**AST 103L** 

Observational Astronomy

Spring 2016

Unique Number: 46855

Classroom: RLM 13.132

Class Time: 7PM - 9PM Monday

Instructor: Alan Sluder

Office: RLM 16.327 471-6858

Office Hours: 1-2PM Tuesday

Email: alsluder@astro.as.utexas.edu

### Purpose

The point of this course is to understand the observations that astronomers make and how they are explained by theory.

### **Prerequisites**

You should understand some basic astronomy and mathematics (algebra and how to use a scientific calculator).

### Materials

You need a scientific calculator, or something that functions as one.

## Grading

There will be one assignment for each week (N assignments total) and 100% of your grade is from these. All assignments are worth 100 points, and your final numerical grade is:

final grade in percent = 
$$\frac{P}{(N-1)100} \times 100\%$$

where P is your total number of points. The assignments will be done in class. The final letter grade is determined from:

Grading Scale	
Grade	Final Score
A	85-100%
В	70-84%
С	55-69%
D	40-54%
F	0-40%

#### Course Website

We will use Canvas as the course website. The syllabus and all worksheets will be posted there.

## **Academic Honesty**

You are expected to fill out your worksheet yourself.

#### Attendance

Please notify me in advance if you are going to miss a lab.

### Students with Disabilities

If you need academic accommodations, please contact 471-6259 (voice) or 232-2937 (video) as soon as possible. I will need an official letter outlining authorized accommodations.

# Learning Objectives

By the end of the semester you should understand the following:

- 1. How astronomers use parallax to measure distances to nearby stars
- 2. The relation between distance, size, and how big something looks
- 3. The relation between distance, how bright something looks, and how bright something intrinsically is
- 4. How to determine the speed of an object by how it moves on the sky
- 5. The basic properties of light (wavelength, energy, mass, speed, polarization, intensity)

- 6. How to determine the chemical composition of a star/galaxy from its spectrum
- 7. How to determine the speed of a star/galaxy from its spectrum
- 8. How to calculate the age of the universe from measurements of the speed and distance of galaxies
- 9. What the apparent and absolute magnitude of an object means and how to derive these quantities from fundamental properties like temperature, radius, and distance
- 10. How to calculate time dilation, length contraction, and relative velocity in special relativity
- 11. How to calculate gravitational time dilation, gravitational redshift, and the Schwarzschild radius, Hawking temperature, luminosity, and lifetime of a black hole in general relativity
- 12. The basic properties of a planet's orbit around a star such as eccentricity, semimajor axis, period, distance and speed at periapsis, and distance and speed at apoapsis
- 13. How extrasolar planets are detected and their properties determined
- 14. How the temperature of a planet is determined by the temperature, radius, and distance to the star it orbits and the chemical composition of its atmosphere