Future of Life in the Solar System

Future of Life in Solar System

Terraform other planets (Mars most likely)

Space Colonies

Solar Power from space

Dyson spheres

Robots

Von Neumann Devices

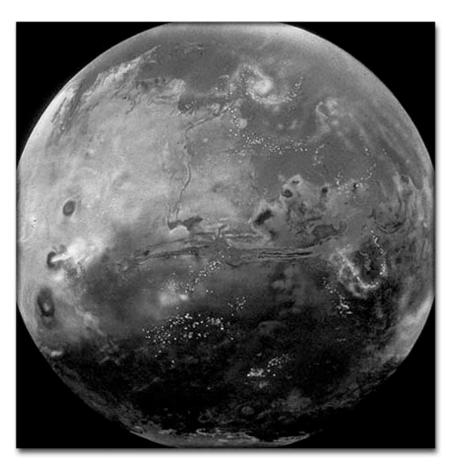
Terraforming Planets

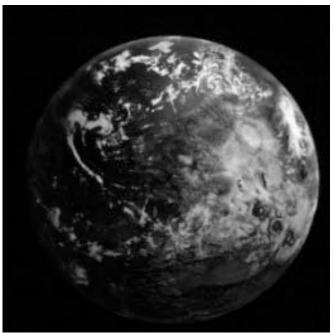
Seed other planets with "bio-engineered organisms"

These make the planet more habitable for humans

To terraform (need H₂O, O₂, O₃) e.g., Melt polar caps on Mars (10¹⁴ tons of ice) 2500 to 10000 years to build up atm. pressure, get liquid water

Terraformed Mars





Ocean in northern lowlands covers 25% of planet

Living in Space to Robots...

Space colonies
Solar Power satellites

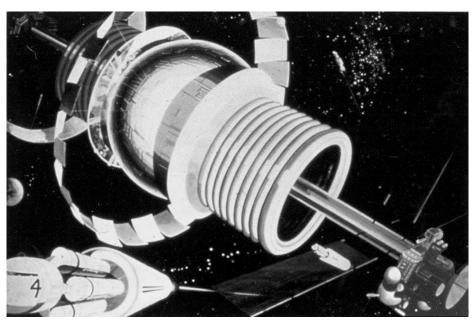
Dyson sphere

(Type II Civilization)

Role of Robots

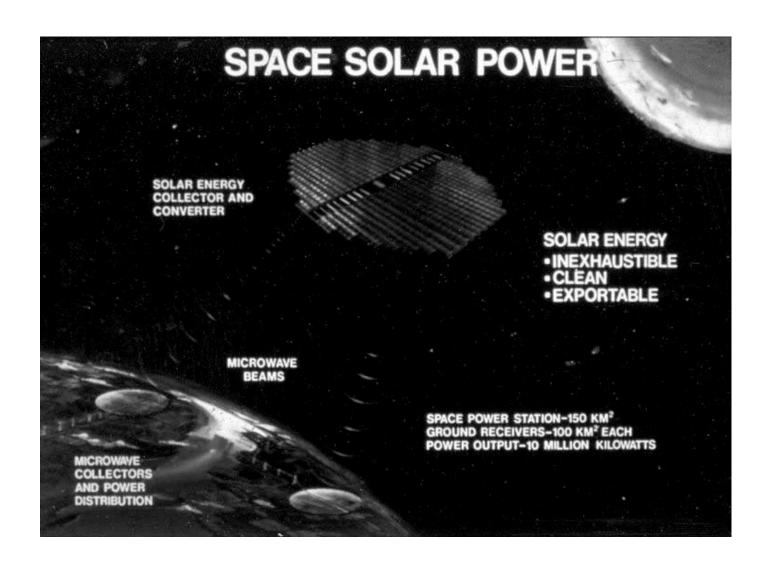
Von Neumann device

Space Colony (Island One)

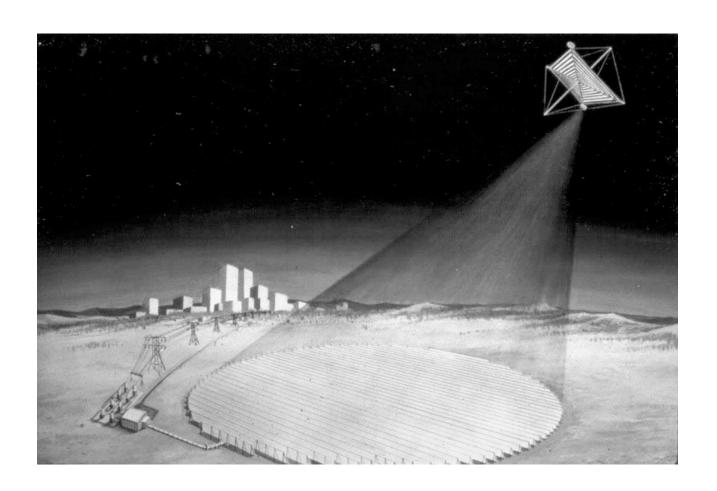




Solar Power Satellites

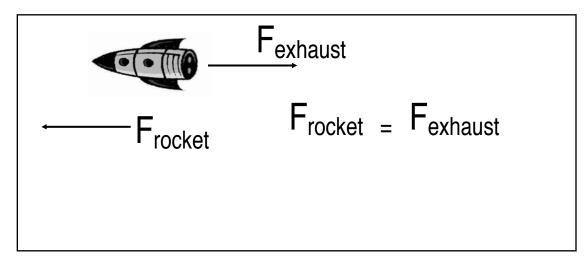


Solar Power Satellite



Rockets

Principle: Newton's Third Law



1. Exhaust velocity V_e (km s⁻¹)

$$V_e \propto \sqrt{\frac{T}{M}}$$

Recall Newton's second law:

$$F = (dp/dt) = m (dv/dt) = m a$$
, if m constant If v constant, but m is not, $F = (dm/dt) v$

2. Thrust (Force) $F = (dM/dt) V_e$ (Newtons, Pounds)

dM/dt = rate at which mass is ejected

3. Mass ratio

High mass ratios mean you need a lot of fuel to get a certain payload accelerated to a certain speed

4. Specific impulse (s.i.)

Thrust (Newtons/kg/sec,

Rate of Fuel Use Pounds/Pounds/sec = "sec")

A measure of efficiency.

Highest possible s.i. with chemical fuels is < 500

Can the Rocket take off?

F_{grav} | F_{thrust}

To take off: Thrust > Weight

To escape gravity
$$v > v_{esc} = 11.2 \text{ km s}^{-1}$$
 (7 miles/sec)

This is very difficult for the gravity of the Earth So we use Multi-stage Rockets

Current situation

Space Shuttle: Mass = 2×10^6 kg

 $F_{thrust} = 29 \times 10^6$ Newtons $R_M = 68$ for actual payload s.i. = 455 sec. ~ best possible with chemical fuel

For more adventurous exploitation of Solar System Probably want Nuclear Propulsion Fission could give s.i. = 1.5×10^6 sec (in principle, more likely to get 20,000 sec)

Current Initiative

- Human mission to Mars
- Several attempts to get started in past
- Exploration Vision in 2004
 - First return to Moon
 - Then Mars
 - Long-term program needed
 - Currently under-funded, side-effects
 - http://www.nasa.gov/missions/solarsystem/explore_main.html

New Vehicles

- Retire space shuttle
- Go "back" to Apollo-like capsules (Orion) on big rockets (Ares V)
 - Twice the volume of Apollo (4-6 crew)
 - New technology, more flexible, automation
 - Launch-abort system
 - Saves crew if problem during launch
 - Solar panels for long term power