Friday, March 25, 2016

Exam 3, April 1. Review sheet posted today?

Exam 4 April 15:

Reading for Exam 4:

Chapter 8 - Sections 8.1, 8.2, 8.5, 8.6, 8.10

Chapter 9: all except 9.6.3, 9.6.4

Astronomy in the news?

Me! I Forgot this on Wednesday. As previously advertised, we put out a press release with the first evidence ever that a Type Ia SN collided with a main sequence companion star, so something like a cataclysmic variable, not two white dwarfs, at least for this event.



### Goal:

To understand the historical roots and basic theoretical concepts behind black holes and the huge conceptual differences between Newton's and Einstein's view of gravity.

## Black Holes

Mitchell, Laplace, late 18th Century: with Newton's Gravity could have bodies with **escape velocity** greater than the speed of light => light could not get out, completely dark, *corps obscurs*.

Now know Newton was incomplete.

Excellent approximation for weak gravity - "true" in that case Conceptual problems  $F = \frac{G M_1 M_2}{r^2}$ infinite force for zero separation instantaneous reaction => infinite speed of gravity

In physics infinity  $\Rightarrow$  problem

Experiment – Newton's theory predicts the wrong deflection of light.

Need Einstein and more!

# Great conceptual differences between Newton and Einstein on the Nature of Gravity

Newton - Force between two objects

Einstein - Mass curves space, objects move *with no force* in curved space

Need to explore curved space - use geometry in multiple dimensions

### Goals:

To understand how Einstein taught us to think about space, time, and gravity.

To understand what we mean by space.

To understand how space can be curved.

### SPACE - The Final Frontier

*Dimensions* - defined by the number of mutually perpendicular directions

- 0 D point
- 1 D line
- 2 D area or surface
- 3 D volume (secret hand sign)
- 4 D ?

Hyperspace - space with more dimensions than the one under consideration

# Gravity

Still a deep mystery. Objects of different mass fall with the same acceleration.

Explore how Einstein taught us to think about gravity: no force of gravity, but the effect of curved space.

Explore the geometry of space with straight lines.

Straight line on a curved surface, possible or an oxymoron?

Euclidian - Flat Space Geometry



Answers only good in *flat space*: operational definition of flat space *NOT necessarily two-dimensional!* 

#### Non-Euclidian geometry - curved space

Both flat space and curved space use concept of "straight line"

Curved Space - explore with straight lines

Definition of straight line

Shortest distance between 2 points - rubber band

Draw a free hand straight line

**Parallel propagation** - rulers

Parallel propagation will give the shortest distance between two points without necessarily knowing where the two points are in advance.

Parallel propagation works easily, even when the space is *curved*.



#### Route from JFK airport to Paris Orly.

Is this a straight line?