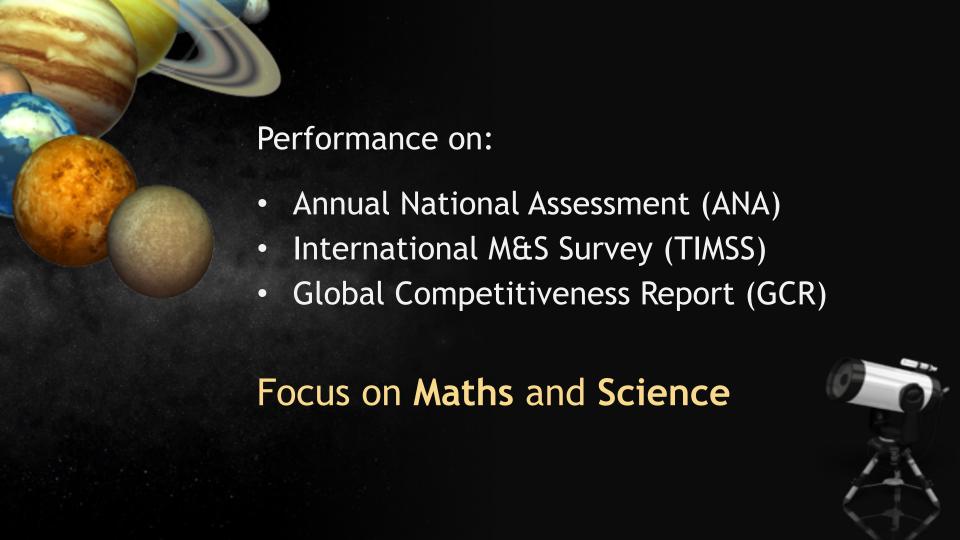


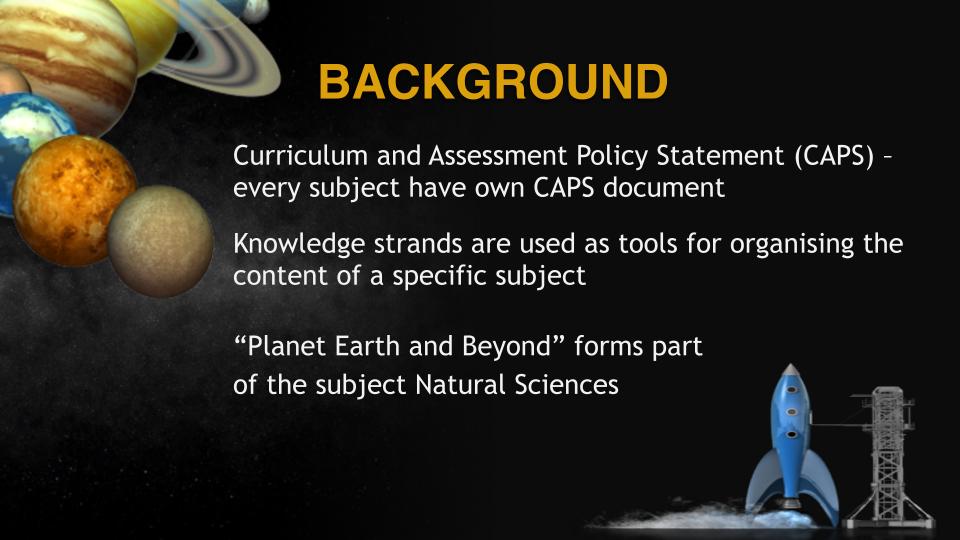
ASTRONOMY FOR TEACHERS: A SOUTH AFRICAN PERSPECTIVE Aletha de Witt HartRAO



South Africa has nominated Astronomy as a "flagship science" and aims to be an international Astronomy hub through projects such as Very Long Baseline Interferometry (VLBI - HartRAO), the Square Kilometre Array (SKA) and the South African Large Telescope (SALT).

Astronomy offers a door for learners to enter into careers in science and technology - fully supported by government.





SA SCHOOL CURRICULUM - CAPS

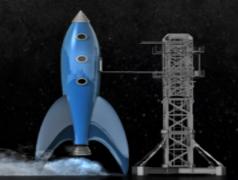
Intermediate phase Grades 4 - 6	NATURAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY Knowledge Strands	
	Life and Living Matter and Materials Energy and Change	Earth and Beyond Technology Structures Mechanical and Electrical systems and control
Senior phase Grades 7 - 9	NATURAL SCIENCES Knowledge Strands	
	Life and Living Matter and Materials	Energy and Change Planet Earth and Beyond

Most teachers that specialised in Natural Sciences, never covered Astronomy in their training. Astronomy used to be part of Geography.

RESEARCHERS

 Hartebeesthoek Radio Astronomy Observatory (HartRAO)

University of South Africa (UNISA)





- to assist teachers to gain more knowledge and skills to teach the strand "Planet Earth and Beyond" with confidence
- to promote a science culture among teachers and learners
- to improve learners' performance on the Timms and ANA, by using the strand "Planet Earth and Beyond" as a driver
- inspiring learners (female) and attracting them into the study of Natural Sciences



To what extent do teachers have enough content and pedagogical knowledge to teach "Planet Earth and Beyond"?

Sub-questions:

- do teachers have curriculum aligned resources?
- do teachers have interactive resources for demonstration purposes?
- do teachers have the necessary knowledge and skills to use the resources?





RESEARCH METHOD

- Literature review
- Quantitative design

LITERATURE REVIEW

- "Planet Earth and Beyond" is very detailed and difficult for teachers without full knowledge and understanding to teach
- Projects are complicated for learners and can pose challenges especially for under resourced schools
- Teachers not trained to teach Astronomy





- "Planet Earth and Beyond" strand is generally regarded as the worst taught and most avoided Natural Sciences knowledge strand
- Some teachers lack content and pedagogical knowledge in Astronomy
- Some schools do not have resources or teachers do not know how to use the resources

Focus on Teachers







QUANTITATIVE METHOD



Investigate the needs of Natural Science teachers Questionnaire 3 section

- Section A: Biographical information
- Section B: Teaching statements on 6 point likert scale
- Section C: Knowledge statements True/False



- Stratified sampling method was used
- Sample size 200 primary schools in Gauteng
- All grade 4-7 teachers teaching Natural Sciences (700)



Questionnaire: pilot study completed

- Twenty schools (60 teachers) in Gauteng
- Raw data available

Teachers not trained to teach Natural Sciences and Astronomy



OUTCOMES OF RESEARCH

- Publish articles (accredited journals)
- Design workshop material
- Design a short learning programme



CONCLUSION



- Teachers will gain more knowledge and skills to teach the strand "Planet Earth and Beyond" with confidence
- Promote a science culture among teachers and learners
- Contribute positively to the Millennium Development Goals

CONCLUSION Design a short learning programme in **Astronomy for Teachers**

