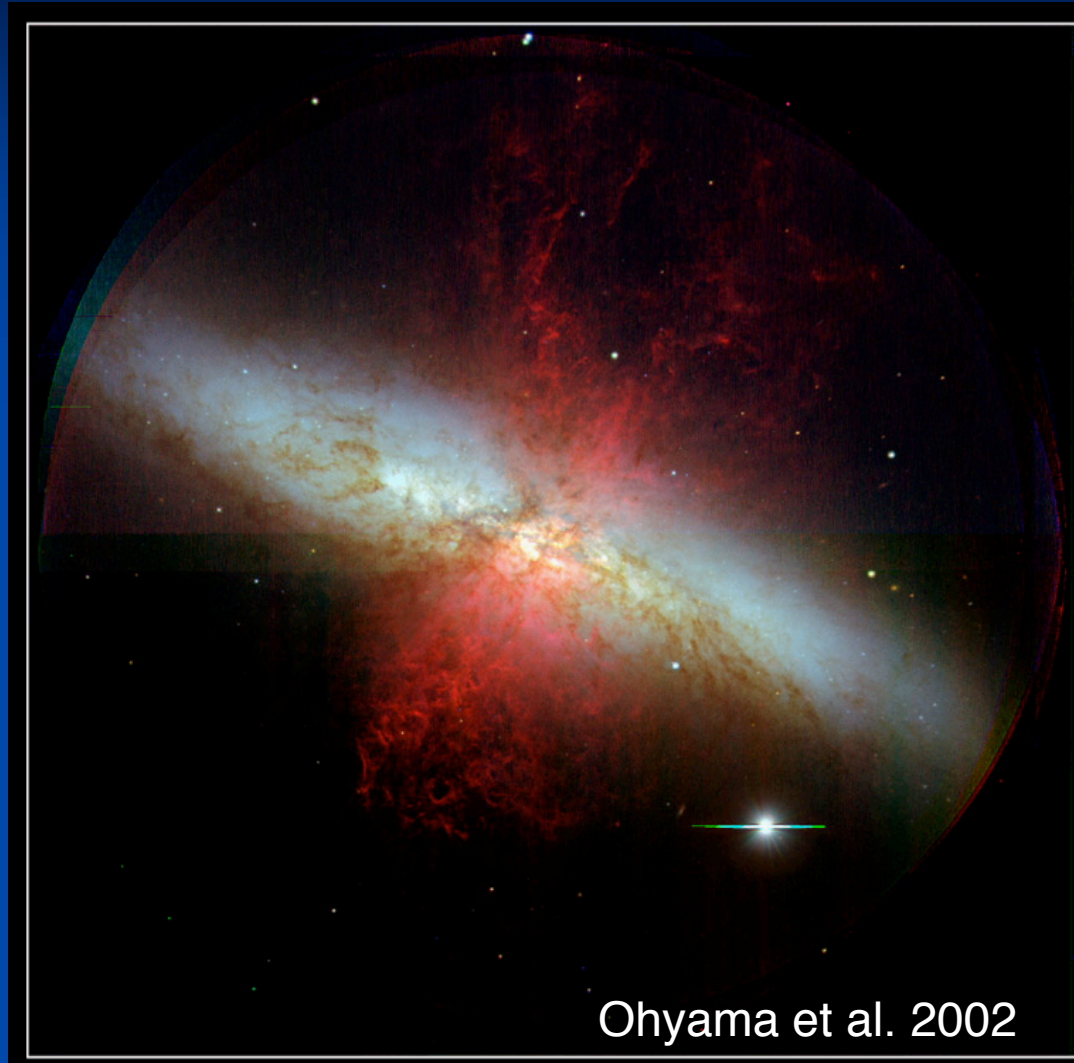


Mac Low & Ferrara 1999

can blow-away explain 'missing satellite problem'?

## The Impact of SF: M82

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-> but can dwarf galaxies be 'blown away'?

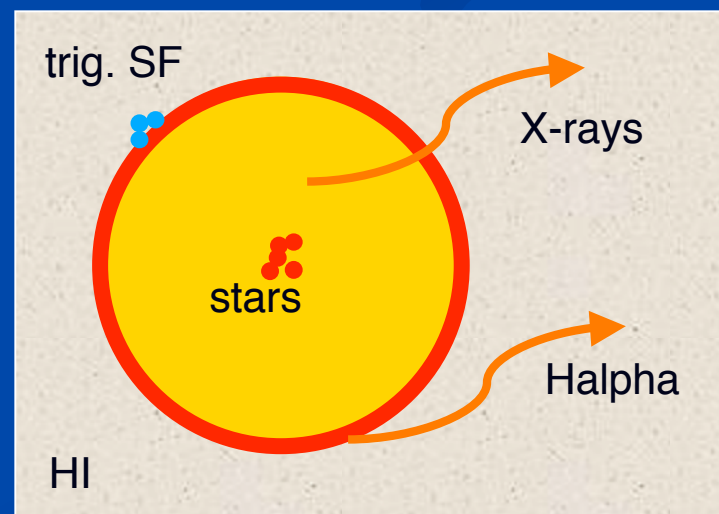
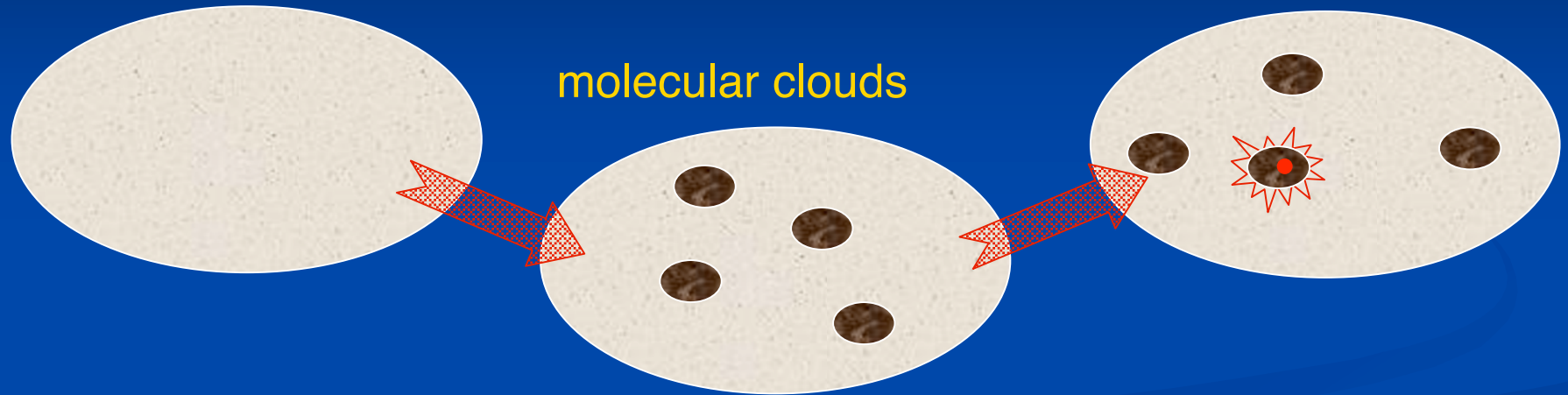


# ISM $\leftrightarrow$ Star Formation

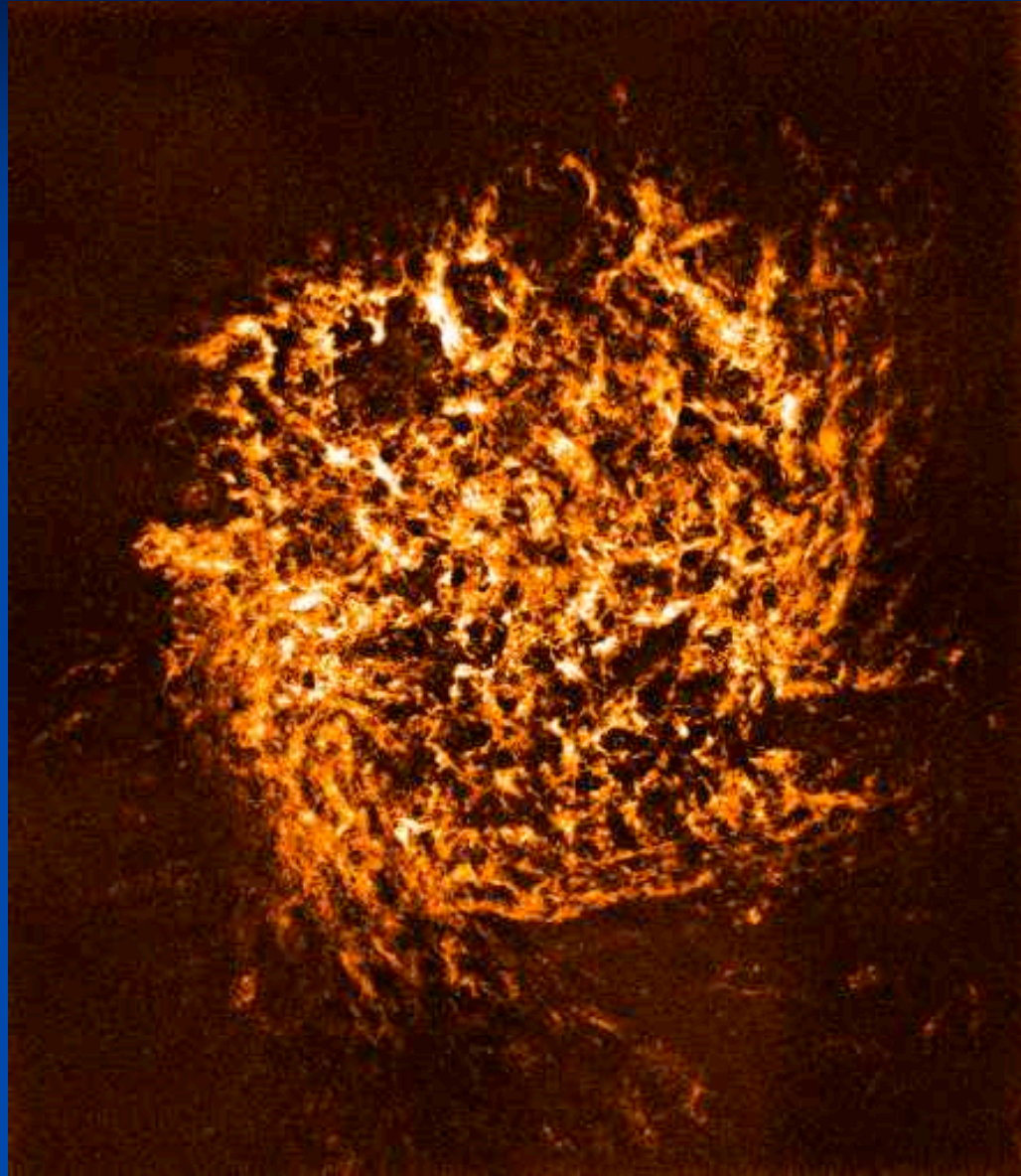
atomic hydrogen (HI)

molecular clouds

star formation



## Atomic Hydrogen in the LMC

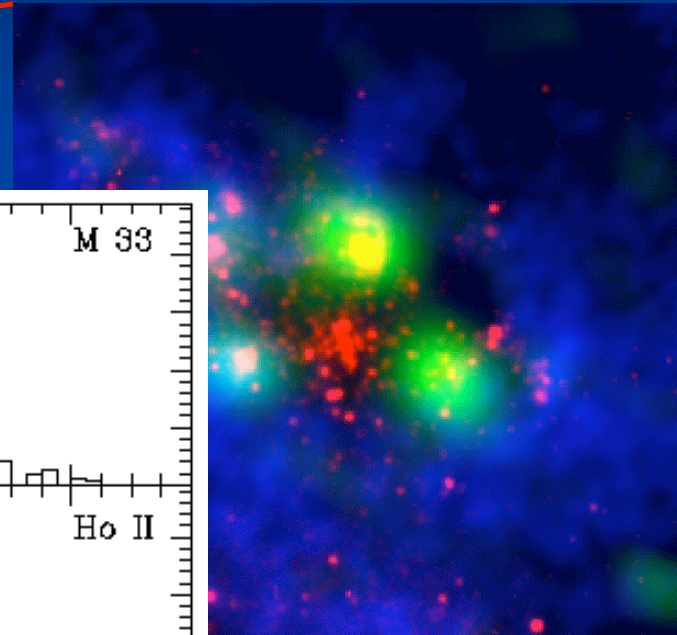
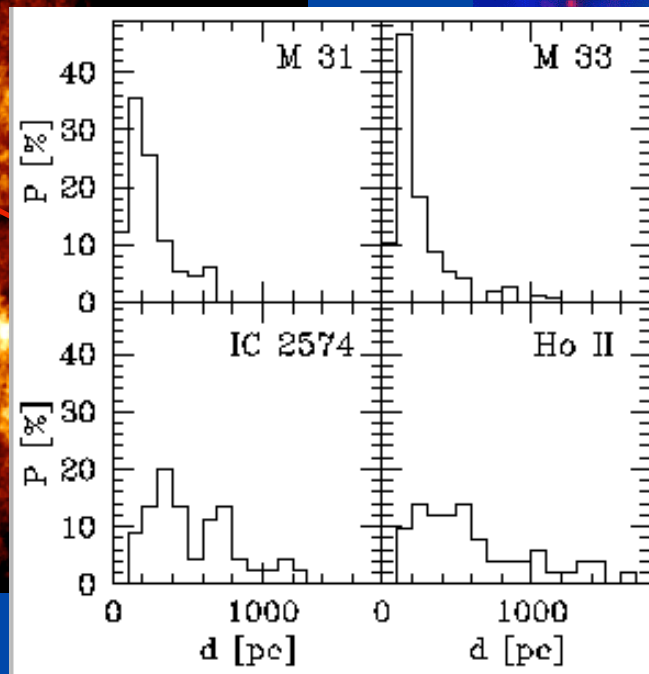
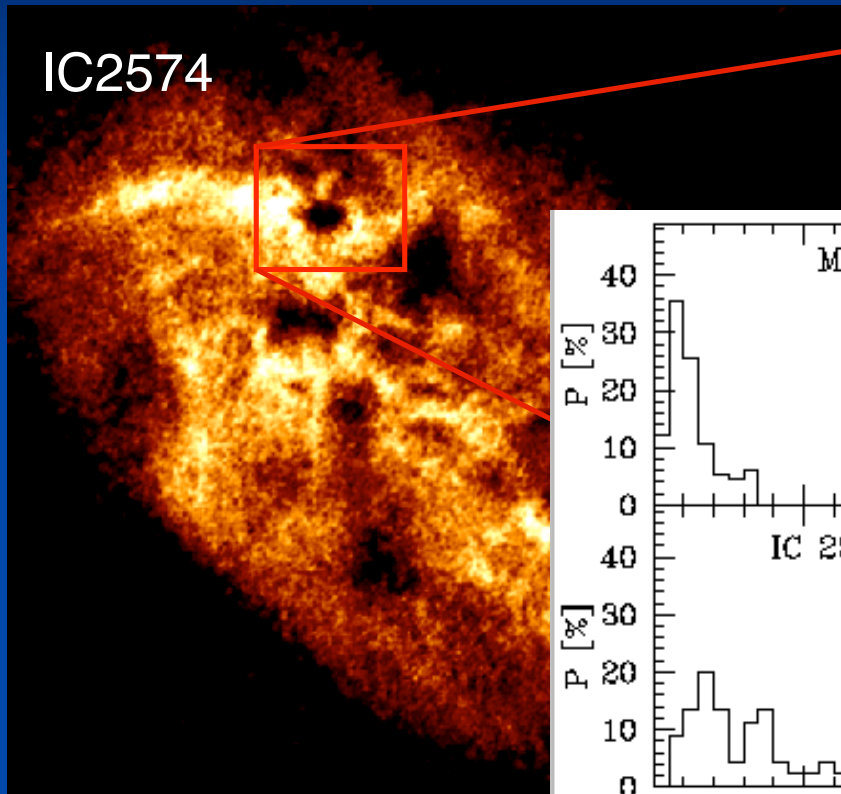


Kim et al. 1998

# The Impact of SF: IC2574



IC2574



Walter et al. 1998  
Walter & Brinks 1999

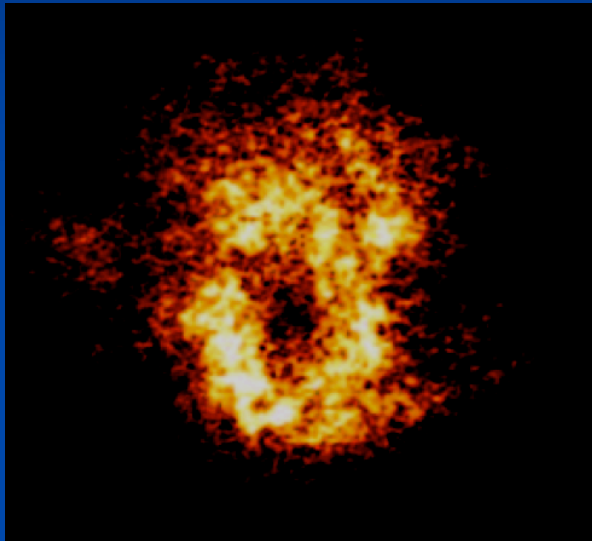
- $v_{\text{exp}} = 25 \text{ kms}^{-1}$ , age:  $15 \times 10^6 \text{ yr}$ ,  $E \sim 10^{53} \text{ erg}$   
-> hole formed by central cluster (?)

trace SFH w/ HST ACS/WFC



# The Impact of SF: Lowest Mass

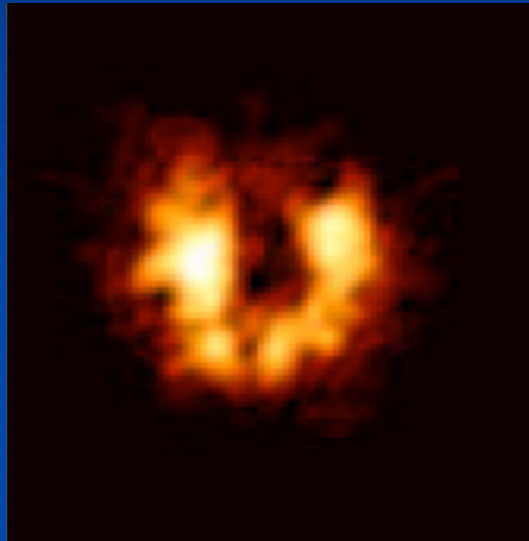
Holmberg I



$$M_{\text{HI}} = 10^8 M_{\text{sun}}$$

Ott, Walter et al. 2001

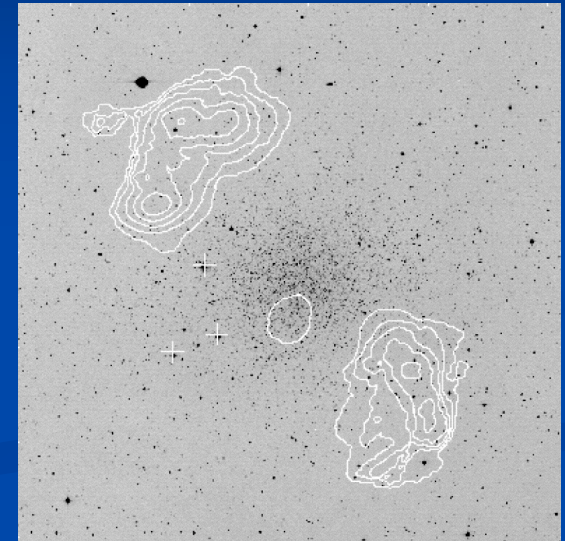
M81 dwarf A



$$M_{\text{HI}} = 10^7 M_{\text{sun}}$$

$$\text{SFR} \sim 0.001 M_{\text{sun}} \text{ yr}^{-1}$$

Sculptor



$$M_{\text{HI}} \sim 10^4 M_{\text{sun}}$$

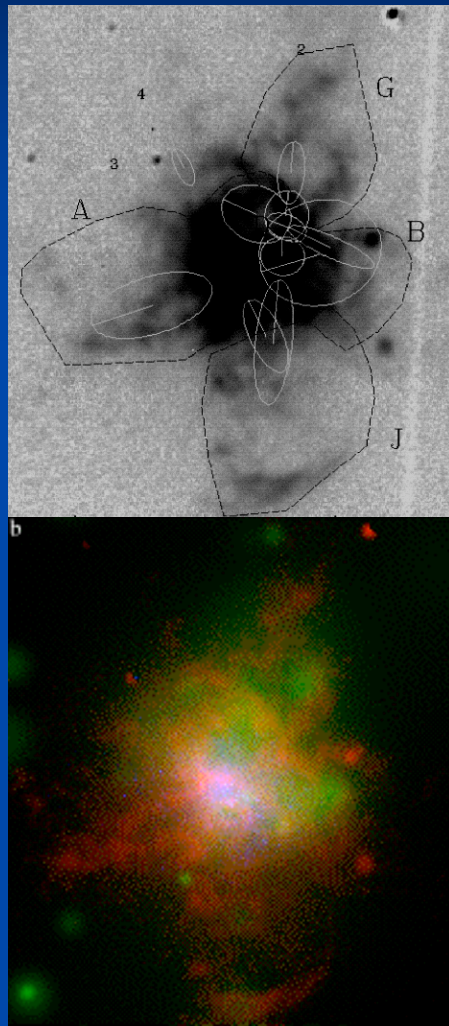
Carignan et al. 1998

transition objects?

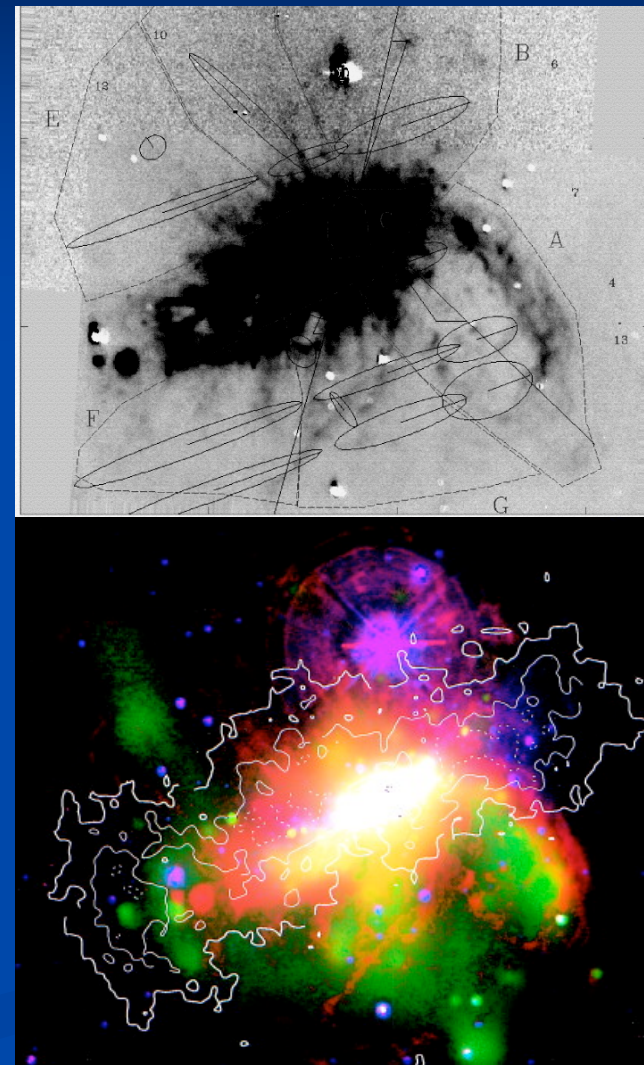
circumstantial evidence: SF pushes gas out  
need observations of hot gas phase (X-rays)

# The Impact of SF: Dwarf Starburst Galaxies

NGC 3077



NGC 1569



$\text{SFR} \sim 0.1 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

■ H $\alpha$

■ X-rays  
(Chandra)

$T \sim 3 \times 10^6 \text{ K}$   
 $n \sim 0.1 \text{ cm}^{-3}$   
 $D = 0.5 - 1.5 \text{ kpc}$

Ott, Martin & Walter 2003

Martin et al. 2002

# Missing Satellites

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Discrepancy w/ CDM model?

Some cases show 'blow-out'...  
...but 'blow-away' ?

still need to find transition objects

- > *deep* optical/H $\alpha$  observations + spectroscopy
- > XMM-Newton follow-up

other 'solutions': problem w/ CDM simulations  
low-mass dark matter halos DARK



# Mol. Gas & Millimeter Interferometers

- molecular gas: fuel for SF
- cold  $H_2$  invisible  $\rightarrow$  use CO as tracer
- $[CO]$

Fuel for SF in:

$z=0$

- spiral galaxies
- dwarf galaxies
- starburst galaxies
- mergers

high  $z$

- sources @  $2 < z < 5$
- sources in the EoR:  $z > 6$

*PdBI*



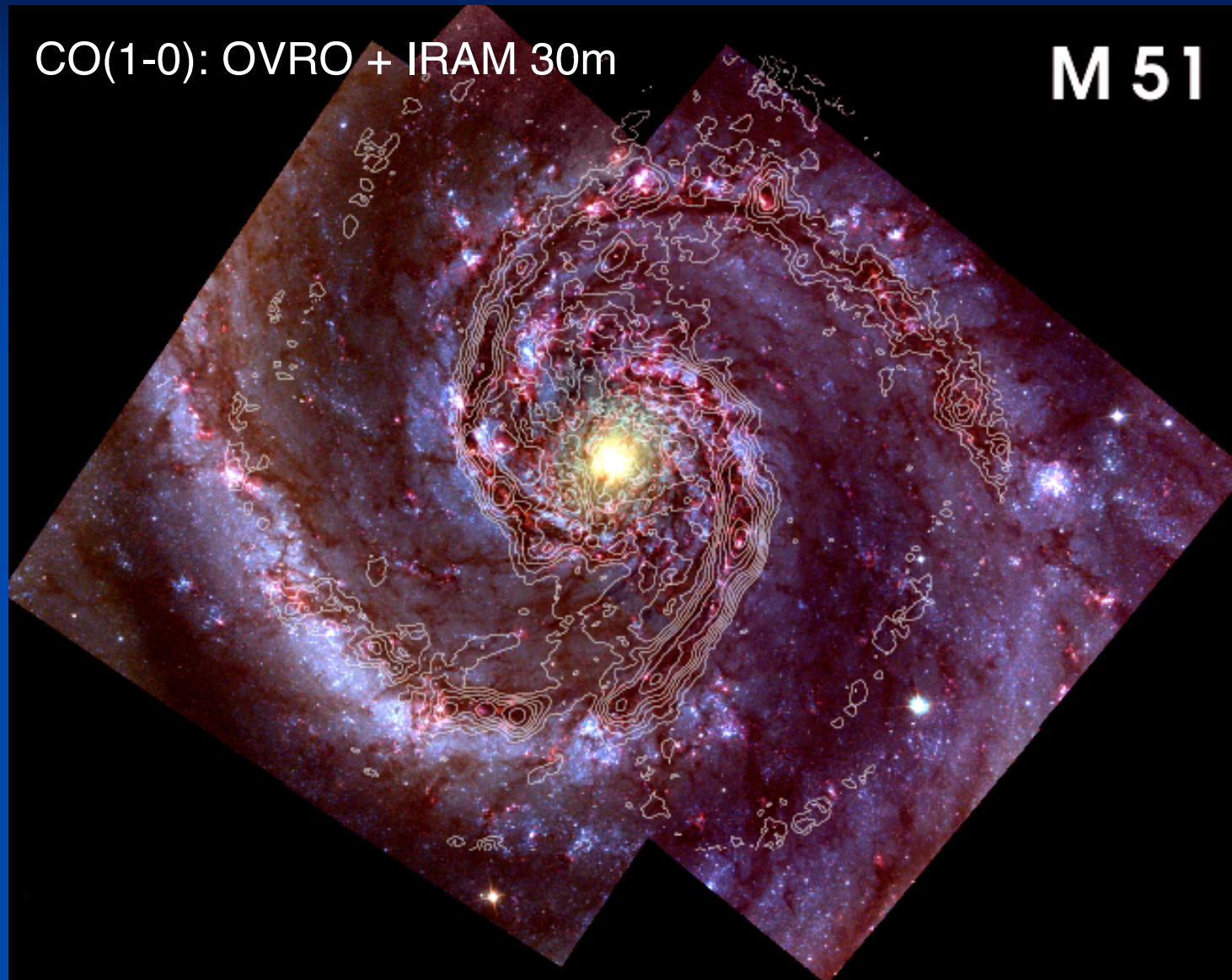
*OVRO*



*VLA*



# Spiral Galaxy: M51

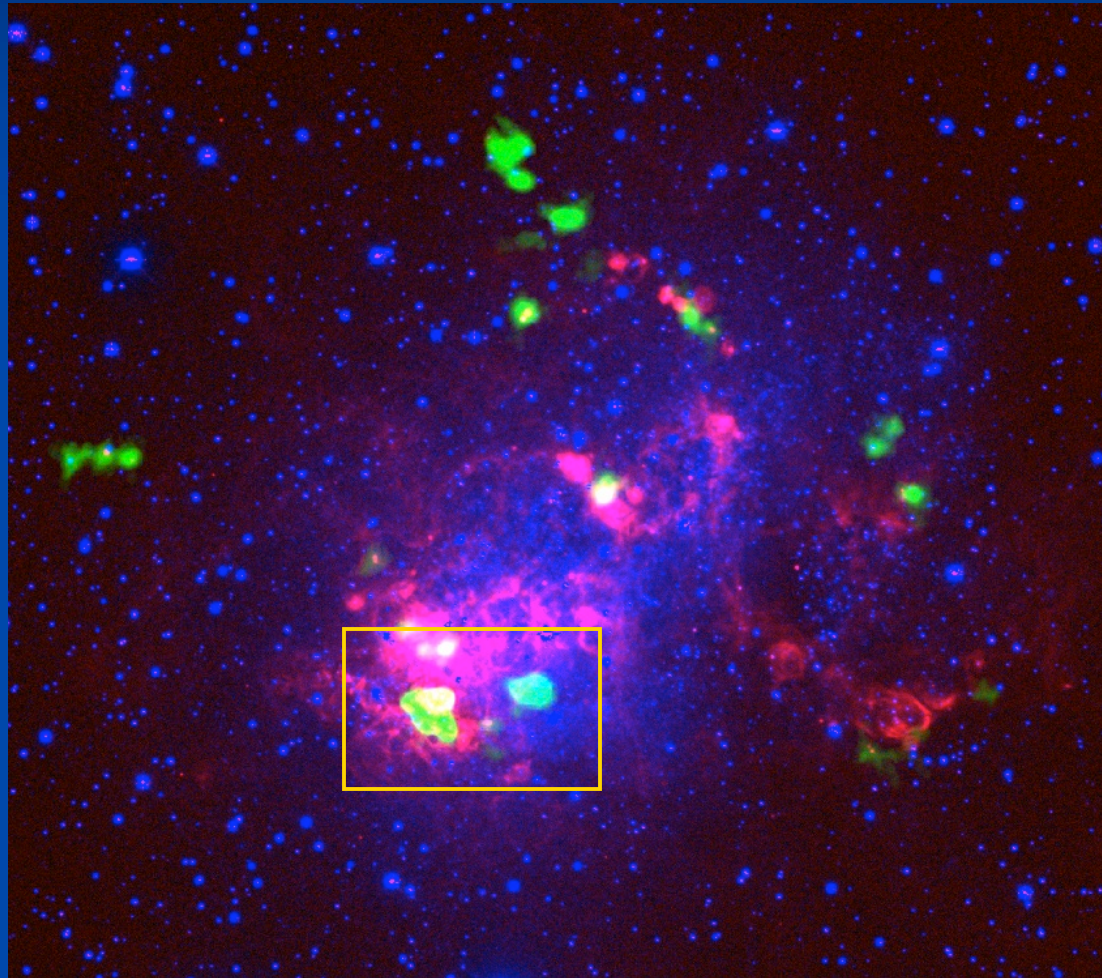


Scoville et al. 2002, Aalto et al. 2000, Schinnerer et al. 2004

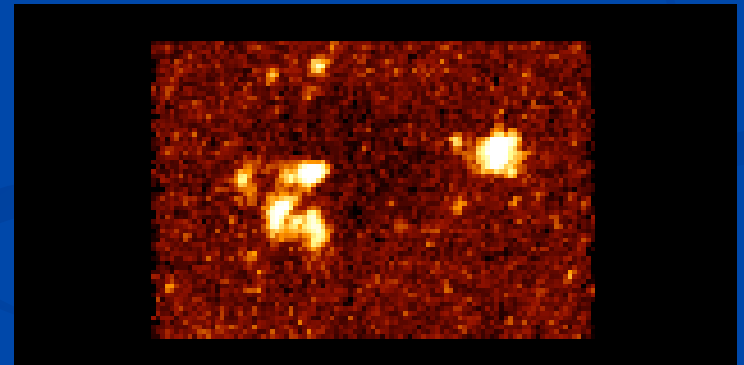


# Dwarf Galaxy: IC10

low-metallicity dwarf galaxy



CO(1-0): OVRO

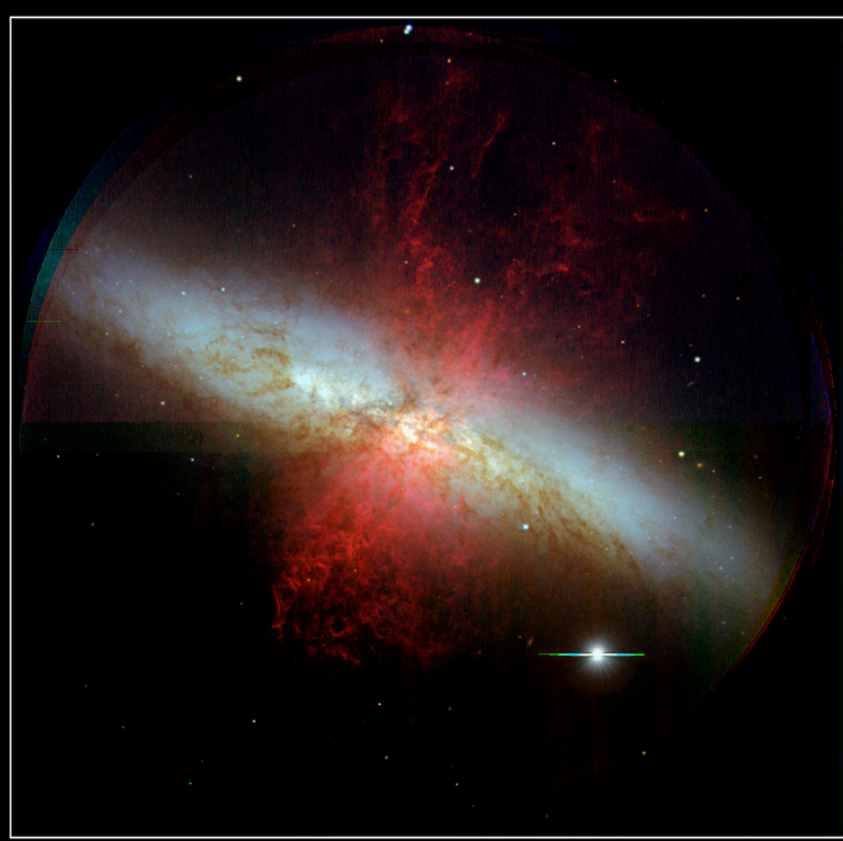


res.: 12 pc, 0.6 kms<sup>-1</sup>

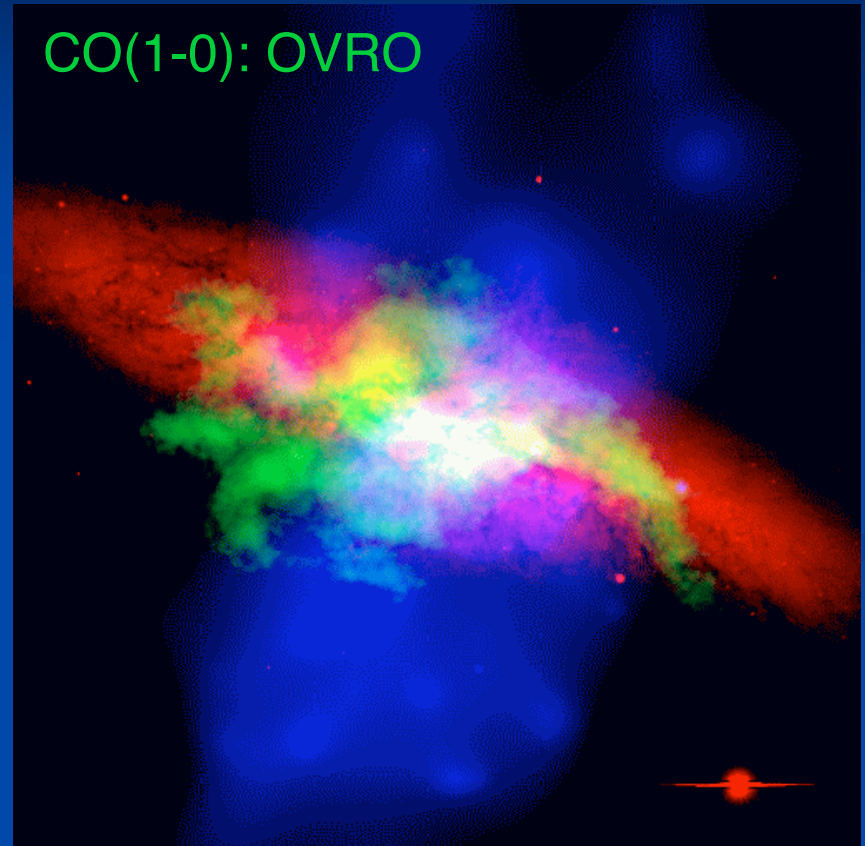
Walter et al. 2004

# Starburst Galaxy: M82

$D \sim 3.5$  Mpc



Ohyama et al. 2002



CO(1-0): OVRO

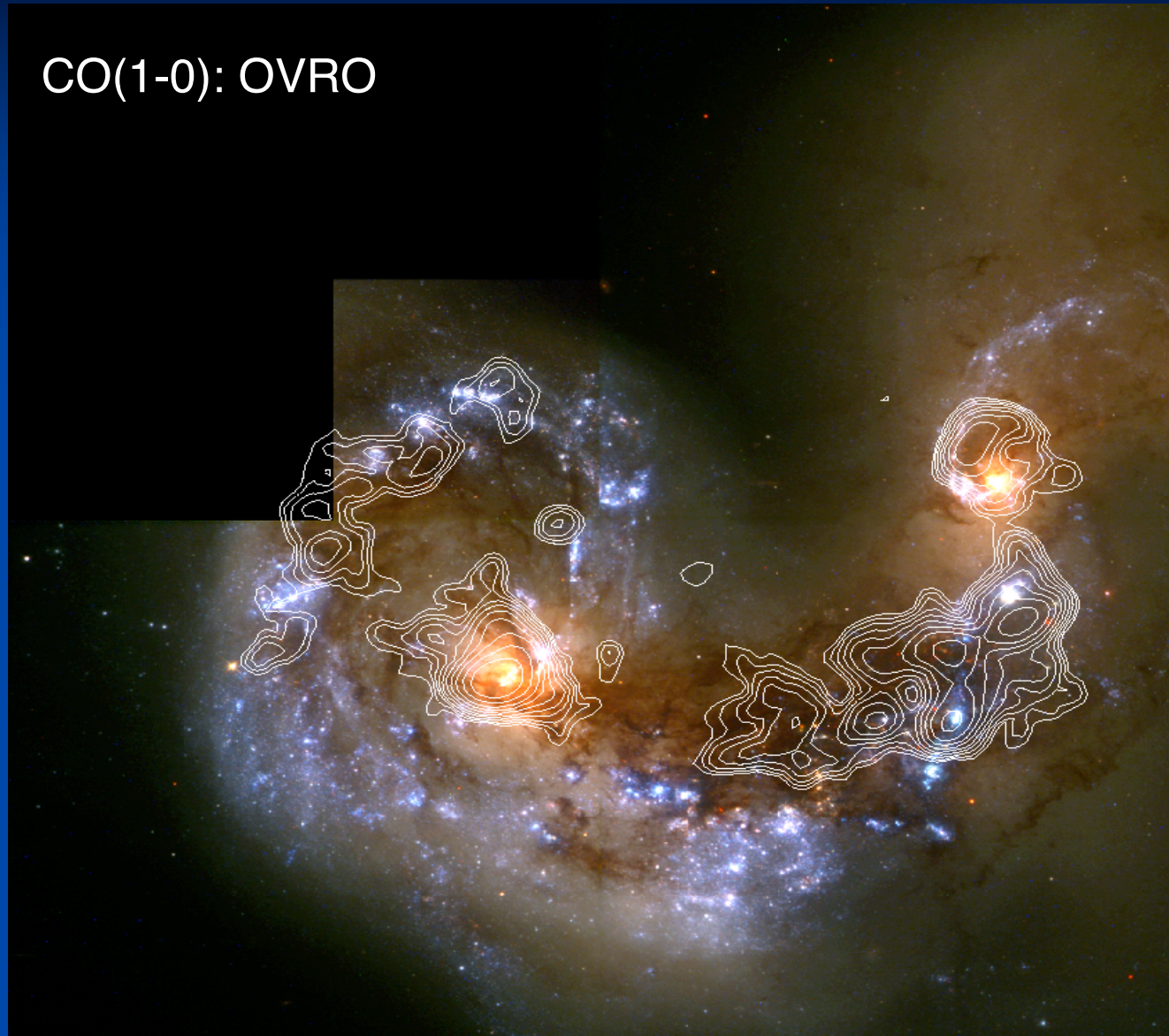
Walter, Weiss & Scoville 2002

- Streamers with no SF,  $M_{\text{H}_2} \sim 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$ ;  $M(\text{disk:halo:streamers})=1:1:1$
- Molecular Gas in Outflow/Halo (line splitting)



# Merger: Antennae

CO(1-0): OVRO



$3 \times 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$

Whitmore et al. (1999)  
Wilson et al. (2000)

# Conversion CO $\rightarrow$ H<sub>2</sub>

---

- CO luminosities  $\rightarrow$  M<sub>H2</sub>

$$X_{\text{CO}} = N(\text{H}_2)/I_{\text{CO}} \rightarrow M(\text{H}_2)$$

$$M_{\text{vir}} = M(\text{H}_2) \sim 240 * r[\text{pc}] * \sigma^2[\text{km/s}]$$

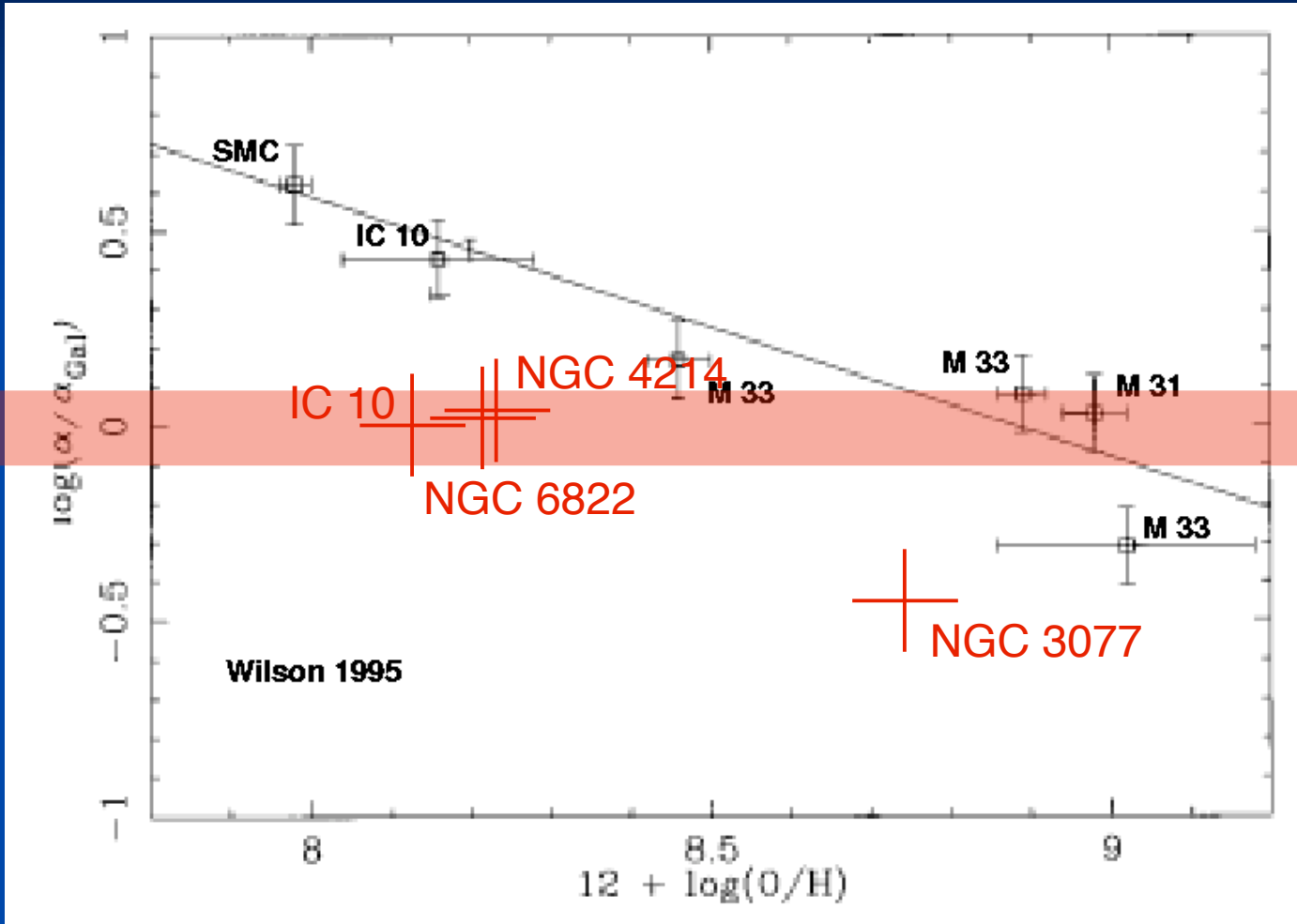
- Galaxy:  $X_{\text{CO}} = X_{\text{gal}} = 2.3 \times 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-2} (\text{K km s}^{-1})^{-1}$   
(Strong et al. 1988)

- starburst galaxies/ULIRGs:  $X_{\text{CO}} \sim 0.3 X_{\text{gal}}$   
(Downes & Solomon 1998, Weiss et al. 2000)

- low-metallicity dwarfs:  $X_{\text{CO}} = X_{\text{gal}}$   
(Walter et al. 2001, 2002; Bolatto et al. 2003)



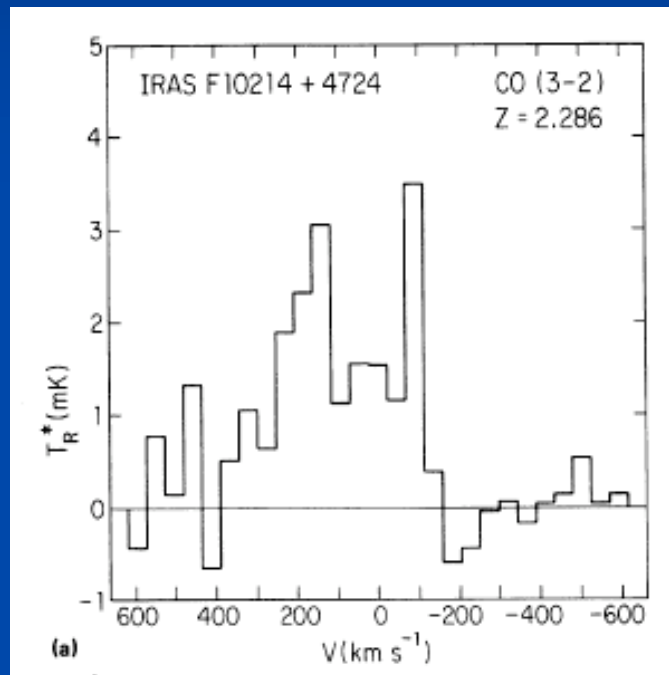
## $X_{\text{CO}}$ at low Metallicity ?



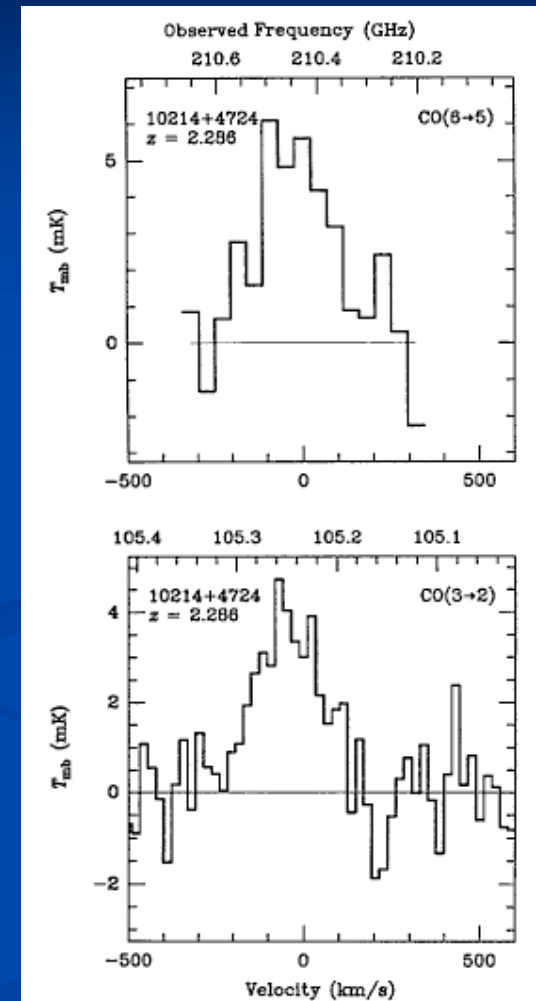
finding consistent with Bolatto et al., Rosolowsky et al. (2003)  
 $X_{\text{CO}}$  dependent on metallicity + starburst environment?

# CO @ $z=2.29$

## IRAS 10214+4724 at $z=2.286$



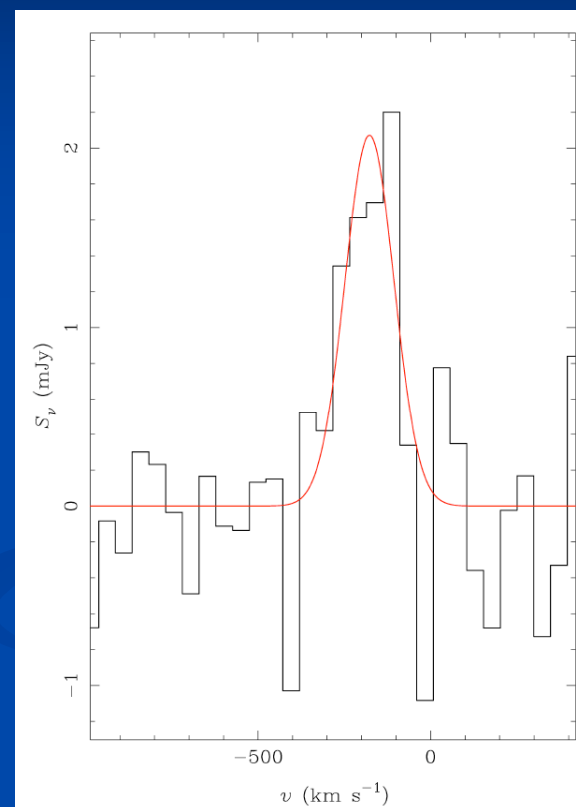
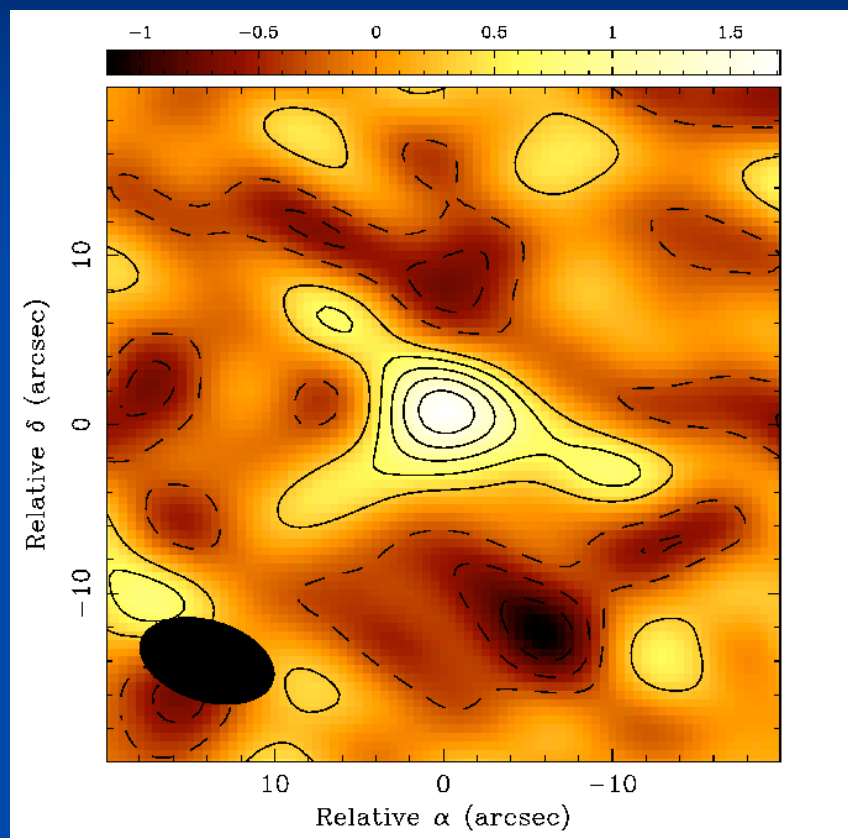
Brown & van den Bout 1991



Solomon, Downes & Radford 1992

# MS1512-cB58

Lyman Break galaxy at  $z=2.7$



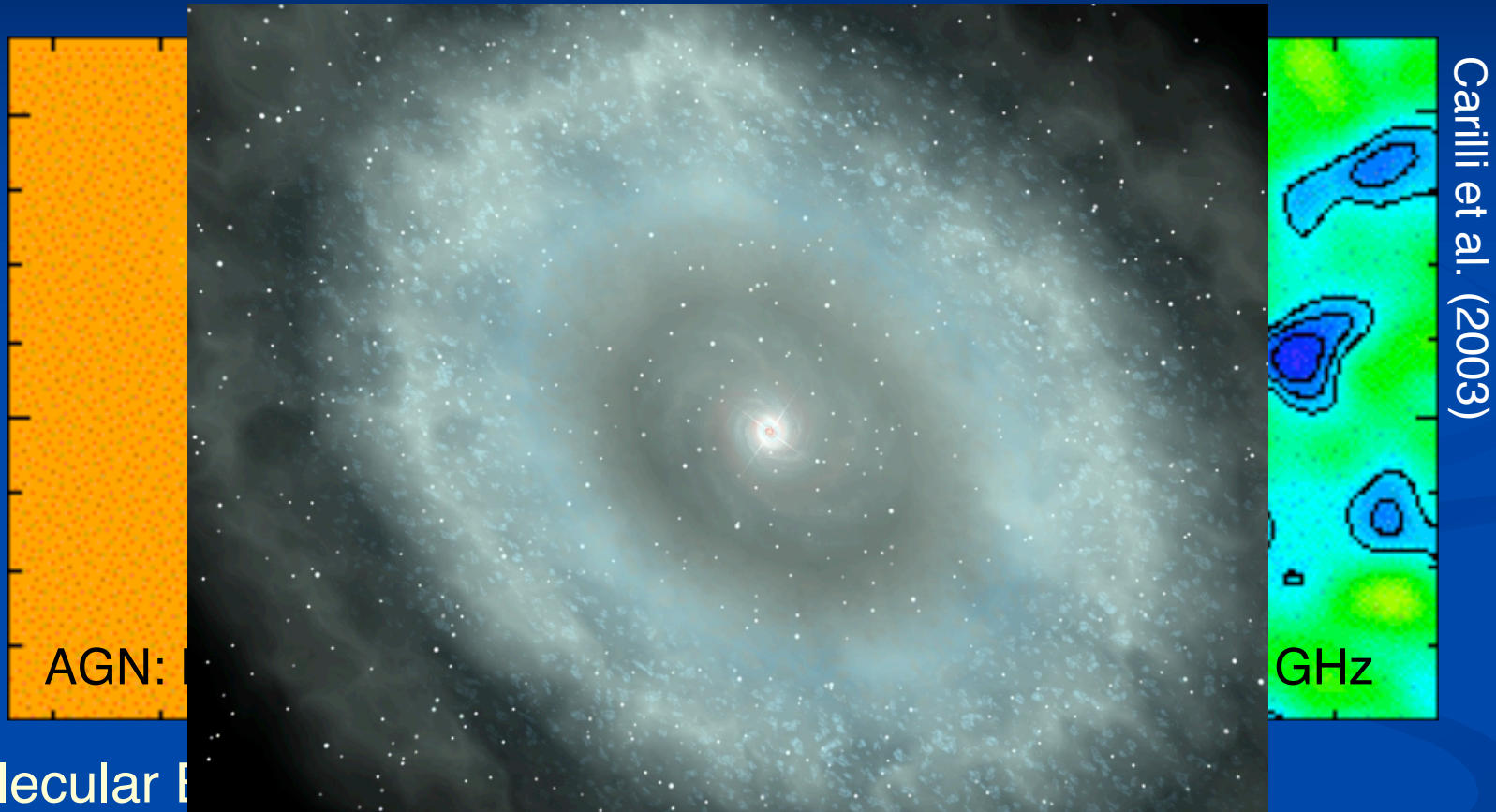
Baker et al. (2003)

lensing factor: 31.8

$M_{\text{gas}} = 6.6 \cdot 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$ ;  $M_{\text{dyn}} = 1.0 \cdot 10^{10} M_{\text{sun}}$

# 4kpc SF Disk Around QSO

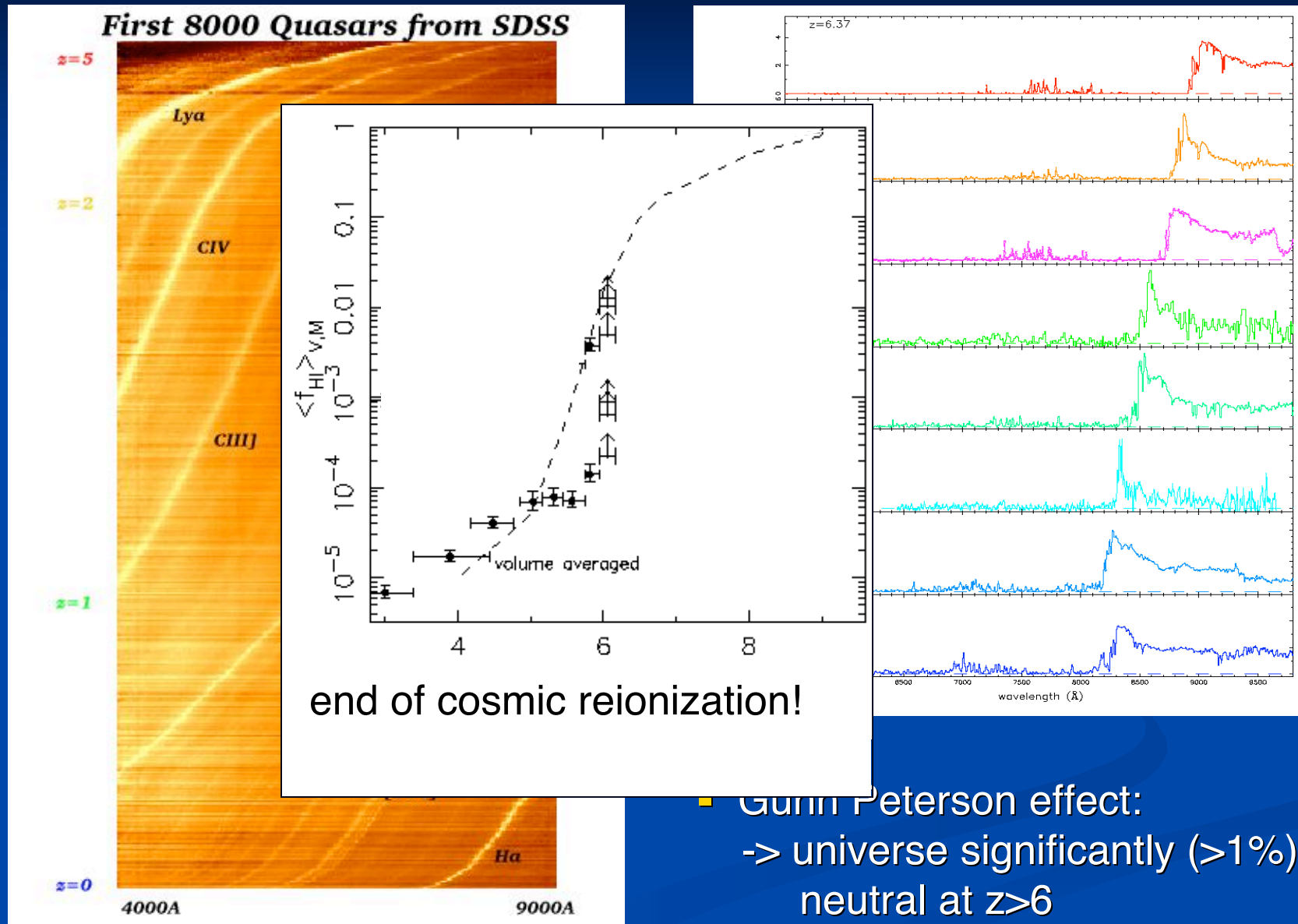
J2322+1922: Lensed QSO at  $z=4.12$



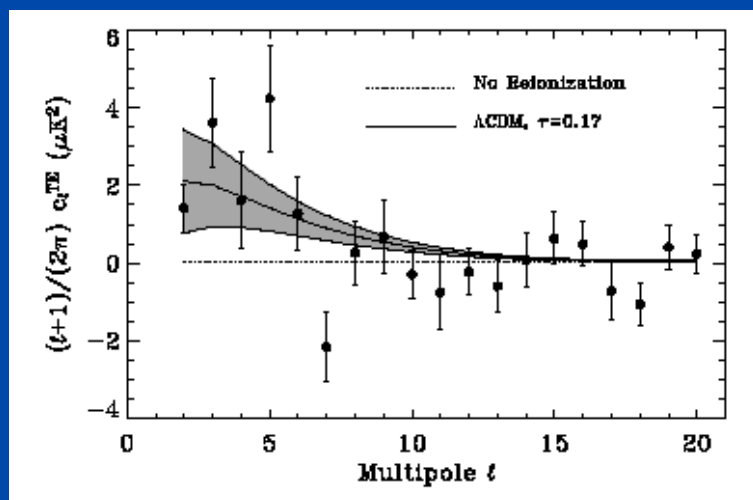
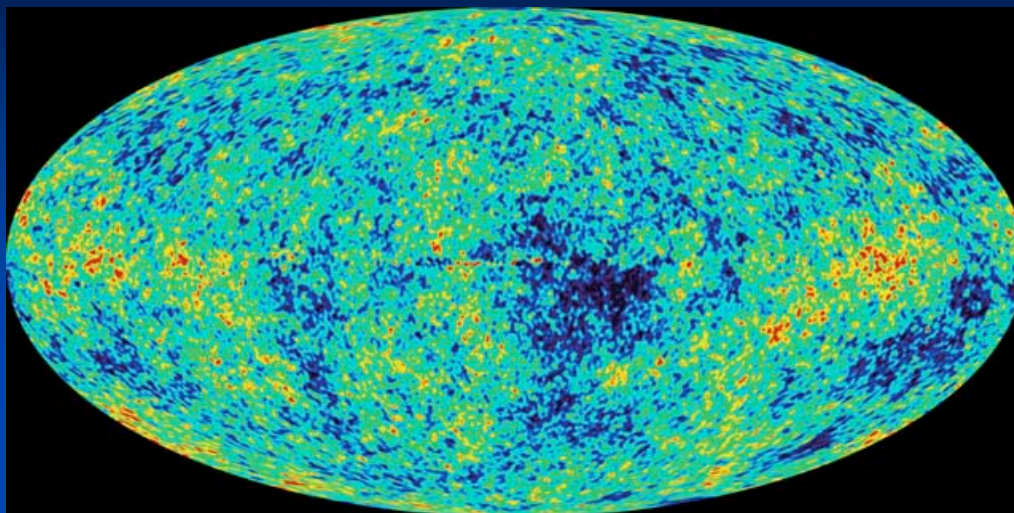
RC *cospatial* w/ Gas, not AGN,  $r \sim 2\text{kpc}$

□ dust emission heated by SF *not* AGN,  $\text{SFR} \sim 3000 M_{\text{sun}} \text{yr}^{-1}$  (!)

# SDSS Detection of High-z QSOs



# WMAP CMB Polarization



Kogut et al. 2003

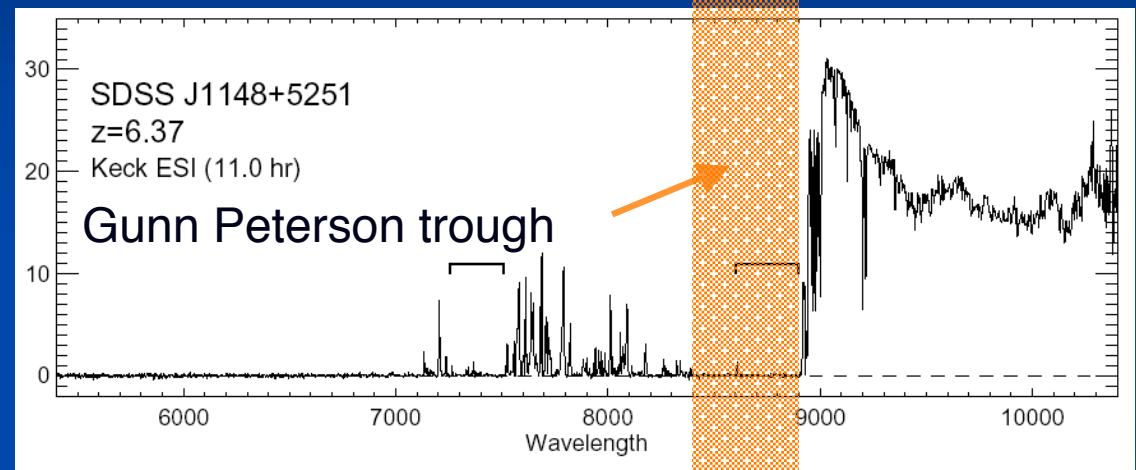
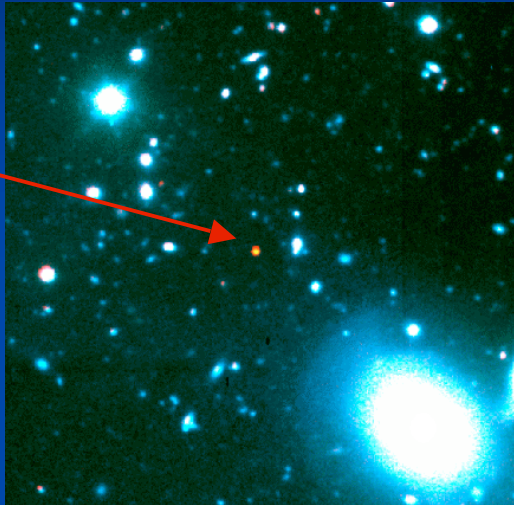
WMAP polarization:  
universe  $\sim 50\%$  neutral  
at  $z=17 \pm 3$

↪ Reionization complex ( $z \sim 20-6$ );  
not a phase transition



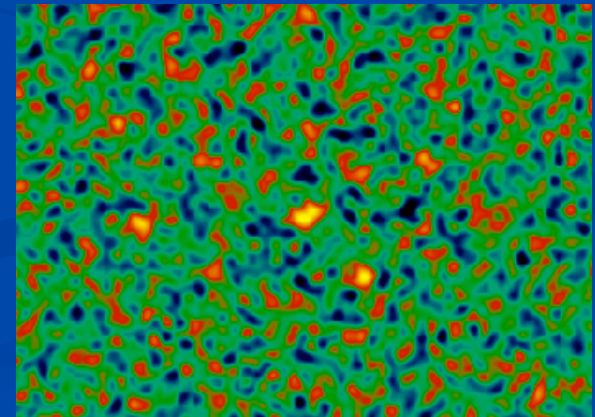
# J1148+5251

J1148+5251 at  $z=6.4$  (@ end of EoR)

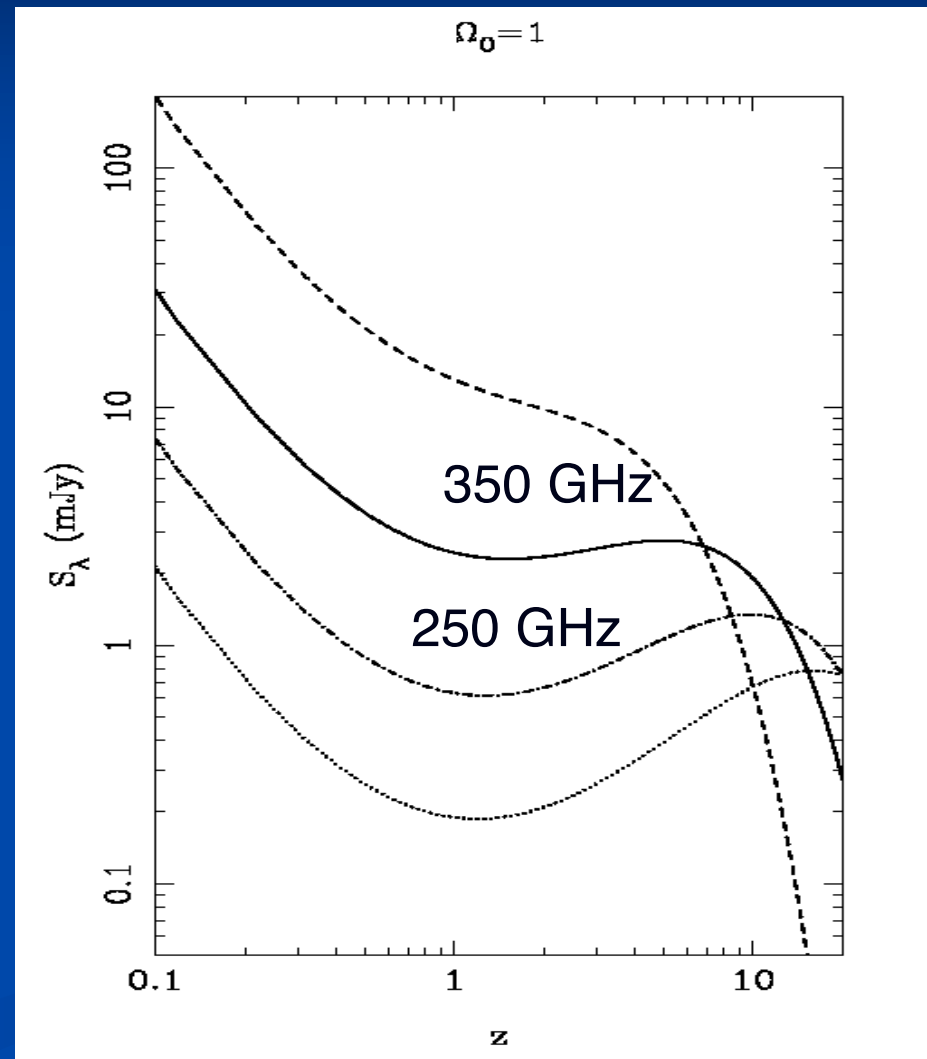
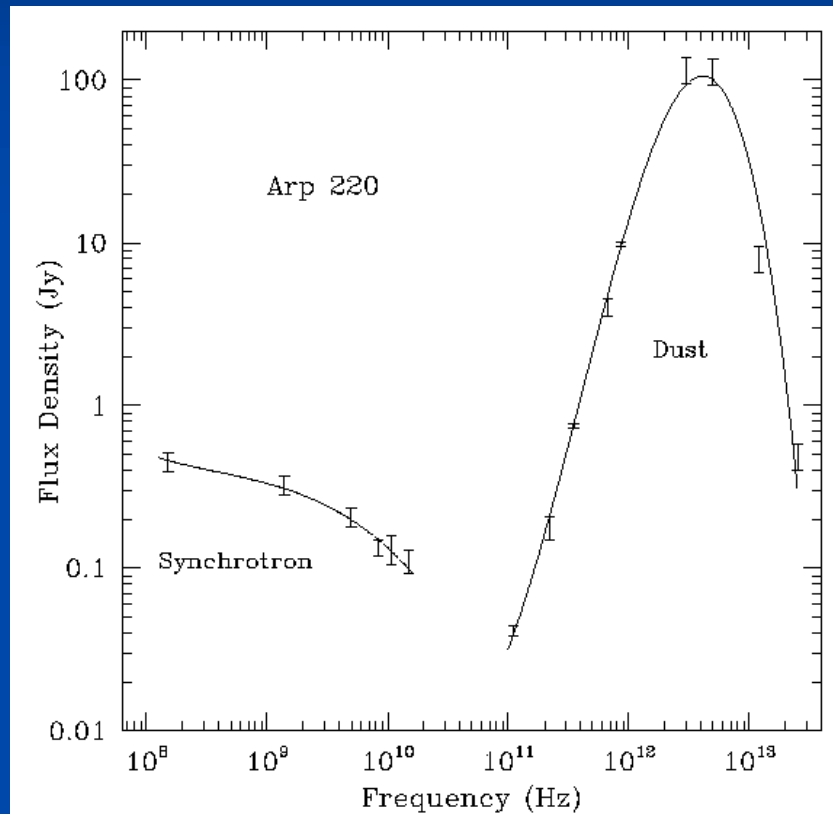


Fan et al. 2003, White et al. 2003

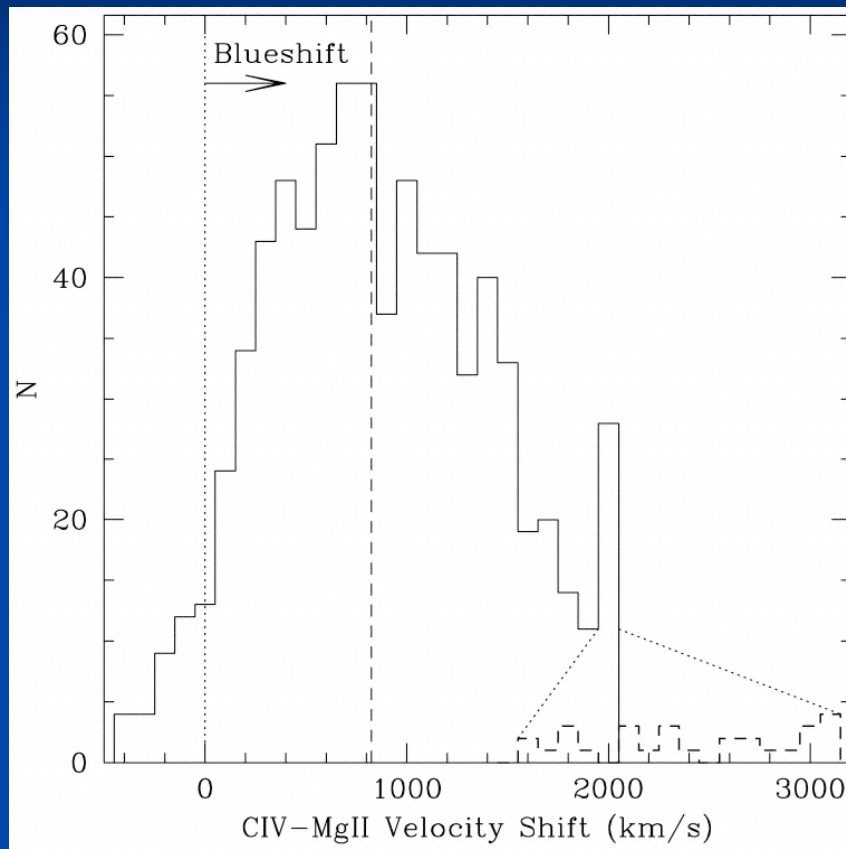
- $z=6.42$ ; age  $\sim 870$  Myr
- one of the first luminous sources
- $M_{\text{BH}} \sim 1-5 \times 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$  (Willott et al. 2003)
- $M_{\text{dust}} \sim 10^8 M_{\text{sun}}$  (Bertoldi et al. 2003)
- $\sim$  solar metallicity



# The 'Magic' of MM/SUBMM



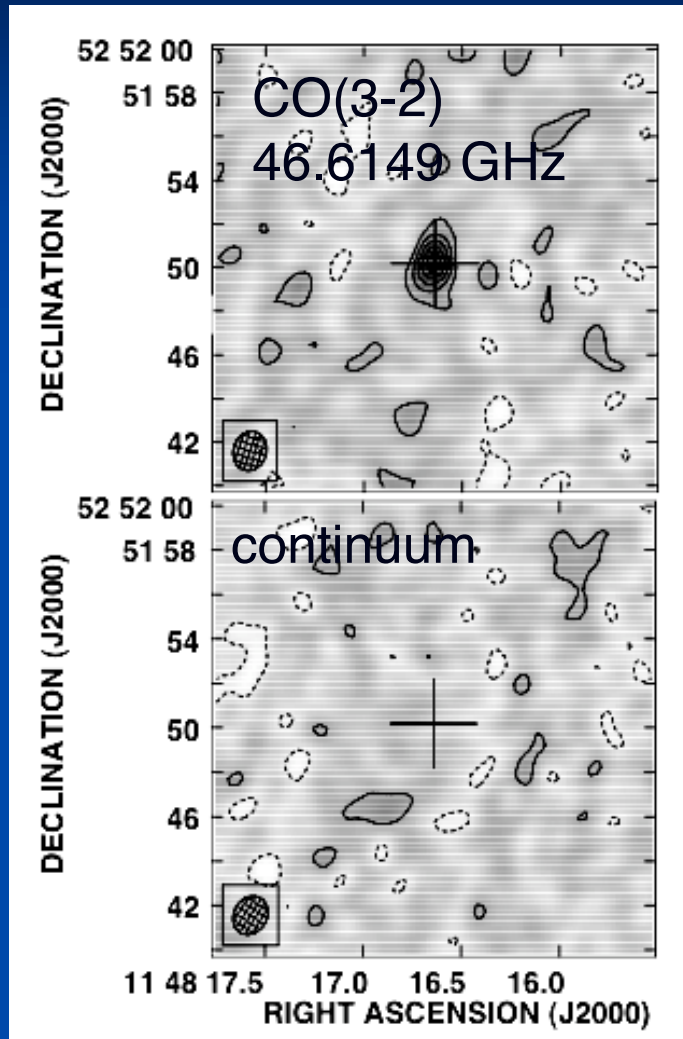
# Redshift of Host Galaxy?



Richards et al. 2002

Problem for CO search:  
e.g.: VLA  
50 MHz = 300 km/s  
 $\Delta \lambda / \lambda = 0.001$  (bad!)

# Mol. Gas @ End of EoR



- host galaxy(!)
- molecular gas mass:  
 $M_{\text{H}_2} = 2 \times 10^{10} M_{\text{sun}}$
- diameter:  
 $0.2'' < D < 1.5''$  ( $1'' = 5.6 \text{ kpc}$ )
- mass in C and O:  $\sim 3 \times 10^7 M_{\text{sun}}$   
enrichment started at  $z > 8$   
( $10^7$  [ $100 M_{\text{sun}}$ ] Pop III stars)

Walter, Bertoldi, Carilli et al. 2003, Nature



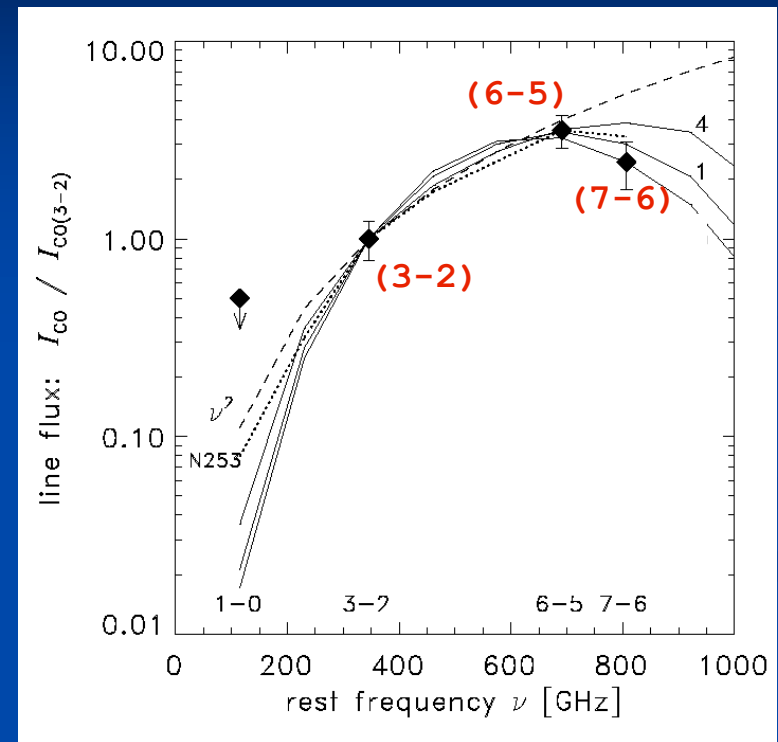
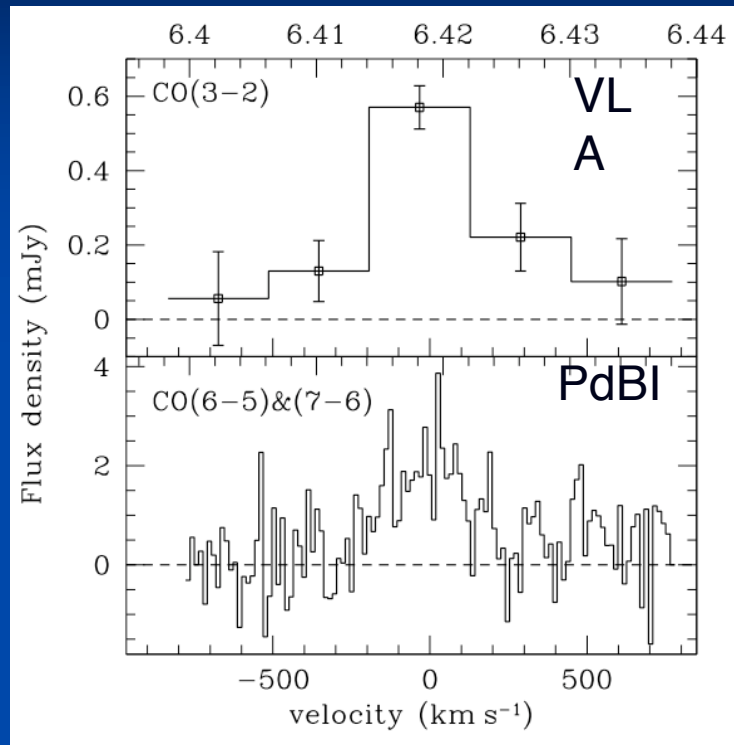
- CO: C and O are abundant
- metallicities: (super)solar!  
e.g., Pentericci et al. 2002, based on NV/CIV ratio
- Fe/ $\square$  ratios ( $\square$ =Mg); no evolution of QSO metallicity  
e.g., Freudling et al. '03; Barth et al. '03;  
Maiolino et al. '03; Dietrich et al. '03

-> generations of stars must have formed at  $z > 8$   
(SN Ia progenitors?, Pop III stars)

optical studies:

- give abundances but not masses!
- trace AGN region only

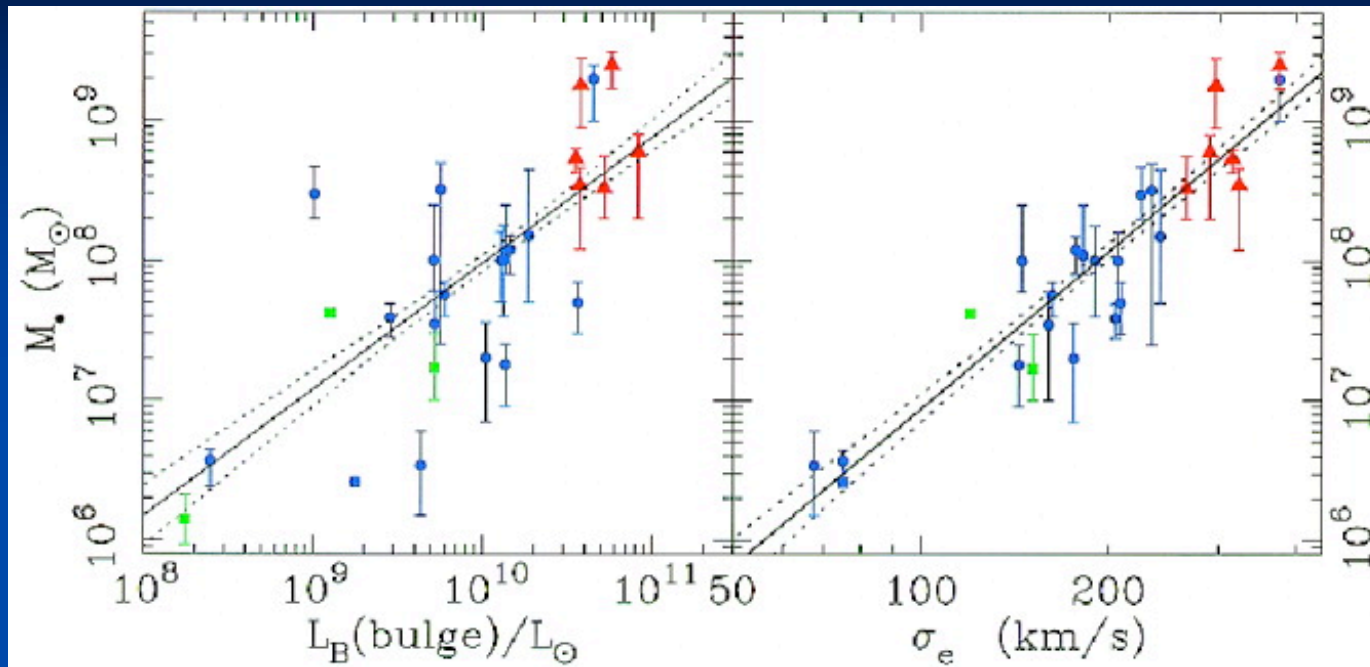
# CO @ z=6.42



- $M_{\text{dyn}} = 2 \times 10^{10} M_{\text{sun}} (\sin i)^{-2}$ ; massive! ( $\leftrightarrow$  CDM models,  $M_{\text{vir}}$ )
- $z=6.419$  (precise)
- $T_{\text{kin}}=100\text{K}$ ,  $n_{\text{H}_2}=10^5 \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Walter et al. 2003  
Bertoldi et al. 2003

# $M_{\text{BH}}-\sigma$ Relation at highest z?



Gebhardt et al. 2000

## Coevolution of BH and Bulge

Shields, Gebhardt et al. 2003:  $M_{\text{BH}}-\sigma$  holds to  $z \sim 3$

1148+5251:  $M_{\text{BH}} = 3 \times 10^9 M_{\text{sun}}$   
 $M_{\text{dyn}} = M_{\text{b}} > 2 \times 10^{10} M_{\text{sun}}$

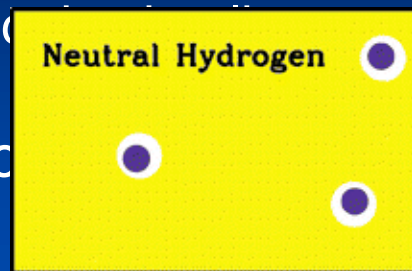
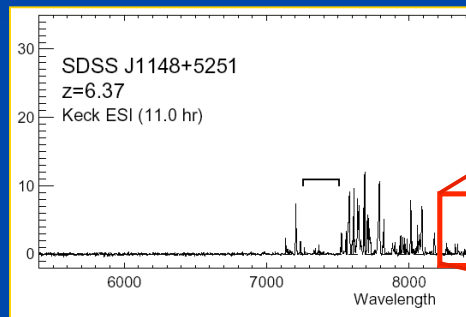
ratio  $\sim 1:10$  and not  $1:1000$  ?  $\rightarrow$  need to resolve disks (ALMA)

# Cosmological Stromgren Sphere Around QSO

- CO:  $z=6.419$

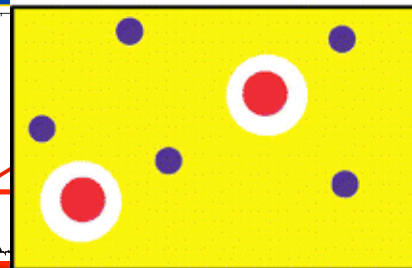
(optical high ionization state  $\sim 10^4 \text{ s}^{-1}$ )

- proximity effect



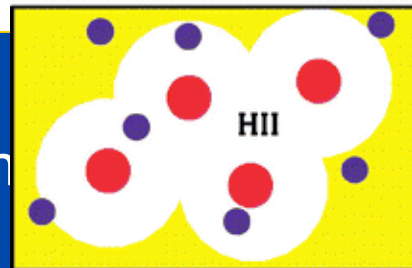
$z \sim 30$

- ★ First stars form
- ★  $\text{H}_2$  dissociates



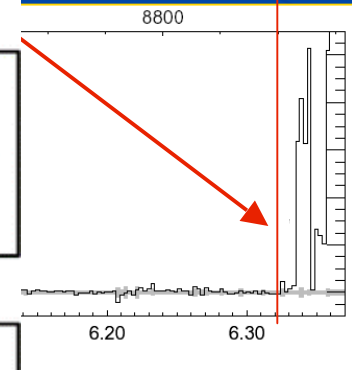
$z \sim 15$

- ★ Stars form in more massive halos



$z \sim 10$

- ★ HII regions overlap
- ★ UV intensity rises



White et al. 2003

- ionized sphere

- age of sphere

similar to

Barkana & Loeb 2001

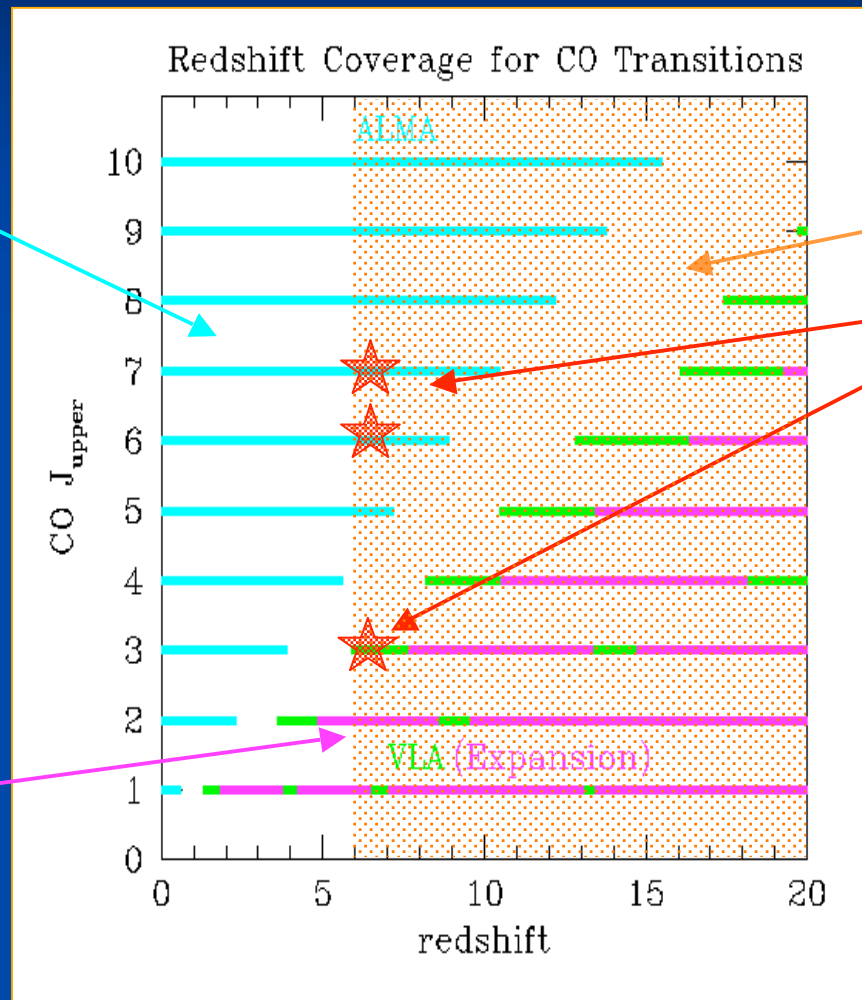
Walter et al. 2003



# ALMA/EVLA Redshift Coverage

ALMA

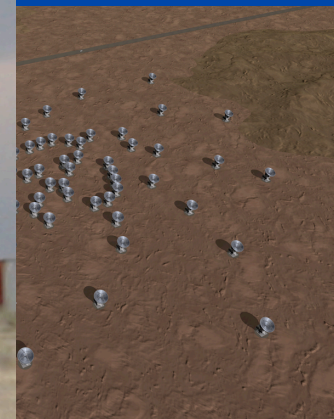
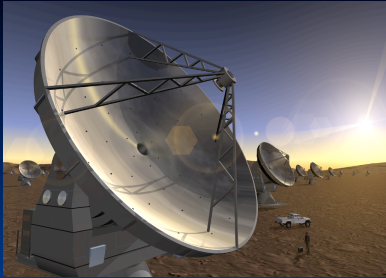
(E)VLA  
& GBT



Epoch of Reionization  
few QSOs known yet

CO in J1148+5251 @  $z=6.42$

# ALMA



ALMA is reality!

- early science OP: 2007
- 64 antennas, 4 bands @  $>5000$  m alt.

# Future Challenges

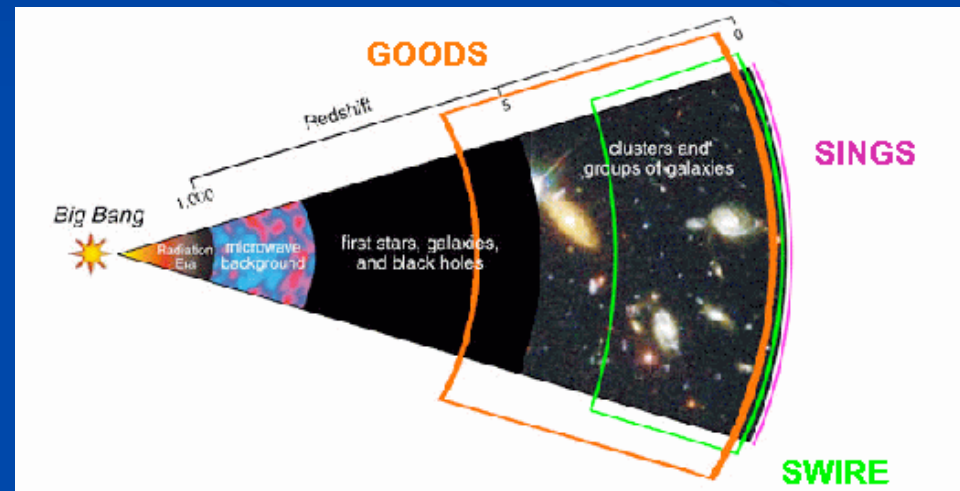
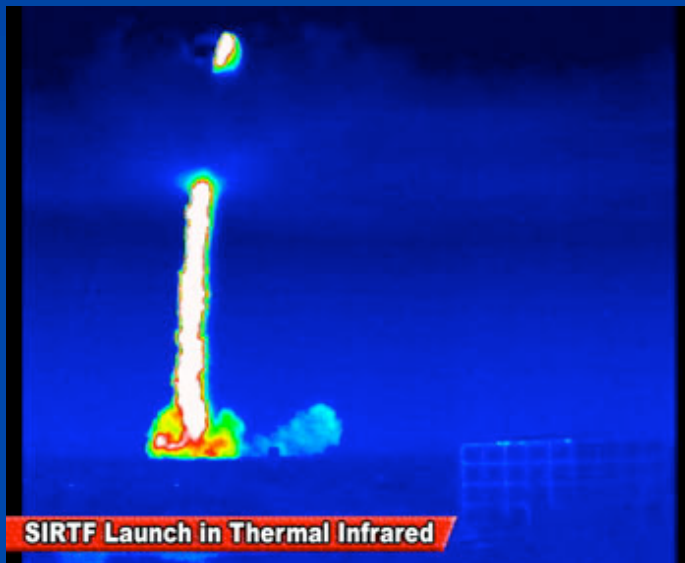
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- find missing dwarf galaxies - blown away?
- EoR: find objects @  $z > 8$
- are high masses in conflict w/ CDM models?  $M_{\odot}$ ?
- rapid early metal production/enrichment?

# SINGS: SIRTf Nearby Galaxy Survey

SIRTf: Space Infrared Telescope Facility

SINGS: 1 of 6 SIRTf 'Legacy' projects (512 hours), PI: R. Kennicutt



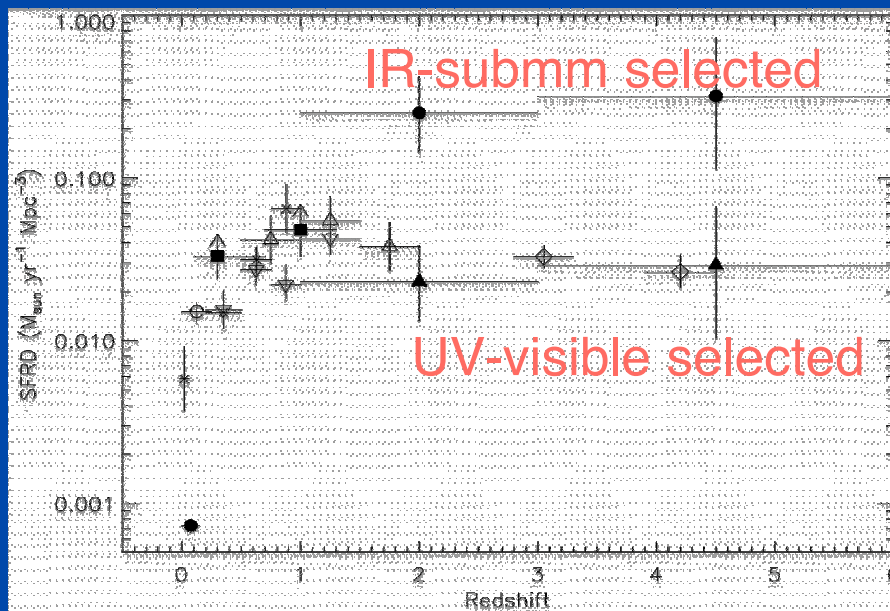
## SINGS Science Core

- IR imaging and spectroscopy of 75 nearby galaxies of *all Hubble types*, resolution:  $\sim 100\text{pc}$
- SED templates for high- $z$  galaxies...



# Star Formation History of the Universe

- SINGS major goal: 'calibrate' SFR
- SFR typically derived from UV and H $\alpha$  measurements
- -> derive star formation history of the universe



$z < 1$ : decline

$z > 1$ : constant?

Barger et al. 2000

- surveys: GOODS, GEMS, COSMOS, UDF; highest z: SDSS

# SINGS Multi-Wavelength Data

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- *SIRTF: IR imaging (3-180  $\mu$ m), IR spectroscopy (5-40  $\mu$ m)*
- *visible/NIR imaging (BVRIJHK, H $\alpha$ )*
- *visible spectra (3600-7000 Å)*
- *HST Pa- $\beta$ , H-band maps (central arcmin<sup>2</sup>)*
- *radio continuum maps (VLA, WSRT)*
- *UV imaging (GALEX 1500 Å, 2500 Å)*
- *X-rays (Chandra)*
- *CO (BIMA SONG)*
- *HI imaging (VLA, 6", 2.5 km s<sup>-1</sup>)*

<http://sings.stsci.edu>

Kennicutt et al. 2003

-> Nearby Galaxy Survey of the next decade!

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# The End