## Sky Watch Objects

## These are (mostly) the specific types mentioned in lecture. You are not restricted to these, but need to relate anything you observe to the topics of the course.

Lyra - Ring Nebula, planetary nebula in Lyra

Cat's Eye Nebula, planetary nebula in constellation Draco

Sirius - massive blue main sequence star with white dwarf companion

Algol - binary system in Perseus

Vega - massive blue main sequence star in Lyra

Antares - red giant in Scorpius

Betelgeuse - Orion, Red Supergiant due to explode "soon" 15 solar masses

Rigel - Orion, Blue Supergiant due to explode later, 17 solar masses

Aldebaran - Bright Red Supergiant in Taurus, 2.5 solar masses (WD not SN)

Castor, Rigel - massive blue main sequence stars

Capella, Procyon - on their way to becoming red giants

SN 1006 - Lupus/Centaurus (difficult this time of year)

SN 1054 Crab Nebula - Taurus

SN 1572 Tycho - Cassiopeia

SN 1604 Kepler - Ophiuchus

Cassiopeia A - Cassiopeia

Vela supernova – Vela

SS Cygni - brightest dwarf novae in the sky, Cygnus,

U Geminorum - dwarf nova in Gemini

CP Pup, classical nova toward constellation Puppis in 1942

Pup 91, classical nova toward Puppis in 1991

QU Vul, classical nova toward constellation Vulpecula,

GK Per -Perseus, both a classical nova eruption and dwarf nova.

U Sco - Scorpius, recurrent nova

RS Ophiuchi – Ophiuchus, recurrent nova

T Cor Bor – Corona Borealis, recurrent nova

Single neutron stars Geminga in Gemini

Gravitational radiation from pulsar in binary system - Aquila

X-ray pulsars, Her X-1 in Hercules, Cen X-4 in Centaurus

Soft gamma-ray repeaters and anomalous X-ray pulsars, SGR 1900+14, AXP AXJ 1844-0258, in Aquila, SGR1806-20, SGR 1801-23, 2010, SGR 1833-0832, AXP XTE

J1810-197 in Sagittarius, AXP 1E 2259+586, AXP 4U0142+61, in Cassiopeia, AXP

1XRS J170849-400910 in Scorpius, AXP IE1841-045 in Scutum

Cygnus X-1, binary black hole candidate in Cygnus

A0620-00 = Nova Mon 1975 = V616 Monocerotis, Monoceros, binary black hole candidate

V404 Cygni, Cygnus, binary black hole candidate

Center of our Galaxy, 4 million solar mass black hole, Sagittarius

M87, giant elliptical galaxy with billion solar mass black hole, Virgo

Gamma-ray bursts