Life in the Solar System

Life in the Solar System

- 1. Study processes that produce current conditions on planets (n_e)
- 2. Life elsewhere in Solar System? (f_{ℓ})

Planet Temperatures

Factors in Planet temperature:

Greenhouse gas?

Reflecting Light (Albedo) Clouds, Rock, Ice, Snow

Two extremes: Runaway Greenhouse

Runaway Glaciation

Reflected radiation by atmosphere Infrared radiation remitted back to earth was a constant of the control of th

| Terrestrial Planet Atmospheres | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Venus | Abiotic Earth | Mars | Biotic Earth | |
| CO_{2} (%) N_{2} (%) O_{2} (%) | 96 ~ 3 trace < 0.1 90 477 750 | 96 ~ 3 trace ? 60 290 (> 50) 563 | 95 2.7 0.16 0.0061 ~ -50 ~ 220 | 0.03 79 21 1.0 15 288 | |

| Recall from Chap. 3 | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| $T = 279K \left(\frac{(1-A)L}{d^2} \right)^{1/4}$ | Rapid Rotation, Albedo | | | |
| Apply to Venus, Mars | | | | |
| Venus | Mars | | | |
| d 0.72 AU | 1.52 AU | | | |
| A 0.80 (!) | 0.215 | | | |
| T _{avg} 220 | 213 | | | |
| (no greenhouse) | | | | |
| T _{avg} 750 | 220 | | | |
| (actual) | | | | |



Sister Planet:

 $R_{\varphi} = 0.95 R_{\oplus}$ $d_{\varphi} = 0.72 d_{\oplus}$

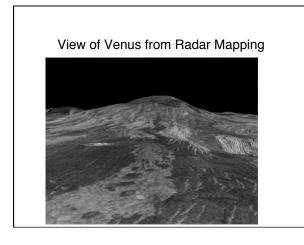
BUT HOT!

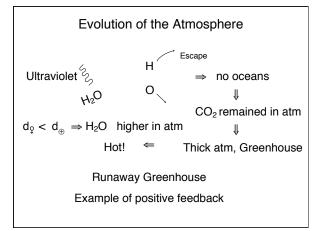
Clouds: Sulfuric Acid droplets

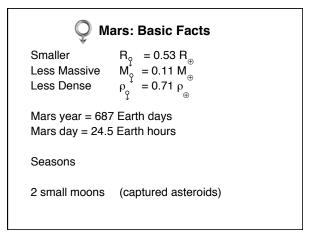
"Active" surface Radar

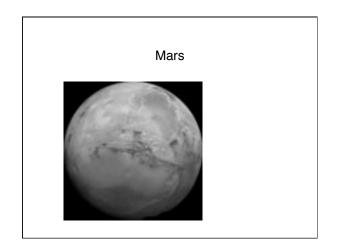
Age < Age of Planet

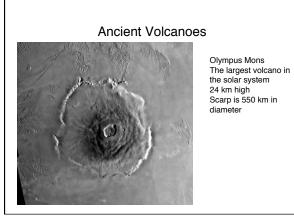
But no large-scale plates











Polar Ice Caps

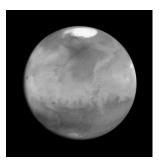


Image from the Hubble Space Telescope during close approach of Earth and Mars.

Runaway Glaciation (also positive feedback)

Thin atmosphere led to Weak Greenhouse
Cold temperature led to freeze-out of greenhouse gases
Temperature range now: T = 175 - 300 K
Some places warm enough for liquid H₂O
but pressure is too low

Active in past, but not now: Fossil river beds

Liquid H_2O for $\sim 1 \times 10^9$ yr (and perhaps more recently)

Life? Survive another $0.7 \times 10^9\,$ yr in frozen lakes? Analogy to Antarctic lakes

Antarctica as a model for early Mars

Dry valleys: Mean T = -20 °C Annual precipitation ~ 2 cm

But T > 0°C for a few days in summer.

⇒ Lakes are not frozen solid (though always ice-covered)

Algae & bacteria photosynthesize in lakes

Also lichens in rocks

If life arose on Mars, it might have lasted 1 - 2×10^9 yr

A large (140 mile × 30 mile) lake

exists \sim 2.5 miles deep in ice near Vostok station

May have been under ice for 500,000 yr

Plans to drill into lake - halted in Feb. 2011 due to weather

Viking Mission

2 spacecraft 1976

1. Chryse Planitia 22° N. Lat

2. Utopia Planitia 48° N

Cameras, ...

Organic Matter Analysis 3 life detection experiments Sampler arm

Organic Matter Analysis

- · Could detect carbon molecules
 - Few/billion if more than 2 Carbons
 - Few/million if 1 or 2
 - 100 to 1000 times less than desert soils
 - Could be left over, brought by asteroids, ...
- · No organic molecules found

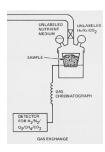
Life Detection Experiments

- · All assumed microscopic soil organisms
 - Fairly near surface (shallow trench)
 - Either heterotrophs
 - Feed and look for signs of metabolism
 - Or autotrophs
 - · Look for signs of photosynthesis
 - If signs of life, do a control experiment
 - · Sterilize first

Gas Exchange Experiment (GEX)

- · Most earth-biased
 - Assumed Martians would like chicken soup
 - Pressurized, warmed to 10 C
 - First mode: humidify
 - N₂, Argon, CO₂, O₂ released
 - O₂ required chemical reaction
 - Second mode: wet, nutrients
 - · Monitor for 6 months, no further activity
- · No sign of metabolizing, earth-like life

Gas Exchange Experiment



- · Looks for metabolism
- Detects gaseous products
- Using gas chromatograph

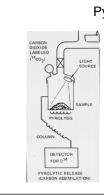
Labeled Release Experiment

- · Assumed metabolizing Martians
 - But less Earth like
 - Simpler mix of nutrients, labeled with ¹⁴C
 - Metabolizing organisms produce ¹⁴CO₂
 - Very sensitive to small amounts
- Results: immediate release of ¹⁴CO₂
 - No further release when more added
- · Chemical, not biological, reaction suspected

Labeled Release Looks for metabolism Nutrients labeled with 14C

Pyrolytic Release Experiment (PR)

- · Assumed photosynthesizing autotrophs
 - Adapted to Mars
 - Supply light, Martian atmosphere
 - But label with ${}^{14}\mathrm{CO}_2$ and ${}^{14}\mathrm{CO}$
 - · After incubation, remove gases
 - Burn up (pyrolize)
 - Look for ¹⁴CO₂ from burned-up Martians
 - Interesting Results



Pyrolytic Release

- · Looks for autotrophs
- Supplies gases
- Labeled with ¹⁴CO₂

Pyrolytic Release Results

- · First experiment gave positive result
 - Could be about 100 to 1000 bacteria
 - Could have escaped detection with GCMS
 - Repeat with sterilized sample (175 C, 3 days)
 - · Reaction reduced, but not eliminated
 - Further controls, lower T sterilization
 - · Little change in results
- · Conclusion: most likely a chemical reaction

Summary of Viking Results

No organic molecules found

Some apparent activity in pyrolytic release expt.

Could be photosynthesis by 100 - 1000 bacteria They could have escaped detection by organic matter analysis

But, sterilized controls did same thing

⇒ chemical, not biological, reaction

Surface is strongly oxidizing (UV)

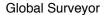
- ⇒Organic matter would be destroyed
- ⇒ Experiments not designed for this
- ⇒Oxygen rich compounds on surface can react like life

To find current Martians (or fossil Martians).... Dig Deeper!

And remember that your experiments determine what you can find...

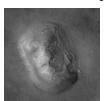
More Recent Mars Missions

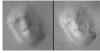
- Pathfinder/Sojourner 1997
- Global Surveyor 1998
- · Mars Odyssey 2002
- Mars Express (ESA) 2003
 - Beagle crashed (life detection)
- · Mars Rovers 2004
 - Spirit and Opportunity
- · Phoenix (NASA) landed in 2008



Mars Global Surveyor http://mars.sdsc.edu/mgs/index.html

1998 - in orbit around Mars
The "Face" on Mars gets erased





Viking

And with Mars Odyssey

Global Surveyor Results

Located areas of floods within last few million years (few impact craters)

Apparently from underground Out through volcanic fissures

Like a geyser - suspect large aquifer a couple of miles below surface

Or maybe snow

(Feb. 2003)

Mars Odyssey Website

Mars Odyssey Results

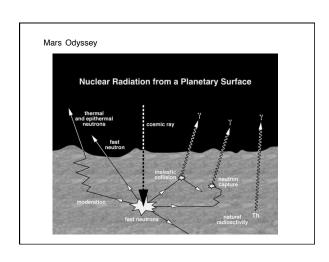
Mapping from Orbit
Gamma ray spectrometer
Cosmic rays excite nuclei on surface
to emit Gamma rays

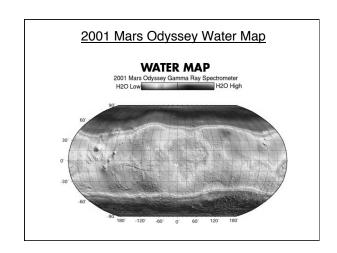


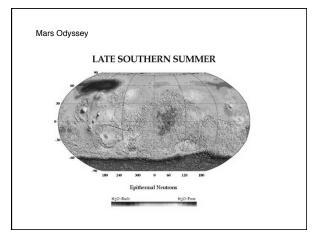
Wavelength of gamma rays characteristic of element

Also neutron detector

Can detect hydrogen (stand in for H_2O) in top meter Evidence indicates substantial H_2O near poles





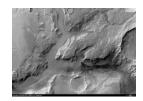


Mars Express



- · Walls of Candor Chasma
- · Part of Valles Marineris
- Appears to be erosion
- · Liquid water?

Mars Express



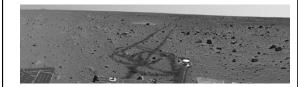
- · Branching channels
- More evidence of water?

Mars Rovers

- Two Landers (Spirit and Opportunity)
- · Both rovers that have explored 5 to 10 km
- · Can dust rock, drill into it, analyze dust, rock
- Spirit did not revive after Mars winter in 2010
- Opportunity still going in February 2011

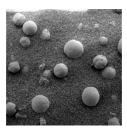
 (much longer than expected)
- http://marsrovers.jpl.nasa.gov/home/index.html

Panorama from Spirit



Looking back at tracks. Taken May 2004

More evidence of water



Picture from Opportunity Beads of hematite Called "blueberries" Eroding out of rock Usually form in liquid water This implies standing water at this site.

Mars Reconnaissance Orbiter

- · Orbiter with variety of instruments
 - Launched Aug. 2005, arrived Mar. 2006
 - http://mars.jpl.nasa.gov/mro/
 - Detailed minerals, subsurface water
 - Resolution down to 1 m
 - Evidence of fluid (gas or liquid) along cracks originally underground

Phoenix Lander

- · Phoenix (NASA)
 - Launch Aug. 2007, landed near North pole May 2008, Last contact in Nov. 2008
 - Winter, less sunlight, loss of solar power
 - Dug trenches, did chemical analysis
 - Some problems, soil was sticky
 - · Clearly there was ice in the soil

Phoenix sees frost on Mars

Meteorites from Mars

- Easy way to get pieces of Mars to study
- · Asteroid impact on Mars knocks off pieces
- · Some land on Earth
- Antarctic ice is good place to find meteorites
- http://www2.jpl.nasa.gov/snc/



AIH 84001

1.9 kg (softball-sized) found in 1984 in Allan Hills Region (AlH)
A few meteorites (~12) are so similar to Mars
Minerals & isotope ratios, that they are assumed to come from Mars
1994 AH84001 joined the Mars club

History: formed from magma $\sim 4.5 \times 10^9 \,$ yr ago Fractured by meteorite impact Carbonate globules, ... in cracks $\sim 3.6 \times 10^9 \,$ yr ago Blasted off Mars by impact 17 $\times 10^6 \,$ yr ago Fell to Earth 13 $\times 10^3 \,$ yr ago

So, known to be from Mars before issue of life arose

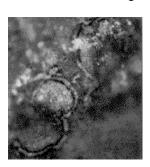
Signs of Life?

McKay et al., Science, 273, 924 (Aug. 16, 1996)

Found in fractures - $\sim 3.6 \times 10^9$ yrs old When water existed

 PAHs - can be produced by breakdown of biological tissues Contamination from Antarctic Ice? Different mixture of PAHs Not necessarily biological - also found in space, interplanetary dust, other meteorites, ... Associated with carbonate globules

Carbonate globules



Evidence of liquid water formation temperature is disputed

2. Carbonate Globules (50 μm across) cores of manganese & rings of iron carbonate and iron sulfide similar to globules associated with bacterial action in liquid on Earth

Can form without bacteria on Earth Associated with tiny magnetite grains (magnetic iron oxides)

Dispute about temperature at which globules formed

- 3. Magnetite Grains 100 nanometers (nm) $(100\times10^{-9}~m=0.1~\mu m)$ Shapes similar to crystals produced by bacteria on Earth Other shapes seen by other workers Whisker shapes suggest formation in hot fumaroles
- Fossilized Bacteria?
 With scanning electron microscope, see
 bacteria-like shapes (20 100 nm long) similar to those seen in Earth rocks near hot springs
 - (R. Folk UT Austin) described as nanobacteria
- ~ 10 100 × smaller than normal bacteria

Are these artifacts of process used by microscope (gold coating)? Need to section and look for membrane - very difficult

Martians??

Later Developments

- Several studies support lower temperature for carbonate globule formation consistent with life
- 2. Folk finds similar shapes in Allende meteroite (not from Mars)
- Conference at Johnson Space Center in Houston
 4/24 - 4/27 1997 & March 1998

- 4. Bada et al., 1998, Science **279**, 362 Found amino acids, suggestive of terrestrial contamination
- 5. Many more meteorites from Mars being found.

Venus Express Orbiter

- · Venus Express Orbiter, an ESA mission
 - Launched Nov. 2005, arrived Apr. 2006
 - Studying atmosphere, surface with radar
 - Learning about methods of water loss
 - http://www.esa.int/SPECIALS/ Venus Express/SEMOD3808BE 0.html

Future Missions

- Planet-C (Japan) Venus Orbiter
 - Reached Venus, Dec. 2010
 - Problems with orbit injection
- · Mars Scientific Laboratory
 - Rover called Curiosity
 - Launch Late 2011 (VERY delayed)
 - Mineral and possible organic matter analysis